## **Five-Year Review Report**

First Five-Year Review Report for Naval Station Great Lakes Great Lakes, Illinois

March 2016

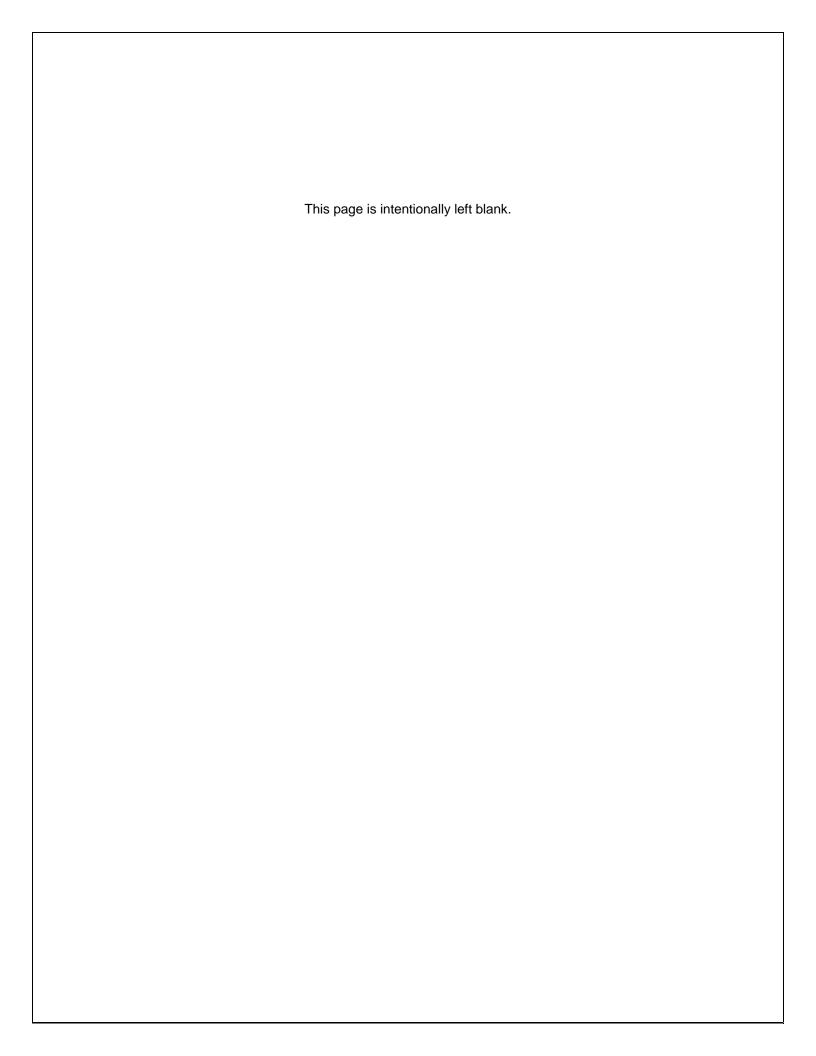
#### PREPARED JOINTLY BY:



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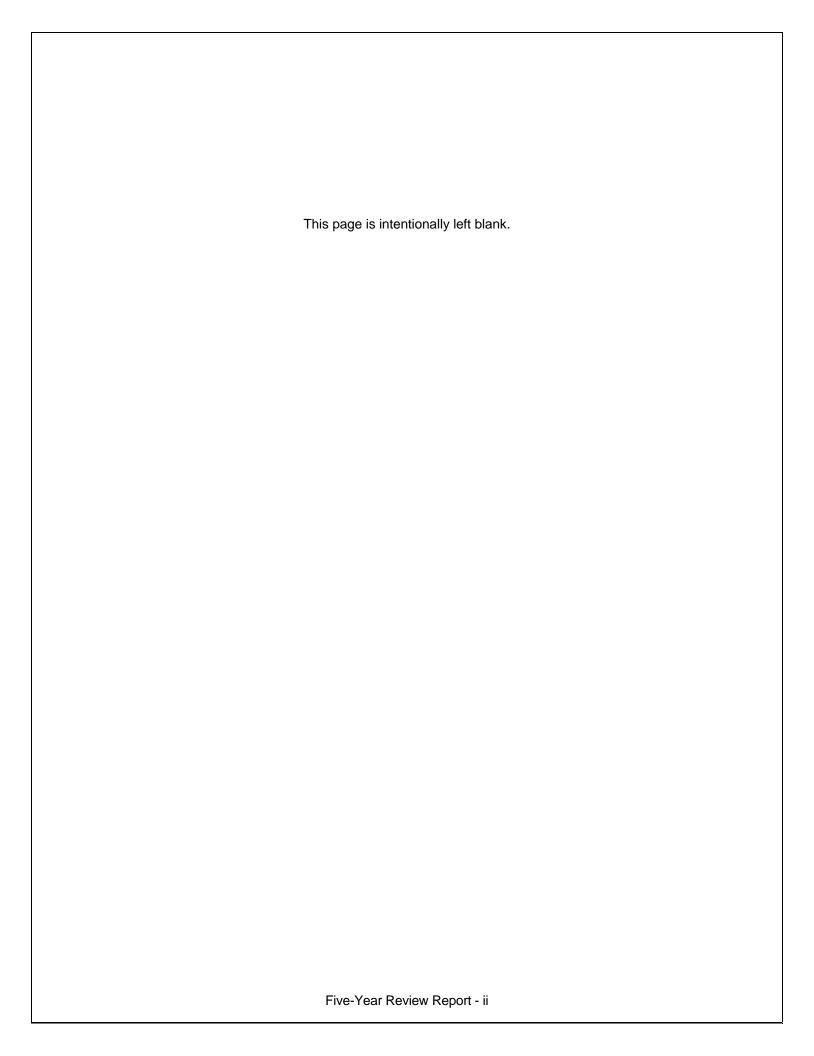
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Approved by:

CDR Carl V. Kirar Public Works Officer Naval Station Great Lakes



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### **List of Acronyms**

ARAR Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement

AST aboveground storage tank

bgs below grade surface

CERCLA Comprehensive Environment Response Compensation and Liability Act

COC containments of concern COPC chemicals of potential concern

CVOC chlorinated volatile organic compound

DCE dichloroethylene

EE/CA Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis
EPA Environmental Protection Agency
ERH electrical resistance heating

FS feasibility study

GLBJ Great Lakes Bulletin Journal

GRO Groundwater Remediation Objectives

HDPE high density polyethylene HHRA human health risk assessment

HI hazard index

IAC Illinois Administrative Code

LUC Land Use Control

LUCMOA Land Use Control Memorandum of Agreement

LUCRD Land Use Control Remedial Design

MCL maximum contaminant levels mg/kg milligrams per kilograms

NAVFAC Naval Facilities Engineering Command

Navy United States Navy

NCP National Contingency Plan

NIRIS Naval Installation Restoration Information System

NSGL Naval Station Great Lakes

O&M operation and maintenance

PCB polychlorinated biphenyls

PCE tetrachloroethene

PAH polyaromatic hydrocarbons PRG preliminary remediation goals

QA/QC quality assurance/ quality control

### **List of Acronyms (continued)**

RA remedial action

RAO remedial action objectives RI remedial investigation

RACR Remedial Action Completion Report

RCRA Resources Conservation and Recovery Act

ROD Record of Decision

RSL Regional Screening Levels

SERA Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment

SRO Soil Remediation Objectives SVOC semivolatile organic compounds

TACO Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives

TCL target compound list TDS total dissolved solids TtNUS Tetra Tech NUS, Inc.

UU/UE unlimited use and unrestricted exposure

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

UST underground storage tank

VOC volatile organic compounds

## **Executive Summary**

The United States Navy (Navy) has completed the first five-year review for Naval Station Great Lakes (NSGL) in Great Lakes, Illinois. This five-year review evaluates whether the remedies in place at six sites at NSGL protect human health and the environment. The six sites that were evaluated are:

- Site 22 Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility
- Site 3 Supplyside Landfill
- Site 2 Forrestal Landfill
- Site 1 Golf Course Landfill
- Site 4 Former Fire Fighting Training Unit
- Site 19 Small Arms Range 910

This evaluation included the following tasks.

- 1. Reviewed operation and maintenance (O&M) inspection reports and groundwater monitoring reports for each site, and assessed the remedy's effectiveness.
- 2. Reviewed decision documents for each site, and determined whether cleanup criteria and Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) are appropriate.
- 3. Inspected the sites.
- 4. Conducted interviews and coordinated with Five-Year Review team members.
- 5. Assessed the remedies' effectiveness and protectiveness.
- 6. Prepared the report.

Results from this five-year review indicate that the remedies in place at NSGL sites protect human health and environment. The protectiveness of the remedy for each site is discussed below. Some minor issues that don't affect the protectiveness of each remedy were identified and are also mentioned below along with the recommended actions that should be taken before the next five-year review period.

## **Five-Year Review Summary**

#### SITE IDENTIFICATION

**Site Name (from WasteLAN):** Various Sites at NSGL: Site 1 - Golf Course Landfill; Site 2 - Supplyside Landfill; Site 3 - Forrestal Landfill; Site 4 - Former Fire Fighting Training Unit; Site 19 - Small Arms Range 910; and Site 22 - Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility

EPA ID (from WasteLAN): IL7170024577

Region: 5 State: IL City/County: Great Lakes/Lake County

SITE STATUS

NPL status: Non-NPL

Remediation Status (choose all that apply): Operating and Complete

Multiple OUs?\* Yes Number of Sites/OUs: 6 Construction Completion Date: Varies

Has site been put into reuse? Yes

#### **REVIEW STATUS**

**Lead Agency:** Other Federal Agency – Naval Facilities Engineering Command, MIDLANT (NAVFAC MIDLANT)

Author Name: Maritza Montegross

Author Title: Navy Remedial Project Manager Author affiliation: NAVFAC MIDLANT

Environmental

**Review Period:** 9/1/2012 to 9/30/2015

**Date(s) of Site Inspection:** 9/20/2012 and 8/15/2013

Type of Review: Non-NPL Remedial Action Site

Review Number: 1 (first)

Triggering action: RA Construction Completion/ROD signed

Triggering Action Date (from WasteLAN): August 2008

Due Date (five years after triggering action date): August 2013

#### **ISSUES, RECOMMENDATIONS & FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS**

No issues were identified at any of the six sites that could affect current or future protectiveness, but some minor issues were discovered that would be good to address before the next five-year review period; these are:

Site 22 – Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility

• Monitoring wells from ERH treatability study are still present; recommend these be properly abandoned.

Site 3 – Supplyside Landfill

- Bare area found on landfill cover; recommend to seed & mulch area to prevent soil cover erosion.
- Two gas vests not spinning; recommend to check, fix & ensure all vents are functioning properly.
- 30 ft by 20 ft depression/settlement found; recommend checking & repairing cap as needed.

#### Site 2 – Forrestal Landfill

- Bare area found on landfill cover; recommend to seed & mulch area to prevent soil cover erosion.
- One gas vent not spinning; recommend to check, fix & ensure all vents are functioning properly.

Site 1 – Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 – Former Fire Fighting Training Unit

• Revise the Operating and Maintenance Plan to require the Naval Station Great Lakes or MidLANT Project Manager conduct the inspections and prepare reports.

Site 19 - Small Arms Range 910

• Wells from the investigation are still present; recommend these be properly abandoned

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;OU" refers to Operable Unit as defined by United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)

## **Five-Year Review Summary (continued)**

#### PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT(S)

Site 22 - Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility

Protectiveness Determination: Protective

The implemented remedy (liner & asphalt cover) at Site 22 is protective of human health and the environment. LUCs are in place to prevent unacceptable exposures (e.g., residential land use, groundwater use).

Site 3 - Supplyside Landfill

Protectiveness Determination: Protective

The implemented remedy (soil cover) at Site 3 is protective of human health and the environment. Groundwater is being monitored and LUCs are in place to prevent unacceptable exposures (e.g., residential land use, groundwater use).

Site 2 - Forrestal Landfill

Protectiveness Determination: Protective

The implemented remedy (soil cover) at Site 2 is protective of human health and the environment. Groundwater is being monitored and LUCs are in place to prevent unacceptable exposures (e.g., residential land use, groundwater use).

Site 1 -- Golf Course Landfill

Protectiveness Determination: Protective

The implemented remedy (soil cover) at Site 1 is protective of human health and the environment. Groundwater is being monitored and LUCs are in place to prevent unacceptable exposures (e.g., residential land use, groundwater use).

Site 4 - Fire Fighting Training Unit

Protectiveness Determination: Protective

The implemented remedy (soil cover) at Site 4 is protective of human health and the environment. Groundwater is being monitored and LUCs are in place to prevent unacceptable exposures (e.g., residential land use, groundwater use).

Site 19 - Small Arms Range 910

Protectiveness Determination: Protective

The implemented remedy (LUCs) at Site 19 is protective of human health and the environment. LUCs are in place to prevent unacceptable exposures (e.g., residential land use, groundwater use).

Other Comments:

This Five-Year Review shows that the Navy is meeting the requirements of the RODs for the sites at NSGL.

**Next Review:** 

The next Five-Year Review of NSGL will be completed by September 2019.

CDR Carl V. Kirar

Public Works Officer

Naval Station Great Lakes

Date

#### 1.0 Introduction

This is the first five-year review for six Comprehensive Environment Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) sites at Naval Station Great Lakes (NSGL) in Great Lakes, Illinois (see Figures 1-1 and 1-2). On behalf of the Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC) and in conjunction with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Resolution Consultants, under contract N62470-11-D-8013, CTO F275, has completed this review. IRP Sites at NSGL include:

#### Status of IRP Sites – Table 1

Site	Current Status	Basis for Action	Evaluated in this Report
Site 22 - Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility	LUCs	VOCs in soil and groundwater	Yes
Site 3 – Supplyside Landfill	LTM, LUCs	Waste in place,	Yes
Site 2 – Forrestal Landfill	LTM, LUCs	Waste in place,	Yes
Site 1 – Golf Course Landfill	LTM, LUCs	Waste in place,	Yes
Site 4 – Former Fire Fighting Training Unit	LTM, LUCs	VOCs and PAHs in soil and groundwater	Yes
Site 19 – Small Arms Range 910	LUCs	PAHs and metals in soil	Yes
Site 5 – Transformer Storage Boneyard	RI/FS	PAHs and metals in soil, carbon tetrachloride and barium in groundwater	No
Site 9 – Camp Moffett Ravine Fill Area	RI/FS	PAHs and metals in soil, metals in groundwater	No
Site 12 - Harbor Dredge Spoil Area	RI/FS	PAHs, pesticides, and metals in soil, metals in groundwater	No
Site 17 - OU1 – Pettibone Creek	NFA ROD	PAHs and metals in sediment	No
Site 17 - OU2 – Boat Basin	RI/FS	PCBs and PAHs in sediment	No
Site 21 - Buildings 1517/1506 Area	RI/FS	PAHs and metals in soil, pentachlorophenol in groundwater	No
Site 24 - Panhandle Fill Area	RI/FS	Waste in place asbestos	No
Site 25 – Camp Moffett South Fill Area	RI/FS	Waste in place, asbestos	No

This five-year review is required by statute. The five-year review is required because remedial actions have taken place resulting in hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants to remain at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure (UU/UE). The review includes remedial activities conducted through January 2014.

This five-year review is being conducted in accordance with U.S. EPA guidance for sites in the Navy's Environmental Installation Restoration Program at Naval Station Great Lakes. These sites have Records of Decision (RODs) that identify the selected remedial action, have Land Use Controls (LUCs) in place following the submittal of the ROD, or are closed landfills. This five-year review did not include Site 17, OU1 because five-year reviews are not required when the selected remedial action in the ROD is No Further Action (NFA) and there have been no changes in the site conditions and the factors contributing to the assumptions underlying the NFA decision. The sites that are not evaluated in this five-year review identified in Table 1 were not included because these sites are being investigated [Remedial Investigation (RI)/Feasibility Study (FS)], no ROD has been prepared that identifies the selected remedial action, and no remedial actions have been conducted at these sites. Former underground storage tank sites that have LUCs in place are not included in this five-year review.

The purpose of a five-year review is to evaluate the implementation and performance of the remedies at the sites to determine whether the remedy at a site is protective of human health and the environment. The methods, findings and conclusions of the review are included in the report.

In addition, this report identifies issues found during the review and provides recommendations to address them.

This five-year review was conducted in accordance with the Navy's *Policy for Conducting Five-Year Reviews* of June 2011, the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) *Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance* of June 2001 and the Navy's *Toolkit for Preparing Five-Year Reviews* of April 2013. These ensure that this five-year review has been prepared pursuant to CERCLA §121 and the National Contingency Plan (NCP) [40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 300].

#### CERCLA §121 states:

If the President selects a remedial action that results in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site, the President shall review such remedial action no less often than each five years after the initiation of such remedial action to assure that human health and the environment are being protected by the remedial action being implemented. In addition, if upon such review it is the judgment of the President that action is appropriate at such site in accordance with section [104] or [106], the President shall take or require such action. The President shall report to the Congress a list of facilities for which such review is required, the results of all such reviews, and any actions taken as a result of such reviews.

The Agency has interpreted this requirement further in the NCP; 40 CFR §300.430(f)(4)(ii) states:

If a remedial action is selected that results in hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, the lead agency shall review such action no less than every five years after the initiation of the selected remedial action.

For federal facility sites under the jurisdiction, custody, or control of the Department of Defense, Executive Order 12580 relieves the U.S. EPA of this responsibility and delegates the responsibility to the Department of Defense. The Navy is the lead agency responsible for this Five-Year Review at NSGL. As the lead agency, the Navy is responsible for conducting the Five-Year Review, preparing the associated report, and ensuring that recommendations and follow-up actions identified during five-year reviews are completed. USEPA guidance states that Federal agencies or departments should conduct five-year reviews for all CERCLA non-NPL sites. It is USEPA's expectation that Federal agencies or departments will conduct five-year reviews as a matter of policy at sites that would be subject to reviews if they were on the NPL. U. S. EPA retains authority to concur with the lead federal agency's protectiveness determinations to ensure protection of human health and the environment, consistent with U.S EPA's statutory and regulatory authorities, or U. S. EPA may provide independent findings.

Also, at sites where states have an active role, they should be provided with adequate opportunity to participate in the five-year review process and review the Five-Year Review document. Illinois EPA is a supporting agency that will work with the Navy.

#### 1.1 Five-Year Review Process Team Members

The five-year review was completed by the following team members:

- Terese Van Donsel Navy Remedial Project Manager, Naval Station Great Lakes
- Maritza Montegross Navy Remedial Project Manager, NAVFAC MIDLANT
- Howard Hickey Restoration Product Line Coordinator, Naval Station Great Lakes
- Brian Conrath Project Manager, Illinois EPA
- Ken Brown CTO Manager, Resolution Consultants
- Shannon Flanagan Project Engineer, Resolution Consultants
- Nicole Marcell Project Hydrogeologist, Resolution Consultants

#### 1.2 Five-Year Review Tasks

The five-year review included the following tasks:

- Preparing public notice of five-year review.
- Reviewing historical documents related to NSGL, including documents specific to each LUC area or site.
- Reviewing monitoring reports and data, O&M data, and annual inspection reports for each LUC area or site.
- Conducting site inspections.
- Conducting interviews and coordinating with the NAVFAC Five-Year Review team members.
- Assessing effectiveness and protectiveness of remedies (including LUCs) on a site-specific basis
- Preparing a Five-Year Review report.

Recent groundwater laboratory analytical results are provided in Appendix A.

## 1.3 Community Notification

The affected community was notified of the five-year review through publication of a notice in the Great Lakes Bulletin Journal (GLBJ). Publication of the notice was made in the December 7, 2012 edition of the GLBJ. A certificate of publication for the public notice is provided as Appendix B of this document.

#### 1.4 Next Review

The next five-year review for the CERCLA sites at the NSGL is required to be completed and signed in September 2021 five years from when this five-year review is dated.

## 1.5 NSGL Background

NSGL is located in Lake County, Illinois along the shore of Lake Michigan. It is bounded on the north by the City of North Chicago, on the south by the Veterans Administration Hospital and Shore Acres Golf Course and Country Club, on the east by Lake Michigan, and on the west by U.S. Route 41 (Skokie Highway) (Tetra Tech, 2008). It includes over 1,100 buildings on over 1,202 acres.

NSGL has served as a training facility for the Navy since 1911. It administers base operations and provides facilities and related support to training activities (including the Navy's only boot camp) and a variety of other military commands located on base.

NSGL is made of at least eight discontinuous areas of land separated by public areas/roadways. Base-wide access is restricted, but once inside the base, access to most sites is not restricted. A variety of land uses currently surround NSGL. Along the northern boundary of the base are the most highly urbanized and industrial areas. Much of the land beyond the northwestern site boundary comprises unincorporated lands of Lake County and is vacant except for scattered retail and residential properties. Adjacent to the western boundary are primarily industrial properties, and along the southern boundary is a mixture of public open space and residential land. The eastern

edge of the base is adjacent to Lake Michigan and includes a harbor in the vicinity of the boathouse.

The soil at Site 1 include Pella silty clay loam, Morley silt loam, Ashkum silty clay loam, Grays and Markham silt loams, Zurich and Morley silt loams, and Made Land. The majority of soil at NSGL have been mapped as Made Land soil that consist of areas of manmade cuts and fills and areas associated with ravines, as mapped by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. In general, geologic materials in descending order include 100 to 150 feet of fine-grained till, 10 to 50 feet of sand and gravel, 10 to 50 feet of fine-grained till, and Silurian-age dolomitic bedrock. The geology of the county is described as unconsolidated glacial till overlying Silurian-age dolomite. The geologic units encountered at NSGL include aeolian and lacustrine deposits, glacial till, and bedrock. Bedrock consists of Silurian Niagran and Alexandrian dolomite, the lowermost geologic unit encountered at NSGL. The interface between the bedrock surface and overlying till consists of 1 to 15 feet of broken bedrock (dolomite), gravel, sand, and coarser material. (Tetra Tech NUS, Inc, ITtNUS], March 2008).

Five major, water-bearing hydrogeologic units are in the vicinity of NSGL. The two uppermost units, the sand and gravel of the glacial drift and the Silurian dolomite, form a shallow aquifer system. Water is recharged to this system by local rainfall. The shallow aquifer system is thin or absent in some areas, and water quality is often poor because of the presence of naturally occurring gas, oil, and hydrogen sulfide.

The remaining three aquifers occur in deep sandstone bedrock deposits separated by up to several hundred feet of confining layers consisting of dolomites and/or shales. In descending order, they are the Glenwood St. Peter Sandstone, the Ironton-Galesville Sandstone, and the Mt. Simon Sandstone. These aquifers are present throughout Lake County and typically have high yields of good quality water. The Ironton-Galesville Sandstone usually is the most dependable source. (CNE&T, 1994).

With Lake Michigan as the eastern boundary of the NSGL; the majority of the sites within the NSGL are interpreted as having a directional groundwater flow (to the east) toward Lake Michigan.

## 2.0 Site 22 – Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility

The Site 22 Record of Decision (ROD) was signed in 2008. This five-year review of Site 22 is required by statute because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on site that do not allow for UU/UE. The location of Site 22 is shown on Figure 1-2 and the layout of Site 22 is shown on Figure 2-1. A focused electrical resistance heating (ERH) treatability study was implemented at Site 22 in 2006 and was successful in reducing soil contaminant concentrations. However, contaminants remain in place at concentrations exceeding criteria that allow for unrestricted use. Therefore, an engineered barrier (an impermeable liner and asphalt pavement) was installed in 2009 that prevents direct contact with residual contaminants. LUCs were implemented in 2009 to restrict future use of the site to industrial/commercial scenarios, prohibit installation of groundwater wells other than for environmental sampling, and require annual inspections of the site to ensure LUCs are continuing to be implemented. The remedy in place continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

## 2.1 Site Chronology – Table 2

The following table presents the chronology for the key events at Site 22.

Event	Date
Illinois EPA Letter with Conditions regarding	
Resources Conservation and Recovery Act	
(RCRA) Closure of 16 Hazardous Waste	
Container Storage Units	April 1993
Partial Closure Certification &	
Sampling/Inspection Report for RCRA closure	December 1993
Initial Assessment Study to identify facilities	
that store hazardous materials/waste and	
potentially contaminates sites	March 1996
RCRA Closure Plan Building 105	April 2001
Remedial Investigation (RI)/Feasibility Study	
(FS) complete	July 2004/January 2006
Implementation of Focused ERH Treatability	
Study	May 2006
Focused ERH Treatability Study	
Demobilization & Site Restoration	October 2006
Focused ERH Treatability Study Groundwater	
Sampling	March 2007
ERH Treatability Study Report	January 2008
ROD signature	August 27, 2008
Remedy in Place/Construction Complete	August 2008
Land Use Control Remedial Design &	
Implementation Plan	July 2009
Annual Site Inspections began	2009

## 2.2 Background

#### 2.2.1 Physical Setting

Site 22 is located in the northeast area of NSGL. The northeast area of NSGL is nonresidential and is not environmentally sensitive. Site 22 is bordered on the south by Porter Avenue, on the west by

a vacant asphalt lot, on the north by Bronson Avenue, and on the east by Sampson Street. The site is illustrated in Figure 2-1.

Building 105 was a slab-on-grade structure measuring approximately 150 feet by 70 feet. The former 10,500-square foot building occupied a lot measuring approximately 250 feet by 115 feet.

#### 2.2.2 Land and Resource Use

Former Building 105 operated as a dry cleaning facility between 1939 and 1993. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) may have been discharged to the sanitary and storm sewers systems during the facility operations or as a result of occasional spills. From 1993 or 1994 until February 2001, the building was used to warehouse and repair vending equipment and products. The vending machine supply and repair operations ceased in February 2001, and the building was vacant until it was demolished in March 2003 and replaced by an asphalt parking lot with a high-density polyethylene (HDPE) liner. The site is now an active, paved parking lot.

Hazardous waste/materials associated with the dry cleaning facility, typically containing tetrachloroethene (PCE), were stored inside the building between 1980 and 1987. The quantity of waste/material stored in Building 105 is unknown. According to the revised Resources Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) permit for the site, the maximum amount allowed to be stored at one time was 165 gallons (i.e., three 55-gallon drums). The storage area consisted of the concrete floor of the building adjoining the concrete block exterior wall along the eastern side of Building 105. There were no berms or curbs associated with the storage area. Several floor drains were located near the storage area. According to historical foundation plans, these drains were connected to the storm sewer system outside the building (TtNUS, 2004). The building foundation plans depicted two 6-inch drains under the washing machines in Building 105. The drains were connected to a grease catch basin outside the southeast corner of the building. The catch basin was approximately 5 feet by 7.5 feet by 5.5 feet deep. It included two chambers and had a 6-inch tile effluent pipe. The effluent line may have been connected to a manhole outside the building along Sampson Street and ultimately to the waste water sewer lines for NSGL (TtNUS, 2008).

Current land use of Site 22 as a parking lot is not expected to change in the foreseeable future. The parking lot currently serves personnel in the fire station (Building 106), post office (Building 112), gymnasium (Building 4), security administration (Building 6), staff barracks (Building 178), and clinic (Building 237) (TtNUS, 2008).

LUCs are currently in place at Site 22 to restrict reuse to the industrial/commercial land use scenario. The installation of wells (other than monitoring wells) at NSGL is prohibited to prevent consumption of groundwater. An engineered barrier, consisting of an impermeable liner and asphalt pavement that were installed in 2009, is also present to prevent ingestion of soil. In addition, construction activities and intrusive work of any kind at the site must be forwarded to the NAVFAC Environmental Business Line Core for review, certification, and approval in accordance with the LUC Implementation Plan and Base Master Plan. The approval process is to ensure worker safety as required under state and federal regulations.

#### 2.2.3 History of Contamination

The former dry cleaning operations conducted at Site 22 are believed to be the primary source of soil and groundwater contamination at the site. PCE was used as part of the former dry cleaning operations, and was stored in an aboveground storage tank (AST). In addition, drums containing waste PCE were stored in a RCRA storage unit located inside of Building 105. Soil and groundwater contamination can be attributed to occasional spills during facility operations,

discharges to storm sewers, and/or damaged/leaking sanitary or storm system facilities (TtNUS, 2004).

Soil and groundwater impacts were delineated through a series of phased investigations that occurred from 2001 through 2004. PCE and cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (DCE) were identified as the containments of concern (COCs) in site soil and groundwater. Impacted soil was identified to a maximum depth of 30 feet below grade surface (bgs), with the highest concentrations occurring between 7 and 20 feet bgs nearest the former grease catch basin (TtNUS, 2004). Groundwater impacts were limited to shallow depths adjacent to the former grease catch basin. The major source area was estimated to be 625 square feet in area, encompassing a volume of approximately 600 cubic yards (TtNUS, 2004).

#### 2.2.4 Initial Response

The 2004 Remedial Investigation (RI) and Risk Assessment Report recommended implementing an Interim Remedial Action (RA) to remove or treat a hot spot of PCE-contaminated soil and groundwater in the area of the former grease catch basin that is considered a major source area (TtNUS, 2004). A Feasibility Study (FS) compared five remedial alternatives including one alternative (i.e., Alternative 5) comprised of focused ERH, limited soil excavation, off-base treatment and disposal, capping, monitoring, and implementation of LUCs (TtNUS, 2006).

The focused ERH Treatability Study began in May 2006 to reduce the average chlorinated volatile organic compound (CVOC) concentration to below 20 milligrams per kilograms (mg/kg) in soil (i.e., a 95.5 percent concentration reduction). The focused ERH system heated the soil with electricity to transfer the CVOCs from the soil and pore water to the air. The air containing the CVOCs was collected with a vapor recovery system. During operation of the ERH system, the soil temperature was greater than 200 degrees Fahrenheit throughout the treatment volume.

About 90 percent of CVOC mass (about 1,200 pounds) was removed in the vapor recovery system, and soil concentrations were reduced by 99 percent to below 20 mg/kg. VOC concentrations in pore water were reduced by 99 percent (TtNUS, 2008).

#### 2.2.5 Basis for Taking Action

A human health risk assessment (HHRA) was completed for Site 22 before ERH implementation. It focused on CVOCs as chemicals of potential concern (COPCs) and evaluated construction workers, maintenance workers, adolescent trespassers, and hypothetical future occupational workers as well as civilian and military residents (adults and children) as potential receptors.

The HHRA concluded that COPCs posed an elevated carcinogenic and/or noncarcinogenic risk to several receptors. Elevated carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic risks to construction workers were associated with dermal contact with PCE in groundwater and inhalation of CVOCs during excavation activities. Inhalation of vapors originating from CVOC migration from soil into a building posed an elevated risk to future military and civilian residents. Inhalation of indoor air impacted with CVOCs, inhalation of outdoor air affected by CVOC migration, and ingestion of CVOC-impacted soil posed elevated risk to future residents (TtNUS, 2004).

The HHRA conducted with the data collected after the Focused ERH Treatability Study indicated that the estimated cancer risks for construction workers and future occupational workers are less than the USEPA's target risk range and the Illinois EPA goal of 1x10-6. Cancer risks for hypothetical future residents are within the USEPA target risk range and slightly exceed the Illinois

EPA goal. Noncarcinogenic HIs for the receptors are less than the USEPA and Illinois EPA goal of 1.

#### 2.3 Remedial Actions

#### 2.3.1 Remedy Selection

After completion and consideration of the ERH implementation results, the Record of Decision (ROD) for the site was signed in August 27, 2008 (TtNUS, 2008). The remedial action objectives (RAOs) for the site were developed in the FS and include (TtNUS, 2008):

- Preventing unacceptable human health risks associated with inhalation, ingestion, and dermal
  contact with soil containing chlorinated organic compounds at concentrations above preliminary
  remediation goals (PRGs) established for site.
- Preventing unacceptable health risks associated with ingestion of groundwater or future dermal contact by workers with groundwater containing chlorinated organic compounds at concentrations greater than PRGs established for site.
- Preventing further adverse impacts to groundwater due to chlorinated organics migrating from soil to groundwater.
- Comply with NSGL RCRA permit issued by the State and obtain closure for RCRA Unit SO1 (former drum storage area), including conducting remedial actions (RAs) to reduce CVOC mass in soil and groundwater.

While the ERH Treatability Study significantly reduced the mass of contaminants at the site, brought potential current and future carcinogenic risks into the USEPA risk range, and reduced potential current and future non-carcinogenic risks to acceptable levels, LUCs were deemed appropriate because of the likelihood that low-level exceedances of State of Illinois Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives (TACO) criteria could still be present at the site. Therefore, the selected remedy included implementing LUCs to prevent access to residual soil contamination and to maintain the existing engineered barrier. The following LUCs were implemented to achieve objectives:

- Property Use Restriction Site 22 does not pose a threat to human health or the environment under an industrial/commercial land use scenario. Residential use of the property is prohibited.
- Groundwater Use Restriction The installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental evaluation or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater. In addition, the installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental evaluation or monitoring wells) is prohibited in all geographic areas of NSGL by NSGL Instruction 11130.1 (Ground Water Use Restrictions).
- Soil Disturbance Restriction No excavation of soil from Site 22 is allowed without prior review
  of work plans by the Navy and the State. These reviews are necessary to ensure adequate
  worker health and safety precautions and to confirm proper management of contaminated
  materials.
- Maintenance of Asphalt Cap and HDPE Liner An asphalt cap and HDPE liner are present at the site to prevent exposure to contaminated soil and infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.

#### 2.3.2 Remedy Implementation

Because the active portion of the selected remedy was sufficiently addressed by the pre-ROD ERH Treatability Study, remedy implementation was limited to development of the language for the LUC restrictions and instituting a mechanism for reliably enacting the controls identified above in Section 2.3.1. In 2009 the Navy prepared a LUC Remedial Design (LUCRD) to clearly delineate the institutional controls identified in the ROD. The Illinois EPA reviewed and concurred with the document. The LUC descriptions were then placed in the Navy's LUC Tracker database which is accessible through the Naval Installation Restoration Information System (NIRIS).

#### 2.3.3 System Operations/O&M

The implemented remedy does not require system operation and maintenance (O&M). The area is an active parking lot and the integrity of the asphalt pavement cover is maintained by the Great Lakes Public Works Center. To prevent groundwater use in this area, no wells (other than environmental monitoring wells) can be constructed at the site. Site reuse is restricted to an industrial/commercial land use scenario under which the site does not pose a threat to human health or the environment. In accordance with the LUC Implementation Plan that is part of the LUC Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between Illinois EPA, USEPA, and Navy dated 1 June 2005, annual inspections of Site 22 are required. Annual site inspections have been completed since 2010 with no significant issues identified. A minor issue was identified related to several monitoring wells still in place as the site that are not currently part of a monitoring program. If these wells are not needed, they should be abandoned.

#### 2.4 Five-Year Review Process

#### 2.4.1 Document Review

The following documents were reviewed for Site 22:

- Remedial Investigation and Risk Assessment Report, Site 22 Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility. NSGL, Great Lakes, Illinois. TtNUS, July 2004
- FACT SHEET Remedial Action, Site 22 Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility, NSGL, Illinois. Naval Training Center Great Lakes, Illinois. 2006
- Response to Illinois EPA Comments, Treatability Study Report for Site 22. TtNUS, July 31, 2007
- Electric Resistance Heating (ERH) Treatability Study Report for Site 22 Former Building 105
   Old Dry Cleaning Facility. Tetra Tech NUS, January 2008
- Proposed Plan for Site 22, Former Building 105 Old Dry Cleaning Facility, NSGL, Installation Restoration Program, Great Lakes, Illinois. March 2008
- Record of Decision for Site 22 Former Building 105 Old Dry Cleaning Facility, NSGL, Great Lakes, Illinois. TtNUS, May 2008
- Illinois EPA Approval of Record of Decision for Site 22, Former Building 105 Old Dry Cleaning Facility, NSGL, Illinois. September 5, 2008

 Remedial Design for Land Use Controls (LUCRD), NSGL, Site 22 – Former Building 105 – Old Dry Cleaning Facility. TtNUS, July 2009.

#### 2.4.2 Monitoring Data Review

There is no long-term monitoring associated with Site 22, other than annual LUC site inspections of the engineered barrier.

#### 2.4.3 Site Visit and Inspection and Interview

Site 22 Former Building 105 was inspected on September 20, 2012, by Mr. Benjamin Simes from NAVFAC Midwest, Mr. Brian Conrath of Illinois EPA, and Mr. Matt Mesarch and Mr. Ken Brown of Resolution Consultants. There was no fence in place at Site 22 or required by the LUCs; however, base-wide access is restricted. Monitoring wells were still in place on the site. If the wells are no longer needed, they should be abandoned to reduce the potential for tampering. According to Mr. Simes, there is a liner under the pavement. There were cracks and surface bulging noted in the asphalt around former ERH probe locations, but these do not affect the protectiveness of the engineered cover. Comments and issues were recorded on the site inspection checklist included in Appendix C. Photographs of the site are presented in Appendix D.

Site 22 was also inspected on August 15, 2013, by Mr. Howard Hickey, and no property use changes to the site were noted. No evidence of breaches to the LUCs was noted, although general wear was noted on the pavement which may require maintenance. A copy of the site inspection form is included in Appendix C.

Annual inspections of Site 22 have been conducted by the Illinois EPA and Navy since 2010. According to inspection documents from 2010 to 2014, no issues were identified at Site 22 during this five year review period.

An interview was conducted with Mr. Benjamin Simes during the site inspection walkthrough conducted in September 2012. Mr. Simes provided a history of the site and responded to questions regarding the response actions taken at the property. Mr. Simes and other NAVFAC and contract Five-Year Review team members worked collaboratively to compile information, review site data, review the condition of the site, and assess the protectiveness of the remedy. Team members were determined to be the most knowledgeable personnel about remedy implementation, site closures, and long-term maintenance and monitoring requirements.

#### 2.5 Technical Assessment

The objective of the five-year review is to evaluate whether the RA implemented at a site will be protective of human health and the environment. The effectiveness of RAs is evaluated through comparison to the RAOs for each site. To provide a framework for organizing and evaluating data and information, and to ensure that all relevant issues are considered when evaluating the protectiveness of the remedy, the USEPA guidance lists three questions to consider:

## 2.5.1 Question A: Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy was implemented to protect human health by addressing COCs and preventing exposure. The remedy included the installation of an engineered barrier (asphalt pavement over

HDPE liner) and LUCs. Asphalt pavement in the area of the former Building 105 and an HDPE liner just below the ground surface covers residual contaminated soil to prevent exposure. The asphalt pavement is maintained by the NAVFAC Public Works Department.

LUCs for soil and groundwater have been established and are recorded with the Navy's LUC Tracker system. The use restriction agreed upon by the Navy and the State include:

- Property Use Restriction Site 22 does not pose a risk to human health and environment under an industrial/commercial land use scenario. It is restricted from residential use.
- Groundwater Use Restriction Installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental evaluation of monitoring wells) in this area, as well as all of NSGL, is prohibited to prevent consumption of groundwater.
- Maintenance of Engineered Cover Engineered cover must be inspected on an annual basis and maintained.

Current conditions indicate that the remedy, including the engineered cover and LUCs, is functioning as intended. The property is not being used in a manner inconsistent with the use restriction, groundwater is not being used for any purpose, and the engineered cover is being maintained.

The remedy is functioning as intended by the decision document.

# 2.5.2 Question B: Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives Used at the Time of the Remedy Selection Still Valid?

There have been no changes at the site (e.g., new contaminant sources, new ecological risks, or receptors) which would impact this remedy's protectiveness. The exposure assumptions, cleanup levels, and RAOs for this site have not changed and are still valid. ARARs were reviewed and it was determined that no changes have occurred that would impact protectiveness.

## 2.5.3 Question C: Has any Other Information Come to Light That Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No additional information has been obtained that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. The existing land use restrictions are effective in protecting human health and the environment while concentrations of the COC exceed the cleanup criteria.

#### 2.6 Issues

The issues identified at Site 22 during the Five-Year Review process are summarized in the following table.

Issue	Affects Current Protectiveness (Y/N) Current	Affects Future Protectiveness (Y/N) Future
Site 22 – Former Building 105 Old Dry Cleaning Facility		
Monitoring wells from the investigation and ERH Treatability Study are still in place. These monitoring wells remain for possible use in the investigation at Site 8, Building 144/145 Exchange Service Station.	N	N

#### 2.7 Recommendations

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Site 22 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Affe Protecti (Y/	veness
					Current	Future
Site 22, Former Buildin	g 105					
Monitoring wells from the investigation and ERH Treatability Study are still in place	Properly abandon all wells on the site	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Dec 2014	N	N

#### 2.8 Protectiveness Statements

The remedy at Site 22 is protective of human health and the environment.

No unacceptable risks exist at the site from impacted soil, groundwater, or vapor, as applicable exposure pathways are being controlled by the remedy. The ERH Treatability Study reduced the mass of contaminants at the site, brought potential current and future carcinogenic risks into the USEPA risk range, and reduced potential current and future non-carcinogenic risks to acceptable levels. To address any residual contamination that could be present above Illinois EPA TACO criteria, LUCs serve as the remedy by restricting property and groundwater use, maintaining engineered barriers, and requiring annual inspections to ensure the continuation and enforcement of the LUCs. The implemented remedial action continues to meet RAOs.

Specifically there are no buildings at Site 22. The engineered barrier prevents direct contact between humans or animals and any residual contamination. In addition, NSGL lies within an area comprised of relatively impermeable till material, with relatively low hydraulic conductivities, and groundwater as a drinking water source is prohibited by Navy directive.

### 3.0 Site 3 – Supplyside Landfill

No ROD was prepared for this site but the landfill was closed using Illinois EPA regulations as guidance and with Illinois EPA oversight. This five-year review of Site 3 is required by statute because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on site that do not allow for UU/UE. The location of Site 3 is shown on Figure 1-2 and the layout of Site 3 is shown on Figure 3-1. The remedy for the Supplyside Landfill site is protective of human health and the environment, and exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled. A clay cap over the waste on top of the landfill prevents direct contact between humans or animals and the waste. The landfill cap was reconstructed in 2004 to address inadequacies and to maintain the remedy's control of potential exposure pathways. A perimeter fence around the landfill limits access to the site. The remedy in place continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

## 3.1 Site Chronology – Table 3

The following table presents the chronology for the key events at Site 3.

Event	Date
Landfill Operation	1969 - 1983
Closure Plan Development	1983
Soil Cover Placement	1985
Certification of Closure from Illinois EPA	1988
Existing Conditions Investigation and Proposed	
Modifications Report	2001 - 2003
Quarterly Operation and Maintenance Sampling Report	2003 - 2007
Environmental Engineering/Cost Analysis Report with	
Streamlined Risk Assessment	2004
Non-Time Critical Remedial Action Remedial	
Design/Cap Work Plan	May 2004
Construction Start Date	July 2004
Construction Completion Date	October 2004
Relocation of Asbestos Soil and Cover Completion	October 2005
Monitoring Well Installation and Development Closure	
Report	January 2007
Groundwater Monitoring Events (Quarterly,	
Semiannual, and Annual)	2006 - present
Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR)	December 2009
State Approval of RACR	January 2010

## 3.2 Background

#### 3.2.1 Physical Setting

Site 3 is a former landfill, called the Supplyside Landfill, located on the western portion of the NSGL, south of the base supply warehouses. The site is bordered by Alabama Avenue and the sewage containment facility on the south, the Soo Lines (subsidiary of the Canadian Pacific Railway) railroad tracks to the west, Building 3503 to the north, and Building 1033 and a small creek (Skokie Ditch) and Forrestal Village Park to the east. Land use to the east of Site 3 is residential base housing; and is not considered to be an environmentally sensitive area. The site is illustrated in Figure 3-1.

Site 3 is located about 800 feet from residential areas to the east that are part of the Forrestal Village residential area. The park immediately to the east of the site was formerly residential homes that were removed to build the park.

Before its use as a landfill, the site was within the boundaries of the NSGL, and was mostly unused and undeveloped, except for a railroad spur that was used to service the supply buildings to the north of the site.

Site 3 is capped with clay with a well-maintained vegetative cover. The site surface is sloped, gently on the top and more severely on the sides, to prohibit water from infiltrating the waste trenches and leaching further contaminants to groundwater. Based on depth-to-groundwater measurements reported in the most recent Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report, the groundwater flow direction at the site is in the north direction. The neighboring facilities to the north include the supply warehouse (Building 3503), the Skokie Ditch, and the Forrestal Village Park. The nearest residential area is approximately 1,100 feet to the north and 500 feet to the east of the site. The Skokie Ditch is a small stream located adjacent to Site 3 to the east and runs south to the Skokie River, and eventually connects to Lake Michigan. Recent groundwater laboratory analytical reports are included in Appendix A.

#### 3.2.2 Land and Resource Use

The Supplyside Landfill began operations in 1969 and was used until 1983. The landfill boundaries are roughly 450 feet wide by 1,400 feet long, covering about 14 acres. There are conflicting reports of the number of cubic yards of refuse that were disposed at the landfill, which was constructed of four parallel trenches. Historical documents indicate that wastes were not burned, and no hazardous wastes were disposed at the landfill. Disposal activities at the Supplyside Landfill ceased in 1983.

Site 3 is currently covered by grass and other vegetation, and the site is fenced to limit access. The site is currently not in use. Activities at the property are limited to those actions, such as groundwater monitoring and the inspection of cover materials and methane gas vents that are necessary to ensure proper functioning of the remedy. The Navy does not currently have any plans for development of the site, and future plans are to maintain the landfill cover, gas vents, and fence and maintain the site undeveloped. LUC 12 restricts reuse to an industrial/commercial land use scenario, under which the site does not pose a threat to human health or the environment.

According to the 2012 Groundwater Monitoring Report (Tetra Tech, 2012), the groundwater beneath Site 3 flows towards the north. The installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental monitoring wells) in this area is prohibited to prevent the consumption of groundwater. LUCs are in place for the site to prohibit groundwater use, maintain the engineered landfill cover, and prohibit the disturbance of soil on the site.

Changes to the use of the surrounding properties are currently not being considered by the Navy.

#### 3.2.3 History of Contamination

Site 3 was used to dispose of wastes, primarily office and other solid wastes, in four parallel trenches. Reportedly, no liquids, metals, or sanitary wastes were disposed at the landfill. Wastes were not burned, according to previous documentation.

Investigations were conducted at Site 3 in 2001 to determine the presence and extent of methane and VOCs. Additional investigations were conducted in 2002 and 2003 to determine the thickness

and other properties of the existing clay cap and to collect groundwater samples from beneath the wastes.

A clay cap was placed on the landfill in 1985. The construction of the cover was completed by the Navy Construction Battalion 401, which was stationed at the NSGL at the time. Between 1999 and 2001, the Navy removed the railroad tracks, filled areas between the trenches, and placed additional clay on top of the landfill (Graef Anholt, Schlomer, and Associates, Inc. [GASA], 2004).

A new cover was constructed on the Supplyside Landfill in 2004. The landfill was re-graded to create a flat surface with a gradual slope across the top of the landfill. A three percent slope was created on the top surface for drainage and erosion control, and 3-to-1 slope was created around the perimeter of the landfill. The final cover construction included of 18 inches of low permeability clay with 6 inches of topsoil to support vegetative growth. A passive vent system was installed that consisted of shallow trenches excavated in the waste material, with horizontal collector pipes and vertical vent pipes. Geotextile fabric and additional clay were installed in 2005 over a 330-foot by 550-foot area at the north end of the landfill to cover about 12,000 cubic yards of soil with asbestos-containing material (non-friable transite) (TolTest, 2006).

Groundwater beneath the landfill is impacted by semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), herbicides, and several metals and inorganics at concentrations exceeding regulatory criteria.

#### 3.2.4 Initial Response

Investigations of Site 3 were initiated in 2001 to determine the presence of methane and VOCs. In 2002 and 2003, investigations were conducted to determine the thickness and properties of the existing soil caps and to collect samples of leachate from the waste mass (TolTest, 2007). In 2006, six groundwater monitoring wells were installed around the perimeter of the landfill (SSL-01 through SSL-06).

#### 3.2.5 Basis for Taking Action

A meeting in 2003 between representatives of NAVFAC and the Illinois EPA discussed the regulatory status of Site 3 and assessed options for reducing the long-term environmental impact of the landfill. It was determined that additional remedial actions should be performed at Site 3 using the presumptive remedy of containment as listed in the U.S. EPA municipal landfill presumptive remedy guidance. Soil is likely contaminated beneath the waste trenches, but characterization of these soil has not been completed. Groundwater has been impacted by contaminant releases from the landfill, as evidenced by contaminant concentrations in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells at the perimeter of the landfill. Contaminants associated with Site 3 are SVOCs, herbicides, metals, and other inorganics, and impact groundwater at concentrations exceeding regulatory criteria.

The clay cap was constructed to address the following RAOs (TtNUS, 2009):

- Reduce the risk of groundwater and surface water contamination through contact with the waste material, and reduce the risk of direct contact with the waste materials for humans and wildlife
- Improve the management of methane gas
- Comply with Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements

- Minimize initial construction and long-term operating costs
- Provide a finished surface that is suitable to serve the light recreational needs of the surrounding base community.

#### 3.3 Remedial Actions

#### 3.3.1 Remedy Selection

An Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA) was completed in 2004 (TtNUS 2009), established RAOs, and recommended the construction of new protective cover on the landfill. It was determined that a new protective clay cap would address the following RAOs:

- Improve environmental integrity of cap by reducing infiltration and managing landfill gas safely to prevent migration and odor problems.
- Provide and document low-permeability clay cap that will improve surface drainage and provide additional barrier to potential contact with buried wastes.
- Provide regraded and contoured landfill final cover surface conducive to end use of light recreational activities serving need of surrounding base community.

#### 3.3.2 Remedy Implementation

In May 2004, a work plan was prepared detailing the RAs required to implement and construct the Supplyside Landfill cover (Toltest, 2004). Seven key elements of the RA identified in the work plan included the following:

- Permitting
- Installation of erosion control measures and site fencing
- Installation of passive landfill gas collection system
- Placing/compacting clay cap material
- Placing of topsoil and seeding
- Long-term maintenance
- Implementation of LUC that allow for future us of open land on landfill surface while preventing potentially adverse/damaging activities and allowing unrestricted use of adjacent areas.

Designs and specifications for the RA were provided in the work plan, along with O&M and construction quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) requirements, and an Erosion Control and Vegetation Plan.

In July through October 2004, construction of the new landfill cover was completed then surveyed by Graef, Anhalt, Shloemer and Associates in 2008. The survey determined that the cover (clay and topsoil) is thicker than the specified 24 inches over most of the landfill. The cover was

designed to be a minimum of 18 inches of compacted clay and the topsoil layer was designed to be a minimum of 6 inches thick. The cover was vegetated by spreading grass seed. A gas collection system was installed during construction of the new clay cap by trenching and installation of piping and headers to collect any potential landfill gases that would then be vented directly to the atmosphere.

A Remedial Action Completion Report (RACR) was submitted to Illinois EPA in 2009. The objective of the RACR was to document construction of the cover on the landfill. The RACR for the Supplyside Landfill was approved by Illinois EPA in January 2010. Groundwater monitoring has been conducted at the Supplyside Landfill since 2003, and was initiated on a quarterly frequency and has decreased to annual monitoring. The RACR also explained that the northern portion of the landfill has a cover thickness in excess of 4 feet. Several weeks after the new cap was installed, suspect asbestos containing material was observed in the topsoil in the northern portion of the landfill. The Navy identified the material as transite asbestos, and obtained approval from the State in April 2005 to place additional transite-impacted soil on the landfill, followed by the installation of a geotextile fabric and an additional 6 inches of clean topsoil.

In 2009, Tetra Tech evaluated the cover thickness through the collection of data from 25 hand auger borings. The data indicated that the cap contained the required thicknesses of clay and topsoil, and that work plan requirements have been met and no problem with the soil cover with the remedy implementation exists. One sampling point was determined to have less than 6 inches of topsoil, however the surrounding points contained 6 inches or more of topsoil, and that a subsurface anomaly in the underlying clay layer surface could have caused a thinner layer of topsoil at that point.

Groundwater monitoring is being conducted at the Supplyside Landfill to comply with Federal and Illinois requirements for landfill closure since 2006. A groundwater monitoring program was part of the planned RA and sampling has been conducted at 6 monitoring wells installed as outlined in the May 2004 work plan. Wells were installed outside the limits of waste and were initially sampled on a quarterly basis. The Illinois EPA has since approved an annual sampling frequency. Institutional controls in the form of LUCs have been implemented through a LUC Memorandum of Agreement (LUCMOA) via a LUC Implementation Plan to restrict groundwater use and soil disturbance. The cover was vegetated with grass, and an annual inspection is required by the LUC Implementation Plan.

#### 3.3.3 System Operations/O&M

In accordance with the institutional control and monitoring components of the remedy, the following ongoing activities are performed to show that the site is complying with LUC requirements:

- Annual inspection of site, including fencing and signs, cap conditions, storm water control features, and monitoring wells.
- Enforcement of LUCs per LUC Implementation Plan that will be part of LUCMOA
- Maintenance of cover and monitoring wells, as needed, based on LUC inspection results
- Annual groundwater monitoring and reporting.

#### 3.4 Five-Year Review Process

#### 3.4.1 Document Review

The following documents were reviewed for Site 3 (Supplyside Landfill):

- Site 3 LUC Implementation Plan, TtNUS, 2009
- Remedial Action Completion Report, Site 3 Supplyside Landfill, TtNUS, December 2009
- Correspondence dated 19 Jan 2010 from Illinois EPA to Bill Busko, NAVFAC Midwest approving the Remedial Action Completion Report
- Delivery Order Completion Report, Supplyside Landfill O&M, Toltest, July 1999
- Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report Round 14 (May 2011) for Site 2 Forrestal Landfill and Site 3 – Supplyside Landfill, Tetra Tech, January 2012

#### 3.4.2 Monitoring Data Review

The Navy has conducted groundwater monitoring at Site 3 since August 2006 to comply with federal and Illinois requirements for closure of landfills under RCRA. Groundwater monitoring is currently being conducted annually, but had previously been conducted quarterly and semi-annually. As part of the evaluation of the groundwater data that is performed for the Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Reports, groundwater data is compared to State of Illinois Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives (TACO) criteria or, in the absence of a TACO criterion, to the USEPA primary or secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL). Evaluation also includes comparison to previous rounds of groundwater monitoring and a trend analysis of the data. Round 16 of groundwater monitoring was completed in 2013 and reported in the Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report dated December 2013. Six wells at Site 3 were sampled and samples were submitted to a laboratory for analysis of VOCs, SVOCs, herbicides, metals, chlorides, ammonia, sulfates, nitrates, nitrites, and total dissolved solids (TDS). The following contaminants exhibited concentrations exceeding criteria:

- One VOC (tetrahydrofuran) was detected in one sample and no SVOCs were detected in samples during the latest round of groundwater monitoring at concentrations exceeding TACO criteria.
- Iron, manganese, aluminum, and arsenic were detected in unfiltered samples at concentrations exceeding TACO and non-TACO criteria in at least one sample.
- Chloride was detected in one sample at a concentration greater than TACO criterion.
- TDS concentrations detected in 5 of 6 samples exceeded USEPA secondary MCL.

Contaminant concentrations as compared to previous sampling results are mixed with some wells exhibiting increasing trends and other exhibiting decreasing contaminant trends. For more information, please see the Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report Round 16 (Resolution

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TACO Tier 1 criteria are considered "To Be Considered" standards. Secondary MCLs are unenforceable goals related to water taste, odor, and color and are not ARARs unless promulgated by states.

Consultants 2014). A summary of the most recent groundwater sampling data is provided in Appendix A.

As part of its review of the Round 16 Report, the Illinois EPA noted that the approved Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) defines the Project Action Limits (PALs) as being the lowest of the listed screening values, which also includes non-TACO Groundwater Remediation Objectives and Illinois EPA's Groundwater Quality Standards (35 Illinois Administrative Code [IAC] 620.410) for Class I Groundwater. This correction will be made for future Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Reports.

#### 3.4.3 Site Visit and Inspection and Interview

Site 3 (Supplyside Landfill) was inspected on September 20, 2012, by Mr. Benjamin Simes from NAVFAC Midwest, Mr. Brian Conrath of the Illinois EPA, and Mr. Matt Mesarch and Mr. Ken Brown of Resolution Consultants. The site fence, cover, and vegetation were in overall good condition. Minor issues noted included an area of suspected subsidence and a small area of bare soil or sparse vegetation. The bare area should be repaired by seeding and mulching; and the subsidence area should be watched for continued sinking. Also, two of the passive vents were not turning and appeared to be in need of repair. They can be repaired by replacement or repair of the turning vents. Comments and issues were recorded on the site inspection checklist included in Appendix C.

Site 3 was inspected on August 15, 2013, by Mr. Howard Hickey, during which no discrepancies or LUC breaches were noted. The site's use complies with the applicable LUCs. A copy of the 2013 inspection form is provided in Appendix C.

Site 3 annual inspections have been conducted by the State and Navy since 2009. According to inspection documents, in 2010 the State noted that there was material dumped including dried out sod, bricks, broken concrete, some with metal protruding, and assorted landscape-type waste along the middle of the cap running approximately east-west. The material appeared to be in an area that may have had some erosional issues or at least did not drain properly. The Navy addressed this issue by identifying the company dumping the material, obtaining the padlock key they were using to get onto the site, changing the lock to the site, and initiating a procedure that companies requiring site access be accompanied by Naval Station Great Lakes personnel according to the Environmental Director. No waste was observed during the 2012 or 2013 inspections.

An interview was conducted with Mr. Benjamin Simes during the site inspection walkthrough conducted in September 2012. Mr. Simes provided a history of the site and responded to questions regarding the response actions taken at the property. Mr. Simes and other NAVFAC and contract Five-Year Review team members worked collaboratively to compile information, review site data, review the condition of the site, and assess the protectiveness of the remedy.

#### 3.5 Technical Assessment

The objective of the five-year review is to evaluate whether the RA implemented at a site protects human health and the environment. The effectiveness of RAs is evaluated through comparison to the RAOs for each site. To provide a framework for organizing and evaluating data and information, and to ensure that all relevant issues are considered when evaluating the protectiveness of the remedy, the USEPA guidance lists three questions to consider:

## 3.5.1 Question A: Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The remedy was implemented at Site 3 to address an inadequate clay cap originally installed in 1985 and meet the Illinois EPA requirements for closure of landfills. The selected remedy included cover repair, groundwater monitoring, and use of institutional controls. The RACR describes a meeting in 2003 between representatives of NAVFAC Midwest and Illinois EPA, where additional RAs were deemed necessary for reducing the long-term environmental impact of the landfill.

In 2004, a work plan was developed to identify necessary improvements to the Supplyside landfill cover that included construction drawings, a project schedule, Health and Safety Plan, and a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan. The project was initiated to address inadequacies in the clay cap originally installed that could potentially cause a direct contact exposure pathway by humans with waste in the landfill. The landfill clay cap was re-graded, re-contoured, and reseeded. A new venting system was installed and consisted of shallow trenches excavated in the waste material, with horizontal collector pipes in granular bedding. The trenches and collector pipes allow gases generated during the decomposition of wastes to escape and not become trapped beneath the cover.

Land use restrictions for soil and groundwater have been established and are recorded with the Navy's LUC Tracker system. The use restrictions agreed upon by the Navy and Illinois EPA include:

- Property Use Restriction Site does not pose a risk to human health and environment under light recreational use. Any residential use is prohibited.
- Groundwater Use Restriction Installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater. Sampling of groundwater from site's monitoring well network is currently conducted annually.
- Soil Disturbance Restriction Excavation and uncontrolled removal of soil from Supplyside Landfill without prior approval of Navy and Illinois EPA are prohibited.
- Maintenance of Landfill Clay Cap Landfill clay cap is required to be inspected on semi-annual basis and maintained.

The site is completely fenced with no trespassing signs placed on the perimeter fence. The perimeter fence is in good condition and denotes site and land use restriction boundaries.

Current conditions indicate that the remedy, including the landfill cover and land use controls, is functioning as intended. The property is not being used in a manner inconsistent with the use restriction, groundwater is not being used for any purpose other than annual environmental monitoring, and soil is not being disturbed, and the engineered cover is being maintained. However, a couple of issues related to maintenance of the engineered cover are listed below.

# 3.5.2 Question B: Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives Used at the Time of the Remedy Selection Still Valid?

There have been no changes at the site (e.g., new contaminant sources, new ecological risks, or receptors) which would inhibit this remedy's protectiveness. The exposure assumptions, cleanup

levels, and RAOs for this site have not changed and are still valid. ARARs were reviewed and it was determined that no changes have occurred that would impact protectiveness.

## 3.5.3 Question C: Has any Other Information Come to Light That Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No additional information has been obtained that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. Repair of the landfill cover in 2004 was effective in restoring the protectiveness of the remedy and preventing direct contact of waste in the landfill by humans. The existing land use restrictions are effective in protecting human health and the environment while concentrations of the COC exceed the cleanup criteria.

#### 3.6 Issues

The issues identified at Site 3 during the Five-Year Review process are summarized in the following table.

Issue	Affects Current Protectiveness (Y/N)	Affects Future Protectiveness (Y/N)	
	Current	Future	
Site 3, Supplyside Landfill			
Observed bare area on landfill cover	N	N	
Two gas vents not spinning	N	N	
30 ft by 20 ft subsidence area observed	N	N	

#### 3.7 Recommendations

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Site 3 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Affects Protectiveness (Y/N)			
					Current	Future		
Site 3, Supplyside Landfill								
Bare area on landfill cover	Seed and mulch the area to prevent topsoil erosion	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Dec 2014	N	N		
Two gas vents not spinning	Check and ensure gas vents are functioning properly	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Dec 2014	N	N		
30 ft by 20 ft subsidence area observed	Investigate and repair subsidence area, if necessary	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Dec 2014	N	N		

## 3.8 Protectiveness Statements

The remedy at Site 3 is protective of human health and the environment.

No unacceptable risks exist at the site from impacted soil, groundwater, or vapor, as applicable exposure pathways are being controlled by the remedy. LUCs are included in the remedy to restrict property and groundwater use. The landfill cover is maintained. Annual inspections are performed to verify the condition of the landfill cover and to ensure the continuation and enforcement of the LUCs. Annual groundwater monitoring is being conducted in accordance with Illinois EPA landfill closure requirements.

There are no buildings present at Site 3. A clay cap and vegetative cover prevent direct contact between humans or animals and any subsurface contamination. In addition, NSGL lies within an area comprised of relatively impermeable till material, with relatively low hydraulic conductivities, and groundwater as a drinking water source is prohibited by Navy directive.

## 4.0 Site 2 Forrestal Landfill

No ROD was prepared for this site but the landfill was closed using Illinois EPA regulations as guidance and with Illinois EPA oversight. This five-year review of Site 2 is required by statute because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on site that do not allow for UU/UE. The location of Site 2 is shown on Figure 1-2 and the layout of Site 2 is shown on Figure 4-1. The remedy for the Forrestal Landfill site is protective of human health and the environment, and exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled. A clay cap over the waste on top of the landfill prevents direct contact between humans or animals and the waste. The landfill cap was reconstructed in 2004 to address settlement issues and to maintain the remedy's control of potential exposure pathways. A perimeter fence surrounds the landfill on three sides but does not limit access to the site. The remedy in place continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

## 4.1 Site Chronology – Table 4

The following table presents the chronology for the key events at Site 2.

Event	Date
Landfill Operation	1967 - 1969
Site Investigations	2000 - 2003
Final Cover Study	May 2004
Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis (EE/CA)	2004
Non-Time Critical Remedial Action Remedial	
Design Work Plan	2004
Construction Start Date	May 2004
Construction Completion Date	October 2004
Monitoring Well Installation and Development	
Closure Report	January 2007
Groundwater Monitoring Events (Quarterly,	
Semiannual, and Annual)	2006 - present
Remedial Action Completion Report	October 2009
Illinois EPA Approval of RACR	November 2009

Note: An Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis report was completed in 2004 by Graef, Anhalt, Schloemer & Associates in 2004, and is referenced extensively in the 2009 Remedial Action Completion Report. Many of those references are used in this report.

## 4.2 Background

#### 4.2.1 Physical Setting

Site 2 is a former landfill, called the Forrestal Landfill, located on the western portion of NSGL, east of the base supply warehouses. The site is bordered by Superior Street and a supply building (Building 3502) on the west, a portion of the Forrestal Village Park and Skokie Ditch to the north, Skokie Ditch and residences (base housing) to the east, and an undeveloped parcel called the Panhandle Area to the south. Site 2 is not located in an environmentally sensitive area. The site is illustrated in Figure 4-1.

Site 2 is located about 250 feet from residential areas to the east that are part of the Forrestal Village residential area. The park immediately to the east of the site was formerly single-family residences that were removed to build the park.

Before its use as a landfill, the site was within the boundaries of the NSGL, and was mostly unused and undeveloped.

## 4.2.2 Land and Resource Use

The Forrestal Landfill began operations in 1967 and operated for only a short period until it was closed in 1969. The landfill was the first controlled disposal site used by the NSGL. The landfill boundaries are roughly 400 feet by 500 feet, covering about 4.5 acres. Historical documents indicate that wastes were not burned, and wastes disposed at the Forrestal landfill consisted of mixed office waste and shop waste.

Site 2 is currently covered by grass and other vegetation, and the site is fenced on three sides, but access is open on the landfill's north side. The site is not used for anything but groundwater monitoring. The Navy does not currently have any plans for development of the site, and future plans are to maintain the engineered landfill cover, gas vents, and fence, and maintain the site undeveloped. The LUC restricts reuse to an industrial/commercial land use scenario, under which the Site does not pose a threat to human health or the environment.

According to the 2012 Groundwater Monitoring Report (Tetra Tech, 2012), the groundwater beneath Site 2 appears to mound and flows towards mainly to the north, but also to the south. The installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental monitoring wells) in this area is prohibited. LUC are currently in place for the site to prohibit groundwater use, maintain the landfill cover, and prohibit the disturbance of soil on the site.

Changes to the use of the surrounding properties are currently not being considered by the Navy.

## 4.2.3 History of Contamination

Site 2 was reportedly used to dispose of wastes, primarily office and other solid wastes. According to previous documentation, no liquids, metals, or sanitary wastes were disposed at the landfill, and wastes were not burned.

Investigations were conducted at the landfill in 2001 to determine the presence and extent of methane and VOCs. Additional investigations were conducted in 2002 and 2003 to determine the thickness and other properties of the existing clay cover and to collect groundwater samples from beneath the wastes.

A cover evaluation and project plan were prepared for Site 2 in 2002, which was conducted to determine the thickness and properties of the existing clay cover and collect samples of water from the waste mass.

In 2006, six groundwater monitoring wells were installed in their current configuration around the perimeter of the landfill. Groundwater beneath the landfill is impacted by VOCs (below regulatory criteria), and several metals and inorganics at concentrations exceeding regulatory criteria.

## 4.2.4 Initial Response

Investigations of Site 2 were initiated in 2000 to determine the presence of methane and VOCs. In 2002, an investigation was conducted to determine the thickness and properties of the existing soil cap and to collect samples of water from the waste mass (TolTest, 2007). In 2006, six groundwater monitoring wells were installed around the perimeter of the landfill (FL-01 through FL-06).

A new, improved clay cap was constructed on the Forrestal Landfill in 2004. The landfill was regraded to create a gradual slope across the top of the landfill. The final clay cap construction included of 18 inches of low permeability clay with 6 inches of topsoil to support vegetative growth. A passive vent system was installed that consisted of shallow trenches excavated in the waste material, with horizontal collector pipes and vertical vent pipes.

A RACR was submitted to Illinois EPA in 2009. The objective of the RACR was to document construction of the clay cap on the landfill. The RACR for the Forrestal Landfill was approved by Illinois EPA in November 2009. Groundwater monitoring has been conducted at the Forrestal Landfill since 2006, which was initiated on a quarterly frequency and has decreased to annual monitoring.

## 4.2.5 Basis for Taking Action

A meeting in 2003 between representatives of NAVFAC and the Illinois EPA included discussion of the regulatory status of Site 2 and assessed options for reducing the long-term environmental impact of the landfill. It was determined that additional remedial actions should be performed at Site 2 using the presumptive remedy of containment as listed in the U.S. EPA municipal landfill presumptive remedy guidance. Soil is likely contaminated beneath the wastes, but characterization of this soil has not been completed. Groundwater has been impacted by contaminant releases from the landfill, as evidenced by contaminant concentrations in groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells at the perimeter of the landfill. Contaminants associated with Site 2 are VOCs, metals, and other inorganics, some of which impact groundwater at concentrations exceeding regulatory criteria.

The clay cap was constructed to address the following RAOs, which were provided in the 2004 EE/CA and referenced in the 2009 RACR (Tetra Tech 2009):

- Improve the environmental integrity of the cap by reduction infiltration and managing landfill gas safely to prevent migration and odor problems
- Provide a low-permeability clay cap that will improve surface drainage and provide an additional barrier to potential contact with buried wastes
- Provide a re-graded and contoured landfill final cover surface conducive to an end use of light recreational activities serving the needs of the surrounding base community.

## 4.3 Remedial Actions

## 4.3.1 Remedy Selection

An EE/CA was completed in 2004 (TtNUS 2009) and established RAOs and recommended the construction of new protective clay cap on the landfill. It was determined that a new protective clay cap would address the following RAOs:

- Improve environmental integrity of cap by reducing infiltration and managing landfill gas safely to prevent migration and odor problems.
- Provide and document low-permeability clay cap that will improve surface drainage and provide additional barrier to potential contact with buried wastes.
- Provide regarded and contoured landfill final cover surface conducive to end use of light recreational activities serving need of surrounding base community.

## 4.3.2 Remedy Implementation

In May 2004, a work plan was prepared detailing the RAs required to implement and construct the Forrestal Landfill clay cap (Toltest, 2004). Seven key elements of the RA identified in the work plan included the following:

- Permitting
- Installation of erosion control measures and site fencing
- Installation of passive landfill gas collection system
- Placing/compacting clay cap material
- Placing of topsoil and seeding
- Long-term maintenance
- Implementation of LUC that allow for future use of open land on landfill surface while preventing potentially adverse/damaging activities and allowing unrestricted use of adjacent areas.

Designs and specifications for the RA were provided in the work plan, along with O&M and construction QA/QC requirements, and an Erosion Control and Vegetation Plan.

During the period May through October 2004, construction of the new landfill cover was constructed. The cover was completed as designed, with a minimum 18 inches of compacted clay, followed by a minimum of 6 inches of topsoil. The cover was vegetated by spreading of grass seed. A gas collection system was installed during construction of the new clay cap by trenching and installation of piping and headers to collect any potential landfill gases and vent them efficiently to the atmosphere.

A groundwater monitoring program was part of the planned RA and sampling has been conducted at six monitoring wells installed as outlined in the work plan. Wells were installed outside the limits of waste and were initially sampled on a quarterly basis. The Illinois EPA has since approved an annual sampling frequency. Institutional controls in the form of LUCs have been implemented through a LUCMOA via a LUC Implementation Plan to restrict groundwater use and soil disturbance.

The cover was vegetated with grass and an annual inspection is required by the LUC Implementation Plan.

Following the construction of the new clay cap, the Navy discovered that the topsoil used contained transite asbestos material. The Navy informed the Illinois EPA that the material was present and developed a plan to address the condition. The Navy installed a non-woven geotextile fabric over the transite-containing material followed by an additional 6 inches of clean topsoil placed on the fabric. The new topsoil was then seeded to establish vegetative growth.

## 4.3.3 System Operations/O&M

In accordance with the institutional control and monitoring components of the remedy, the following ongoing activities are performed:

- Annual inspection of site, including fencing and signs, cap conditions, storm water control features, and monitoring wells.
- Enforcement of LUCs per LUC Implementation Plan that is part of LUCMOA.
- Maintenance of cover and monitoring wells, as needed, based on LUC inspection results
- Annual groundwater monitoring and reporting.

## 4.4 Five-Year Review Process

#### 4.4.1 Document Review

The following documents were reviewed for Site 2 (Forrestal Landfill):

- Site 2 LUC Implementation Plan, TtNUS, 2009
- Remedial Action Completion Report, Site 2 Forrestal Landfill, TtNUS, October 2009
- Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report Round 14 (May 2011) for Site 2 Forrestal Landfill and Site 3 – Supplyside Landfill, Tetra Tech, January 2012

## 4.4.2 Monitoring Data Review

The Navy has conducted groundwater monitoring at Site 2 since August 2006 to comply with federal and Illinois requirements for closure of the landfills under RCRA. Groundwater monitoring is currently being conducted annually, but had previously been conducted quarterly and semi-annually. Evaluation of data generated from groundwater sampling is evaluated by comparison of results to the State of Illinois TACO criteria or, in the absence of a TACO criterion, to the USEPA primary or secondary MCL.<sup>2</sup> Evaluation also includes comparison to previous rounds of groundwater monitoring and a trend analysis of the data.

Round 16 of groundwater monitoring was completed in 2013 and reported in the Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report dated December 2013. Six wells at Site 2 were sampled and samples were submitted to a laboratory for analysis of VOC, SVOC, herbicides, metals, chlorides, ammonia, sulfates, nitrates, nitrites, and TDS. The following contaminants exhibited concentrations exceeding criteria:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> TACO Tier 1 criteria are considered "To Be Considered" standards. Secondary MCLs are unenforceable goals related to water taste, odor, and color and are not ARARs unless promulgated by states.

- Herbicide 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid (MCPA) was detected in three samples and a duplicate sample at concentrations exceeding its non-TACO criterion.
- Aluminum, arsenic, iron, and manganese were detected in unfiltered samples at concentrations exceeding TACO and non-TACO criteria in at least one sample
- Chloride was detected in one sample at concentration greater than TACO criterion.
- Sulfate was detected in one sample at concentration greater than TACO criterion.
- TDS concentrations detected in all samples exceeded USEPA secondary MCL.

Contaminant concentrations as compared to previous sampling results are mixed with some wells exhibiting increasing trends and other exhibiting decreasing contaminant trends. The Long Term Groundwater Monitoring Report Round 16 (Resolution Consultants 2014) can be consulted for more information. A summary of the recent groundwater monitoring data is provided in Appendix A.

As part of its review of the Round 16 Report, the Illinois EPA noted that the approved Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) defines the Project Action Limits (PALs) as being the lowest of the listed screening values, which also includes non-TACO Groundwater Remediation Objectives and Illinois EPA's Groundwater Quality Standards (35 IAC 620.410) for Class I Groundwater. This correction will be made for future Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Reports.

## 4.4.3 Site Visit and Inspection and Interview

Site 2 (Forrestal Landfill) was inspected on September 20, 2012, by Mr. Benjamin Simes from NAVFAC Midwest, Mr. Brian Conrath of the Illinois EPA, and Mr. Matt Mesarch and Mr. Ken Brown of Resolution Consultants. The site fence, cover, and vegetation were in overall good condition. Minor issues noted included an area of bare soil or sparse vegetation on the landfill's west side. The bare spot should be repaired by seeding and mulching. The one passive vent appeared to be not working. Comments and issues were recorded on the site inspection checklist included in Appendix C.

Site 2 was inspected on August 15, 2013, by Mr. Howard Hickey, and no breaches of LUC requirements were noted. Property use has not changed and no changes in ownership have occurred. A copy of the 2013 inspection form is provided in Appendix C.

Site 2 is capped with clay with a well-maintained vegetative cover. The site surface is sloped, gently on the top and more severely on the sides, to prohibit water from infiltrating the wastes and leaching further contaminants to groundwater. Based on depth-to-groundwater measurements reported in the most recent Long-Term Groundwater Monitoring Report, groundwater appears to mound under the landfill and the flow directions are to the north and south directions. The neighboring facilities to the north include the Forrestal Village Park and single-family residences. The nearest residential area is approximately 400 feet to the north and 400 feet to the east of the site. The Skokie Ditch is a small stream located immediately adjacent to Site 2 to the east and runs south to the Skokie River, and eventually connects to Lake Michigan.

Site 2 annual inspections were conducted by the Illinois EPA and Navy from 2009 through 2013. According to inspection documents, no issues were identified at Site 2 during that time period.

An interview was conducted with Mr. Benjamin Simes during the site inspection walkthrough conducted in September 2012. Mr. Simes provided a history of the site and responded to questions regarding the response actions taken at the property. Mr. Simes and other NAVFAC and contract Five-Year Review team members worked collaboratively to compile information, review site data, review the condition of the site, and assess the protectiveness of the remedy.

## 4.5 Technical Assessment

The objective of the five-year review is to evaluate whether the RA implemented at a site protects human health and the environment. The effectiveness of RAs is evaluated through comparison to the RAOs for each site. To provide a framework for organizing and evaluating data and information, and to ensure that all relevant issues are considered when evaluating the protectiveness of the remedy, the USEPA guidance lists three questions to consider:

## 4.5.1 Question A: Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The landfill ceased operations in 1969, and no documentation of closure activities or cover construction was available. As part of decision in 2003 between representatives of NAVFAC Midwest and the Illinois EPA, additional RAs were deemed necessary for reducing the long-term environmental impact of the landfill. Because the existing cap had many surface irregularities and was placed without documentation of its quality and thickness, it was determined that the potential for exposure to waste and leachate generation from infiltration was unknown.

In 2004, a work plan was developed to propose modifications to the Forrestal Landfill cap that included construction drawings, a project schedule, Health and Safety Plan, and a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan. The landfill cover was regraded, recontoured, and reseeded. A new venting system was installed and consisted of shallow trenches excavated in the waste material, with horizontal collector pipes in granular bedding. The trenches and collector pipes allow gases generated during the decomposition of wastes to escape and not become trapped beneath the cover.

Land use restrictions for soil and groundwater have been established and are recorded with the Navy's LUC Tracker system. The use restrictions agreed upon by the Navy and Illinois EPA include:

- Property Use Restriction Site does not pose risk to human health and environment under light recreational use. Any residential use is prohibited.
- Groundwater Use Restriction Installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater. Sampling of groundwater from site's monitoring well network is currently conducted annually.
- Soil Disturbance Restriction Excavation and uncontrolled removal of soil from Forrestal Landfill without prior approval of Navy and Illinois EPA are prohibited.
- Maintenance of Landfill Clay Cap Landfill clay cap is required to be inspected on annual basis and maintained.

The site is fenced on three sides, with no trespassing signs placed on the perimeter fence. The perimeter fence is in good condition and denotes site and land use restriction boundaries.

Current conditions indicate that the remedy, including the engineered cover and land use controls, is functioning as intended. The property is not being used in a manner inconsistent with the use restriction, groundwater is not being used for any purpose other than annual environmental monitoring, soil is not being disturbed, and the engineered cover is being maintained. However, a couple issues related to maintenance of the engineered cover are listed below.

# 4.5.2 Question B: Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives Used at the Time of the Remedy Selection Still Valid?

There have been no changes at the site (e.g., new contaminant sources, new ecological risks, or receptors) which would inhibit this remedy's protectiveness. The exposure assumptions, cleanup levels, and RAOs for this site have not changed and are still valid. ARARs were reviewed and it was determined that no changes have occurred that would impact protectiveness.

## 4.5.3 Question C: Has any Other Information Come to Light That Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No additional information has been obtained that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. In 2004 a landfill repair project was completed. Repair of the landfill cover was effective in restoring the protectiveness of the remedy and preventing direct contact exposure pathway by humans with waste in the landfill. The existing land use restrictions are effective in protecting human health and the environment while concentrations of the COC exceed the cleanup criteria.

## 4.6 Issues

The issues identified at Site 2 during the Five-Year Review process are summarized in the following table.

Issue	Affects Current Protectiveness (Y/N)	Affects Future Protectiveness (Y/N)	
	Current	Future	
Site 2, Forrestal Landfill			
Observed bare area on landfill cover	N	N	
Gas vent not spinning	N	N	

## 4.7 Recommendations

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Site 2 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Affe Protecti (Y/I Current	veness
Site 2, Forresta	al Landfill					
Bare areas on landfill cover	Seed and mulch the area to prevent topsoil erosion	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Sept 2014	N	N
Gas vent not spinning	Check and ensure gas vent is functioning properly	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Sept 2014	N	N

## 4.8 Protectiveness Statements

The remedy at Site 2 is protective of human health and the environment.

No unacceptable risks exist at the site from impacted soil, groundwater or vapor, as applicable exposure pathways are being controlled by the remedy. LUCs are included in the remedy to restrict property and groundwater use. The landfill cover is maintained. Annual inspections are performed to verify the condition of the landfill cover and to ensure the continuation and enforcement of the LUCs. Annual groundwater monitoring is being conducted in accordance with Illinois EPA landfill closure requirements.

There are no buildings present at Site 2. A clay cap and vegetative cover prevents direct contact between humans or animals and any residual contamination. In addition, NSGL lies within an area comprised of relatively impermeable till material, with relatively low hydraulic conductivities, and groundwater as a drinking water source is prohibited by Navy directive.

## 5.0 Site 1 - Golf Course Landfill

The Site 1 and 4 ROD was signed in 2011. This five-year review of Site 1 is required by statute because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on site that do not allow for UU/UE. The location of Site 1 is shown on Figure 1-2 and the layout of Site 1 is shown on Figure 5-1. The remedy for the Golf Course Landfill site is protective of human health and the environment, and exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled. A soil cover over the waste on top of the landfill prevents direct contact between humans or animals and the waste, and the plugging of former storm water conveyance pipes under the landfill prevent migration of residual contaminants. Access to the site is not limited by a perimeter fence around the site, however LUCs were implemented in 2011 to restrict future use of the site, prohibit installation of groundwater wells other than for environmental sampling, and require annual inspections of the site to ensure LUCs are continuing to be implemented. The remedy in place continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

## 5.1 Site Chronology – Table 5

The following table presents the chronology for the key events at Site 1.

Event	Date
Landfill Operation	1942 - 1967
Golf Course construction – Front Nine	1953 -1955
Landfill closure with layer of ash and soil	1967
Initial Assessment Study	1986
Golf Course construction – Back Nine	1968
Technical Memorandum on the Remedial	
Investigation Verification Step	1991
Golf Course reconstruction with placement of	
additional soil	2003
Sinkholes develop due to collapse of storm	
sewer pipe	2003
RI for Site 1	2008
FS for Sites 1 and 4	2009
ROD for Sites 1 and 4 completed	September 2010
ROD for Sites 1 and 4 Signature	January 2011
Remedial Design for Sites 1 and 4	November 2012
Groundwater Monitoring Events	June 2012 - present

## 5.2 Background

## 5.2.1 Physical Setting

Site 1 (Golf Course Landfill) is covered entirely by the approximately 125-acre golf course located in the northwest portion of the NSGL. The northwest side of NSGL is nonresidential and is not environmentally sensitive. It is bordered by commercial properties to the north, Highway 41 to the west, Buckley Road to the south, and base administrative facilities to the east. The golf course is contoured with mounds, tee boxes, bunkers, and greens with the general grade of the terrain moderately sloping towards the open channel portion of the Skokie Ditch channel on the southwest portion of the site. Three small, unlined, irrigation ponds which range in size from 0.4 to 1.4 acres in size are located in the northeastern corner of the golf course. Small, unlined ponds are also located in the southwestern and southeastern corner of the golf course. Other than the sand bunkers,

irrigation ponds, and Skokie Ditch area, the course surface is covered with grass that is frequently maintained (Tetra Tech 2011). The site is illustrated in Figure 5-1.

Regional aquitards formed by glacial till are present beneath Site 1. These aquitards are expected to limit downward migration of contaminants into deeper groundwater aquifers. Shallow groundwater, typically encountered at Site 1 between 1 and 17 feet bgs, is likely to be discontinuous across the site and is expected to have only limited lateral migration potential because of the geological profile across Site 1 (Tetra Tech 2011).

#### 5.2.2 Land and Resource Use

The western half of Site 1 was historically occupied by an approximately 49-acre landfill that operated between 1942 and 1967. Waste was contained in the landfill using burning in trenches and low-permeability soil cover. A dragline was used for excavation of the trenches which were 8 feet wide and extended to at least the top of the water table (approximately 6 to 8 feet deep). General refuse, trash, and free liquid oil were deposited directly into trenches which occasionally had several feet of standing water at their base. Skokie Ditch Open Channel and Skokie Ditch Pipe were located within the landfill footprint.

Between 1953 and 1955, the front 9-hole portion of the golf course was constructed west of the landfill. The clubhouse, Building 3312 and the parking lot were constructed in 1963. When the landfill was closed in 1967, a 0.5-foot layer of coal ash and a layer of soil with a minimum thickness of approximately 2 feet and an average thickness of approximately 6.5 feet were placed over the landfill. The back 9-hole portion of the golf course was constructed over the former landfill in 1968.

In 2003, sink holes occurred within the limits of Site 1. These sink holes were attributed to the collapse of the over 50-year old underground storm sewer pipe that conveyed the Skokie Ditch beneath Site 1. The clubhouse was demolished in 2007 and replaced in 2008 (Tetra Tech 2008).

Currently, Site 1 is located entirely within the limits of the 18-hole Willow Glen Golf Course. The golf course is owned and operated by the Navy and used by facility personnel and people from the surrounding area. Properties immediately adjacent to the site boundaries are generally commercial, industrial, or open space. Residential properties are located within a 1/8 of a mile to the north, east, south, and west of the site boundary. The future use of the surrounding land and of Site 1 as a golf course is not expected to change.

Several wells within a 3-mile radius of Site 1 were historically used as a drinking water supply and as agricultural wells. No water supply intakes from free-flowing or static water bodies are located within 3 miles of Site 1. Drinking water is supplied from Lake Michigan about 10 miles from the active Site 1 boundary (Doc: GL 000004, Site Inspection Form 3/16/1988).

## **5.2.3** History of Contamination

The primary source of contamination of soil, sediment, groundwater and surface water at Site 1 is assumed to be the former landfill activities. The landfill received a total of approximately 1.5 million tons of waste while it was in operation as a trench/burn facility from 1942 to 1967. Due to the reduction of waste through burning, the remaining waste is estimated to be approximately 500,000 tons. Reportedly, the waste included mostly domestic refuse but also included sewage, sludge, petroleum, oil and lubricants, solvents, coal ash, and materials contaminated with polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs).

## 5.2.4 Initial Response

The nature of contamination at Site 1 and the landfill limits were determined during several investigations from 1986 to 2009. During the 1986 Initial Assessment Study, Site 1 was identified as an area where further investigation was recommended to confirm or refute the presence of suspected contamination. In 1991, an investigation of surface water and groundwater was conducted. Sample analytical results had concentrations of inorganic compounds in groundwater that exceeded Illinois General Use Water Quality Standard Maximum Contaminant Levels, and results from the Skokie Ditch surface water (within Site 1) had concentrations of inorganic compounds, and oil and grease that exceeded Illinois EPA surface water quality criteria.

In 1998, sampling was conducted at Site 1 to be used to generate a contaminant hazard score and a resulting relative risk ranking. During the 1998 sampling, four shallow soil samples were collected from Site 1 and were analyzed for Target Analyte List metals, cyanide and Target Compound List (TCL) volatiles, semivolatiles, pesticides, and PCBs. Laboratory results indicated the presence of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and inorganics in soil samples at concentrations exceeding the Illinois EPA TACO residential and commercial remediation objectives and the exceedences of USEPA Region 9 PRGs.

An RI was conducted in 2008 at Site 1. During the 2008 RI, samples were collected from 16 of the 103 soil borings, 14 wells, five surface water locations, and seven sediment locations. The borings were used to visually delineate the extent of buried landfill material. Laboratory results indicated the presence of COPCs in subsurface soil, groundwater, surface water, and sediments at concentrations that exceeded the human health screening criteria. A risk assessment was performed using data from the RI at Sites 1 and 4 (TtNUS 2008). The risk assessment is further discussed in the Basis for Taking Action section below.

In 2009, a focused FS evaluated alternatives including the use of containment, monitoring and LUCs for Site 1 to eliminate unacceptable risks associated with leaving waste and contaminated media in place.

## 5.2.5 Basis for Taking Action

A HHRA was conducted for Site 1. It focused on VOCs, metals, chloride, and phosphorous as COPCs and evaluated construction workers, maintenance workers, adolescent trespassers, and hypothetical future occupational workers as well as civilian and military residents (adults and children) as potential receptors. Initially, COPCs were evaluated against conservative screening criteria, and exceedances caused COPCs to be considered for an HHRA.

The HHRA concluded that COPCs posed an elevated carcinogenic and/or noncarcinogenic risk to several receptors. Elevated carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic risks to maintenance workers were associated with dermal contact and ingestion of sediment and surface water. Dermal contact and ingestion originating from sediment and surface water posed an elevated risk to recreational users and trespassers. Inhalation of indoor air impacted with VOCs, inhalation of outdoor air affected by VOC migration, and ingestion of VOC-impacted soil posed elevated risk to future residents (Tetra Tech 2011).

Landfill wastes are to remain buried at Site 1. Without proper control, the landfill wastes have the potential to contaminate the following site media: subsurface soil, sediment, groundwater, and surface water.

The contaminants associated with these buried landfill wastes in each media include the following:

#### Subsurface Soil

- VOCs were detected in subsurface soil samples at concentrations less than applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria.
- PAHs and metals were detected in subsurface soil samples at concentrations that
  exceeded applicable human health and/or ecologic screening criteria. Metals that were
  detected include aluminum, antimony, arsenic, copper, chromium, iron, lead, silver,
  manganese, thallium, and vanadium.
- Pesticides and herbicides were detected in subsurface soil samples with concentrations in some soil samples exceeding applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria.
   Presence of low-level pesticides and herbicides in soil is likely result of routine historical use at golf course.
- Dioxin/furans were detected in subsurface soil samples with concentrations in some samples exceeding applicable human health risk-based criteria.
- Low-level PCBs were detected in subsurface soil samples at concentrations less than applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria in several soil samples.

#### Sediment

- PAHs and metals were detected in sediment samples at concentrations that exceeded applicable human health and/or ecologic screening criteria. Metals that were detected include aluminum, arsenic, barium, chromium, iron, lean, silver, manganese, thallium, and vanadium.
- Pesticides were detected in sediment samples with concentrations in some samples exceeding applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria. Presence of low-level pesticides is likely result of routine historical use at golf course.
- Dioxin/furans were detected in sediment samples with concentrations in some samples exceeding applicable ecologic screening criteria.
- Low-level PCBs were detected in one sediment sample at concentrations less than applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria.

#### Groundwater

- VOCs were detected in groundwater samples at concentrations less than applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria, with the exception of one groundwater sample that had a VOC concentration greater than a drinking water screening criterion. Benzene was detected on one well at 0.44J ug/L, which is above the USEPA Region 9 Tap Water Preliminary Remediation Goal of 0.35 ug/L.
- PAHs and metals were detected in groundwater samples at concentrations that exceeded applicable human health and/or ecologic screening criteria. Metals that were detected include aluminum, arsenic, barium, chromium, iron, lead, silver, manganese, thallium, and vanadium.

#### **Surface Water**

- VOCs were detected in surface water samples at concentrations less than applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria, with the exception of two surface water samples that had vinyl chloride concentrations greater than a drinking water screening criterion. Vinyl Chloride was detected in two samples above the USEPA Region 9 Tap Water Preliminary Remediation Goal of 0.02 ug/L.
- PAHs and metals were detected in surface water samples at concentrations that exceeded applicable human health and/or ecologic screening criteria. Metals that were detected include aluminum, arsenic, barium, chromium, iron, lead, silver, manganese, thallium, and vanadium.

A HHRA and an ecological risk screening were conducted at Site 1 as part of the RI. Human risks identified under current and future land use scenarios were evaluated. The carcinogenic risks for exposure to subsurface soil, sediment, groundwater, and surface water under future and current use scenarios were elevated, but within the USEPA's target risk range of 1x10<sup>-6</sup> to 1x10<sup>-4</sup>. Carcinogenic risks exceeded the Illinois EPA's more stringent goal of 1x10<sup>-6</sup> for most receptors contacting these media. The non-carcinogenic risks for exposure to groundwater exceeded a hazard index (HI) of 1 and are therefore considered unacceptable for future residential occupants. The Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment (SERA) determined that the overall risk to ecological receptors from Site 1 contaminants was negligible. The Navy and Illinois EPA determined that no further ecological evaluation was warranted.

## 5.3 Remedial Actions

## 5.3.1 Remedy Selection

The ROD for Site 1 and Site 4 was signed in January 2011 (Tetra Tech, 2011). The principal factors influencing selection of the remedy included:

- The remedy should be implemented in a short time frame, and be protective of human health
  and the environment, be cost-effective, and will result in a permanent solution to the maximum
  extent practicable.
- The remedy should be consistent with the current and reasonably anticipated future recreational use of the site.

The selected remedy included the use of LUCs to prevent access to remaining soil contamination and to maintain the existing engineered barrier. The following LUCs were implemented to achieve objectives:

- Property Use Restriction Site 1 does not pose a threat to human health or the environment under an industrial/commercial land use scenario. Residential use of the property is prohibited.
- Groundwater Use Restriction The installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental evaluation or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater. In addition, the installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental evaluation or monitoring wells) is prohibited in all geographic areas of Naval Station Great Lakes by Naval Station Great Lakes Instruction 11130.1 (Ground Water Use Restrictions).
- Soil Disturbance Restriction The excavation and uncontrolled removal of soil from Site 1
  without prior review of work plans by the Navy and the Illinois EPA is prohibited. These reviews

are necessary to ensure adequate worker health and safety precautions and to confirm proper management of contaminated materials.

• Maintenance of Soil Cover – A soil cover is present at the site to prevent exposure to contaminated soil. This cover will be inspected and maintained.

## 5.3.2 Remedy Implementation

No source materials consisting of principle threat wastes (as defined in USEPA, 1991) are present at Site 1. Source materials present at Site 1 as buried landfill wastes have been covered and have remained relatively undisturbed and stable for several decades. The risk assessment determined that the source materials present at Site 1 do not present a significant risk to human health or the environment based on the current site use.

The ROD documents the following remedies selected as presumptive remedy for soil, groundwater, and sediment contamination in landfills:

- Placement of riprap layer of a limited area in the Skokie Ditch to address localized PAH contamination which was completed in 2011;
- Abandonment and replacement of damaged piping in Skokie Ditch and the relocation of a storm water sewer to the perimeter of the landfill which was completed in 2011;
- A cover over the landfill surface to prevent surface receptors from contact with contaminated soil and/or waste;
- Institutional controls to restrict use of land and groundwater;
- Groundwater monitoring to satisfy Illinois EPA landfill closure requirements; and
- Routine inspections and maintenance of the cover, sediment controls, and piping in the Skokie Ditch and institutional controls to ensure continued integrity.

## 5.3.3 System Operations/O&M

In accordance with the LUC Implementation Plan that is part of the LUCMOA between Illinois EPA and Navy dated June 1, 2005, annual inspections of the Site 1 are required. As part of the Remedial Design, an O&M plan was prepared in November 2012 to guide post-closure inspection and maintenance of the site. The O&M at Site 1 includes the following:

- Post-closure care and reporting at Site 1 must be performed annually for 30 years in accordance with the IAC Title 35, Subtitle G, Chapter 1, Subchapter I, Parts 807-811.
- Groundwater sampling and analysis must be performed in accordance with the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Tetra Tech, 2012) and must meet the requirements of 35 IAC 620; and
- Annual inspection and maintenance of vegetative cover system, abandoned storm sewer system, and groundwater monitoring wells in accordance with the O&M plan (November 2012).

Groundwater monitoring has been conducted by sampling ten monitoring wells at Sites 1 and 4. Groundwater samples collected from the monitoring wells were submitted to a laboratory for

analysis of VOCs, pesticides, SVOCs, PCBs, dioxins and furans, metals, and other chemicals. Groundwater monitoring was completed in June, September, and December 2012; March, June, September/October, and December 2013; and March and June 2014.

## 5.4 Five-Year Review Process

Site 1 is part of a comprehensive environmental investigation and cleanup program that has been performed at NSGL under CERCLA authority. The site is currently in the long-term monitoring phase of the CERCLA process.

### 5.4.1 Document Review

The following documents were reviewed for Site 1 (Golf Course):

- Remedial Investigation and Risk Assessment Report, Site 1 Golf Couse Landfill, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL, TtNUS, Inc., March 20086.
- Record of Decision, Site 1 Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 Fire Fighting Training Unit, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL. Tetra Tech, February 16, 2011
- Remedial Design for LUCs and Long-Term Monitoring, Site 1 Golf Course Landfill and Site 4
   Fire Fighting Training Unit, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL. NAVFAC Midwest, November 2012
- Operation and Maintenance Manual, Sites 1 Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 Fire Fighting Training Unit, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL. Tetra Tech, November 2012.
- Draft Final Long-Term Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report, June 2012 March 2013, Site 1

   Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 Fire Fighting Training Unit. NSGL, Great Lakes, IL. Tetra
   Tech, September 2013.

## 5.4.2 Monitoring Data Review

The Navy has conducted groundwater monitoring at Site 1 since June 2012 to comply with federal and Illinois requirements for closure of landfills under RCRA. Groundwater monitoring is currently being conducted annually, but had previously been conducted quarterly. Data generated from groundwater sampling is evaluated by comparison of results to the State of Illinois TACO criteria or, in the absence of a TACO criterion, to the USEPA primary or secondary MCL.<sup>3</sup> Evaluation also includes comparison to previous rounds of groundwater monitoring and a trend analysis of the data. Round 7 of groundwater monitoring was completed in December 2013. Ten wells around Site 1 were sampled and samples were submitted to a laboratory for analysis of dioxins and furans, VOCs, SVOCs, herbicides, metals, chlorides, ammonia, alkalinity, biochemical oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand, sulfates, nitrates, nitrites, TDS, and others. The following contaminants exhibited concentrations exceeding criteria during the most recent sampling event:

 One dioxin (1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)-OCDD was detected in four samples at concentrations well below its USEPA Regional Screening Level (RSL).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> TACO Tier 1 criteria are considered "To Be Considered" standards. Secondary MCLs are unenforceable goals related to water taste, odor, and color and are not ARARs unless promulgated by states.

- Iron and manganese were detected in unfiltered samples at concentrations exceeding TACO
  criteria in four samples. Barium, boron, calcium, cobalt, copper, magnesium, nickel, potassium,
  selenium, silver, sodium, and zinc were detected in at least one well at concentrations below
  criteria.
- Chloride was detected in two samples at concentrations greater than its TACO criterion.
- Phosphorous was detected in two samples at concentrations greater than its RSL criterion.
- Sulfate was detected in one sample at a concentration greater than its TACO criterion.
- TDS concentrations detected in 9 of 10 samples exceeded USEPA secondary MCL.
- Fluoride and nitrate were detected in several samples at concentrations that did not exceed TACO criteria.

Contaminant concentrations as compared to previous sampling results appear to be very similar to previous results, although dioxins and furans concentrations appear to be decreasing related to previous results. The Long Term Monitoring Report Round 7 was not available for this Five-Year Review. A summary of the most recent groundwater sampling data is provided in Appendix A.

## 5.4.3 Site Visit and Inspection

Site 1 was inspected on September 20, 2012, by Mr. Benjamin Simes from NAVFAC Midwest, Mr. Brian Conrath of the Illinois EPA, and Mr. Matt Mesarch and Mr. Ken Brown of Resolution Consultants. The vegetative cover (grass) was in overall good condition. Comments and issues were recorded on the site inspection checklist included in Appendix C. The ROD was approved in 2011 and the Remedial Design was approved in 2012, so the September 2012 inspection was the first annual inspection.

Site 1 was inspected on August 15, 2013, by Mr. Howard Hickey, and no instances of breaches of the LUCs were noted. No site deterioration or deficiencies were observed. A copy of the site inspection form is provided in Appendix C.

An interview was conducted with Mr. Benjamin Simes during the site inspection walkthrough conducted in September 2012. Mr. Simes provided a history of the site and responded to questions regarding the response actions taken at the property. Mr. Simes and other NAVFAC and contract Five-Year Review team members worked collaboratively to compile information, review site data, review the condition of the site, and assess the protectiveness of the remedy.

To supplement the information gathered by the Five-Year Review team, an interview was conducted with Mr. David E. Ohren, Golf Course Superintendent at the Willow Glen Golf Club on September 15, 2014. Mr. Ohren was asked about overall concerns or observations regarding the recent re-routing of the storm sewer, inspection activities at the golf course and the process for correcting deficiencies, and the level and types of inspections conducted. Highlights of the discussion are, as follows:

Mr. Ohren was pleased with the changes in the golf course condition, as the replacement storm sewer has dramatically reduced the extent of flooding that they experience during times of high precipitation.

- There have been no significant areas of subsidence or erosion since the installation of the new storm sewer.
- The golf course has experienced no problems getting support for repair and maintenance on the landfill / golf course cover. If cover areas are identified that require work beyond what is done by the normal landscape contractor, the golf course simply submits a work order to Naval Station Great Lakes. Because the ERN program retains responsibility for the long-term care of the landfill, they do not have to secure funds in order to get the work done. There have been no problems with these routine requests for maintenance.
- The roles and responsibilities list from the O&M Plan was also discussed and several modifications are recommended. Three tasks ascribed to the golf course staff are actually not being performed. Golf course personnel are not inspecting the riprap layer in Skokie Creek and are not inspecting the abandoned storm sewer system. These are tasks that are better suited to Naval Station Great Lakes / MidLANT Project Management staff as part of the annual site inspection. In addition, the O&M Plan includes a requirement that golf course personnel prepare inspection reports for submittal to NAVFAC Midwest and Naval Station Great Lakes. This is not occurring, and there does not appear to be a need for this level of formality. It is recommended that the O&M Plan's roles and responsibilities list be reviewed and updated, as appropriate. These recommended changes have no impact on the protectiveness determination for the remedy at the site.
- Mr. Ohren did note that there has been some minor damage to the grass from the truck used to access the groundwater monitoring wells during winter sampling events. While there are no concerns with the contractors accessing the property, he asks that they consult with him regarding the best routes in/out in order to minimize damage to the grass.

## 5.5 Technical Assessment

The objective of the five-year review is to evaluate whether the RA implemented at a site will be protective of human health and the environment. The effectiveness of RAs is evaluated through comparison to the RAOs for each site. To provide a framework for organizing and evaluating data and information, and to ensure that all relevant issues are considered when evaluating the protectiveness of the remedy, the USEPA guidance lists three questions to consider:

## 5.5.1 Question A: Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The selected remedy for Site 1 consists of four elements. Containment was achieved by maintaining the existing golf course soil and vegetative cover, which provide an equivalent final cover component as defined by landfill regulations cited in 25 IAC 807 that requires a minimum of 3 feet of low permeable soil cover on top of the impacted areas. The existing soil cover averages 6.5 feet in thickness. The remedy also includes re-routing of storm sewer lines to the landfill perimeter with the abandonment of lines that run through the landfill by grouting them closed. LUCs were incorporated into the Base Master Plan, which already restricted groundwater and surface water use, to also restrict disturbance of surface and subsurface soil and to prohibit residential development. The LUCs have also been recorded with the Navy's LUC Tracker system. The use restrictions agreed upon by the Navy and Illinois EPA include:

 Property Use Restriction – Site does not pose risk to human health and environment under light recreational use. Any residential use is prohibited.

- Groundwater Use Restriction Installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater. Sampling of groundwater from site's monitoring well network is currently conducted annually.
- Soil Disturbance Restriction Excavation and uncontrolled removal of soil from below
   18 inches at Golf Course without prior approval of Navy and Illinois EPA are prohibited.
- Maintenance of Landfill Cover Landfill cover is required to be inspected on annual basis and maintained.

Current conditions indicate that the remedy, including the engineered cover and LUCs, is functioning as intended. The property is not being used in a manner inconsistent with the use restriction, groundwater is not being used for any purpose other than annual environmental monitoring, soil is not being disturbed, and the engineered cover is being maintained.

# 5.5.2 Question B: Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives Used at the Time of the Remedy Selection Still Valid?

There have been no changes at the site (e.g., new contaminant sources, new ecological risks, or receptors) which would inhibit this remedy's protectiveness. The exposure assumptions, cleanup levels, and RAOs for this site have not changed and are still valid. ARARs were reviewed and it was determined that no changes have occurred that would impact protectiveness.

## 5.5.3 Question C: Has any Other Information Come to Light That Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No additional information has been obtained that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. The ROD was signed in 2011 and Remedial Design were approved in 2012 so two annual inspections have been completed for the site. The existing land use restrictions are effective in protecting human health and the environment while concentrations of the COCs exceed the cleanup criteria.

## 5.6 Issues

No issues identified at Site 1 during the Five-Year Review process.

## 5.7 Recommendations

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Site 1 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Affe Protecti (Y/ Current	veness
Site 1 – Golf C	ourse Landfill					
Update O&M Plan Roles and Responsibiliti es	* Assign riprap and abandoned storm sewer inspections to NAVSTA Great Lakes Project Manager as part of annual site inspection. * Remove requirement that golf course personnel prepare reports for submission to NAVSTA Great Lakes	NAVFAC	Illinois EPA	12/30/14	N	N

## 5.8 Protectiveness Statements

The remedy at Site 1 is protective of human health and the environment.

No unacceptable risks exist at the site from impacted soil, groundwater or vapor, as applicable exposure pathways are being controlled by the remedy. LUCs serve as the remedy at the site by restricting property and groundwater use, maintaining the ground cover, and requiring annual inspections to ensure the continuation and enforcement of the LUCs. Groundwater monitoring is being conducted in accordance with Illinois EPA landfill closure requirements.

In addition, NSGL lies within an area comprised of relatively impermeable till material, with relatively low hydraulic conductivities, and groundwater as a drinking water source is prohibited by Navy directive.

## 6.0 Site 4 – Former Fire Fighting Training Unit (FFTU)

The Site 1 and 4 ROD was signed in 2011. This five-year review of Site 4 is required by statute because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on site that do not allow for UU/UE. The location of Site 4 is shown on Figure 1-2 and the layout of Site 4 is shown on Figure 5-1. The remedy for Site 4 is protective of human health and the environment, and exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled. A soil cover over the former Fire Fighting Training Unit (FFTU) prevents direct contact between humans or animals and the contaminated soil. Access to the site is not restricted, however LUCs were implemented in 2011 to restrict future use of the site, prohibit installation of groundwater wells other than for environmental sampling, and require annual inspections of the site to ensure LUCs are continuing to be implemented. The remedy in place continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

## 6.1 Site Chronology – Table 6

The following table presents the chronology for the key events at Site 4.

Event	Date
Initial Assessment Study	1986
Technical Memorandum on the Remedial	
Investigation Verification Step	1991
Investigations and Removal of Tanks and Fuel	
Lines and Demolition Services	1996 - 1997
Bioremediation of Contaminated Soil in	
Biopiles	1997 - 1998
RI Report for Site 4	1998
Investigation of Former Sludge Pit	2000
FS for Sites 1 and 4	2009
ROD for Sites 1 and 4 completed	September 2010
ROD for Sites 1 and 4 Signature	January 2011
Remedial Design for Sites 1 and 4	November 2012
Groundwater Monitoring Events for Sites 1	
and 4	June 2012 - present

## 6.2 Background

## 6.2.1 Physical Setting

Site 4 is located in the northwest portion of NSGL where the current Willow Glen Golf Course exists and was the location of the former FFTU. The northwest portion of NSGL is nonresidential and is not environmentally sensitive. Site 4 occupies approximately 10 acres east of the Skokie Ditch, near the center of the golf course and is bordered on all sides by the golf course. The golf course maintenance facility is located in the area of the FFTU. (Tetra Tech 2011). The site is illustrated in Figure 6-1.

Regional aquitards formed by glacial till are present beneath Site 4. These aquitards are expected to limit downward migration of contaminants into deeper groundwater aquifers. Shallow groundwater, typically encountered at Site 4 between 1 and 17 feet bgs, is likely to be discontinuous across the site and is expected to have only limited lateral migration potential because of the geological profile across Site 4 (Tetra Tech 2011).

#### 6.2.2 Land and Resource Use

Site 4 was a 10-acre FFTU which was used between 1942 and 1989 to train naval recruits in the fundamentals of firefighting. The former FFTU was located near the center of the 18-hole Willow Glen Golf Course. The current golf course is owned and operated by the Navy and used by facility personnel and people from the surrounding area. Properties immediately adjacent to the golf course are generally commercial, industrial or open space. Residential properties are located within an eighth of a mile to the north, east, south and west of the site. The future use of the surrounding land and of Site 4 as a golf course is not expected to change.

Several wells within a 3-mile radius of Site 4 were historically used as a drinking water supply and agricultural wells. No water supply intakes from free-flowing or static water bodies are located within 3 miles of Site 4. Drinking water is supplied from Lake Michigan about 10 miles from the active Site 4 boundary (Doc: GL 000004, Site Inspection form March 16, 1988). The installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental monitoring wells) at the Site 4 is prohibited to prevent the consumption of groundwater (Document 000343).

### 6.2.3 History of Contamination

The primary source of contamination to subsurface soil and groundwater at Site 4 is attributed to petroleum products (diesel fuel and gasoline) that were stored onsite and used during firefighting training exercises. COCs included PAHs and VOCs in subsurface soil and metals, PAHs and VOCs in groundwater.

Fuels in open burn pits, concrete carrier compartments and gasoline burning compartments were ignited to simulate fires. Fuels were transported to the site through pressurized underground piping. Unburned fuels and wastewater were drained from the burn area and treated using separators and decant ponds on the western side of the FFTU. Treated wastewater and storm water discharged through a storm sewer into Skokie Creek, approximately 0.25 miles west and south of the site.

Soil and groundwater at Site 4 were contaminated with fuel oil, gasoline, and undetermined accelerants/fuels. Contamination has been attributed to the former pressurized piping system, former underground storage tanks (USTs), sludge pits, and firefighting exercises.

The piping and subsurface vaults, tanks, pits, sludge pits, soil, and other features were successfully removed, sorted, and characterized for appropriate disposal and/or treated on site. Biopiles were constructed on site in accordance with a pre-approved remediation design to treat petroleum contaminated soil using ex-situ bioremediation techniques. As identified in subsequent investigations some residual soil contamination remained at the site following cleanup activities.

#### 6.2.4 Initial Response

During the 1986 Initial Assessment Study, Site 4 was identified as an area where further investigation was recommended to confirm or refute the presence of suspected contamination. In 1991, an investigation of soil, surface water, and groundwater was conducted. Sample analytical results had elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons in soil and detected oil and grease in shallow groundwater.

In 1997, the piping and subsurface vault, tanks pits, sludge pits, soil, and other features were successfully removed, sorted, and characterized for appropriate off-site disposal or onsite

treatment. Biopiles were constructed onsite to treat petroleum-contaminated soil using ex-situ bioremediation techniques. The biopile remediation was completed in 1998.

In 1998, a RI was conducted following the removal of underground piping, contaminated soil, and an UST. During the 1998 RI, 205 subsurface soil samples, 53 groundwater samples, 4 surface water, and 4 sediment samples were collected at Site 4 and a TACO Tier 2 analysis was conducted. Laboratory results indicated the presence of PAHs and VOCs in soil and groundwater samples at concentrations exceeding the Illinois EPA TACO Tier 1 Residential Groundwater Remediation Objectives (GRO). The TACO Tier 2 analysis predicted that contamination would not migrate off-site at concentrations exceeding Tier 1 PRGs. A RI of soil in the former FFTU sludge pit that was conducted in 2000 confirmed the presence of inorganics in soil at concentrations that exceeded TACO Tier 1 Soil Remedial Objectives (SROs) for residential properties but were less than Tier 2 objectives.

In 2009, a focused FS evaluated alternatives including the use of containment, monitoring and LUCs for Site 4 to eliminate unacceptable risks associated with leaving waste and contaminated media in place.

## 6.2.5 Basis for Taking Action

The HHRA that was prepared in 2008 as part of the Remedial Investigation for Site 1 provided an overall estimate of human health risks at the site but did not utilize data from the FFTU area because the depths of the samples had changed significantly since collection. A clean soil cover was placed over the FFTU area during the reconstruction of the golf course in 2003. Therefore, the estimated depth to these historical soil samples is at least 8 feet below the current ground surface and the likelihood of direct contact is minimal.

There was uncertainty in risk estimates developed for Site 1 by not including the data from the FFTU area. The HHRA assumed that receptors would be directly exposed to subsurface soil (i.e., assuming that subsurface soil is excavated and brought to the surface) and groundwater contamination. To evaluate this uncertainty and possible exposure to subsurface soil and groundwater at the FFTU, supplemental risk estimates were calculated.

Subsurface soil samples were collected from the FFTU area in 1997, 1998, and 1999. The only receptor realistically expected to be exposed to subsurface soil at Sites 1 and 4 is the future construction worker. Therefore, risks at the FFTU were evaluated for this receptor. Using the maximum concentrations, the following chemicals were identified as COPCs for the FFTU: benzene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)flourathene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and naphthalene. Risk estimates for the construction worker based exposure to maximum detected concentrations found that the total cancer risk is less than the USEPA and Illinois EPA goal of 1x10-6 and the noncarcinogenic hazard indices meet the goal of 1 on a target organ basis. In addition to construction workers, risk estimates hypothetical future residents

Risks from hypothetical future residential use of the property were also calculated using FFTU data with the assumption that receptors would be exposed to subsurface soil that would have been brought to the surface in the future. Risks were found to be within USEPA's target risk range, 1x10<sup>-6</sup> to 1x10<sup>-4</sup>, but exceeded the Illinois EPA goal of 1x10<sup>-6</sup>, with risks mainly due to exposure to PAHs. HIs for the hypothetical future receptors were found to be less than the USEPA and Illinois EPA goal of 1.

Exposure to groundwater from the FFTU area was also considered. Data from 1998 showed concentrations of benzene (73 µg/L) and naphthalene (31 µg/L) in excess of USEPA MCLs and Illinois EPA Residential Tier 1 Remediation Objectives for Class 1 Groundwater. These concentrations correspond to an approximate cancer risk of 2 x  $10^{-4}$  for benzene and a noncarcinogenic HI of 5 for naphthalene assuming future residential use of groundwater and exposure by ingestion and inhalation. Hypothetical inhalation risks were found to be well below regulatory levels.

Contaminated soil is to remain in place at Site 4. Without proper control, the contaminated soil has the potential to contaminate the following site media: subsurface soil, sediment, groundwater, and surface water. Groundwater ingestion could result in an unacceptable carcinogenic and noncarcinogenic risks; therefore controls are necessary to prohibit potable use of groundwater.

The contaminants associated with past firefighting training activities in each media include the following:

#### Subsurface Soil

- VOCs were generally detected in subsurface soil samples at concentrations less than
  applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria. However, four sampling locations
  were found to contain levels of benzene in excess of the Illinois EPA TACO SRO for
  Residential Properties Inhalation
- PAHs were detected in subsurface soil samples at concentrations that exceeded applicable human health and/or ecologic screening criteria.
- Pesticides, PCBs, and herbicides were not detected in subsurface soil samples.
- Subsurface soil samples at Site 4 were not analyzed for dioxin/furans or metals.

#### Sediment

- VOCs, PAHs, pesticides, PCBs, and herbicides were not detected in sediment samples.
- Sediment samples at Site 4 were not analyzed for dioxin/furans or metals.

#### Groundwater

- Groundwater data from 1998 found concentrations of benzene (73 μg/L) and naphthalene (31 μg/L) at concentrations that exceeded USEPA MCLs and Illinois EPA Residential Tier 1 Remediation Objectives for Class 1 Groundwater. PAHs were detected in groundwater samples at concentrations that exceeded applicable human health and/or ecologic screening criteria.
- Pesticides, PCBs, and herbicides were not detected in groundwater samples.
- Groundwater samples at Site 4 were not analyzed for dioxin/furans or metals.

#### **Surface Water**

 VOCs were detected in surface water samples at concentrations less than applicable human health and ecologic screening criteria, with the exception of two surface water samples that had vinyl chloride concentrations greater than a drinking water screening criterion. Vinyl chloride was detected in two samples above the USEPA Region 9 Tap Water PRG of 0.02 ug/L.

- PAHs, pesticides, PCBs, and herbicides were not detected in surface water samples.
- Because of the location of Site 4 with respect to Site 1, the surface water data presented for Site 4 is that same data that is presented for Site 1.
- Surface water samples at Site 4 were not analyzed for dioxin/furans or metals.

## 6.3 Remedial Actions

## 6.3.1 Remedy Selection

The ROD for Site 1 and Site 4 was signed in January 2011 (Tetra Tech, 2011). The principal factors influencing selection of the remedy included:

- The remedy should be implemented in a short time frame, and be protective of human health and the environment, be cost-effective, and will result in a permanent solution to the maximum extent practicable.
- The remedy should be consistent with the current and reasonably anticipated future recreational use of the site.

The selected remedy included the use of LUCs to prevent access to remaining soil contamination and to maintain the existing engineered barrier. The following LUCs were implemented to achieve objectives:

- Property Use Restriction Site 4 does not pose a threat to human health or the environment under an industrial/commercial land use scenario. Residential use of the property is prohibited.
- Groundwater Use Restriction The installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental
  evaluation or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater.
  In addition, the installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental evaluation or
  monitoring wells) is prohibited in all geographic areas of Naval Station Great Lakes by Naval
  Station Great Lakes Instruction 11130.1 (Ground Water Use Restrictions).
- Soil Disturbance Restriction The excavation and uncontrolled removal of soil from Site 4
  without prior review of work plans by the Navy and the Illinois EPA is prohibited. These reviews
  are necessary to ensure adequate worker health and safety precautions and to confirm proper
  management of contaminated materials.
- Maintenance of Soil Cover A soil cover is present at the site to prevent exposure to contaminated soil. This cover will be inspected and maintained.

## 6.3.2 Remedy Implementation

No source materials consisting of principle threat wastes (as defined in USEPA, 1991) are present at Site 4. Source materials present at Site 4 as residual soil contamination have been covered and have remained relatively undisturbed and stable for several decades. The risk assessment determined that the source materials present at Site 4 do not present a significant risk to human health or the environment based on the current site use.

Since Site 4 is located within the footprint of Site 1, the remedy activities implemented for Site 1 also apply to Site 4. The ROD documents the following remedies selected as presumptive remedy for soil, groundwater, and sediment contamination:

- Placement of riprap layer of a limited area in the Skokie Ditch to address PAH contamination which was completed in 2011;
- Abandonment and replacement of damaged piping in Skokie Ditch and the relocation of a storm water sewer to the perimeter of Site 1 which was completed in 2011;
- A cover over the contaminated soil to prevent surface receptors from contact with contaminated soil;
- Institutional controls to restrict use of land and groundwater;
- Groundwater monitoring to satisfy Illinois EPA site closure requirements; and
- Routine inspections and maintenance of the cover, sediment controls and piping in the Skokie Ditch, and institutional controls to ensure continued integrity.

### 6.3.3 System Operations/O&M

In accordance with the LUC Implementation Plan that is part of the LUCMOA between the Illinois EPA and Navy dated June 1, 2005, annual inspections of Site 4 are required. As part of the Remedial Design, an O&M plan was prepared in November 2012 to guide post-closure inspection and maintenance of the site must be implemented. The O&M at Site 4 includes the following:

- Post-closure care and reporting at Site 4 must be performed annually for 30 years in accordance with the IAC Title 35, Subtitle G, Chapter 1, Subchapter I, Parts 807-811.
- Groundwater sampling and analysis must be performed in accordance with the Sampling and Analysis Plan (Tetra Tech 2012) and must meet the requirements of 35 IAC 620; and
- Annual inspection and maintenance of vegetative cover system, abandoned storm sewer system, and groundwater monitoring wells in accordance with the O&M plan (November 2012).

Groundwater monitoring has been conducted by sampling ten monitoring wells at Sites 1 and 4. Groundwater samples collected from the monitoring wells were submitted to a laboratory for analysis of VOCs, pesticides, SVOCs, PCBs, dioxins and furans, metals, and other chemicals. Groundwater monitoring was completed in June, September, and December 2012; March, June, September/October, and December 2013; and March and June 2014.

## 6.4 Five-Year Review Process

Site 4 is part of a comprehensive environmental investigation and cleanup program that has been performed at NSGL under CERCLA authority. The site is currently in the long-term monitoring phase of the CERCLA process.

#### 6.4.1 Document Review

The following documents were reviewed for Site 4 (FFTU):

- Fire Fighting Training Unit Remedial Investigation Report, Naval Training Center Great Lakes, Great Lakes IL, Beling Consultants, Inc., July 1998
- Delivery Order Completion Report, Remedial Investigation of Soil, Former FFTU Sludge Pit at Naval Training Center, Great Lakes, IL, TolTest, February 2000
- Remedial Investigation and Risk Assessment Report, Site 1 Golf Couse Landfill, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL, TtNUS. March 2006
- Record of Decision, Site 1 Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 Fire Fighting Training Unit, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL. Tetra Tech, February 16, 2011
- Remedial Design for LUCs and Long-Term Monitoring, Site 1 Golf Course Landfill and Site 4
   Fire Fighting Training Unit, NSGL, Great Lakes, IL. Tetra Tech, November 2012
- Operation and Maintenance Manual, Site 1 Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 Fire Fighting Training Unit, Naval Station Great Lakes, Great Lakes, IL. NAVFAC Midwest, November 2012.

## 6.4.2 Monitoring Data Review

The Navy has conducted groundwater monitoring around the periphery of Site 1 since June 2012 to comply with federal and Illinois requirements for closure of landfills under RCRA. Groundwater monitoring is currently being conducted annually, but had previously been conducted quarterly. Data generated from groundwater sampling is evaluated by comparison of results to the State of Illinois TACO criteria or, in the absence of a TACO criterion, to the USEPA primary or secondary MCL.<sup>4</sup> Evaluation also includes comparison to previous rounds of groundwater monitoring and a trend analysis of the data. Round 7 of groundwater monitoring was completed in December 2013. No monitoring wells are near Site 4 but ten wells around Site 1 were sampled and samples were submitted to a laboratory for analysis of dioxins and furans, VOCs, SVOCs, herbicides, metals, chlorides, ammonia, alkalinity, biochemical oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand, sulfates, nitrates, nitrites, TDS, and others. The following contaminants exhibited concentrations exceeding criteria during the most recent sampling event:

- One dioxin (1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9)-OCDD was detected in four samples at concentrations well below its USEPA Regional Screening Level (RSL).
- Iron and manganese were detected in unfiltered samples at concentrations exceeding TACO
  criteria in four samples. Barium, boron, calcium, cobalt, copper, magnesium, nickel, potassium,
  selenium, silver, sodium, and zinc were detected in at least one well at concentrations below
  criteria.
- Chloride was detected in two samples at concentrations greater than its TACO criterion.
- Phosphorous was detected in two samples at concentrations greater than its RSL criterion.
- Sulfate was detected in one sample at a concentration greater that its TACO criterion.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> TACO Tier 1 criteria are considered "To Be Considered" standards. Secondary MCLs are unenforceable goals related to water taste, odor, and color and are not ARARs unless promulgated by states.

- TDS concentrations detected in 9 of 10 samples exceeded USEPA secondary MCL.
- Fluoride and nitrate were detected in several samples at concentrations that did not exceed TACO criteria.

Contaminant concentrations as compared to previous sampling results appear to be very similar to previous results, although dioxins and furans concentrations appear to be decreasing related to previous results. The Long Term Monitoring Report Round 9 was not available for this review. A summary of the most recent groundwater sampling data is provided in Appendix A.

## 6.4.3 Site Visit and Inspection

Site 4 was inspected on September 20, 2012, by Mr. Benjamin Simes from NSGL, Mr. Brian Conrath of the Illinois EPA, and Mr. Matt Mesarch and Mr. Ken Brown of Resolution Consultants. The vegetative cover (grass) was in overall good condition. Comments and issues were recorded on the site inspection checklist included in Appendix C. The ROD was approved in 2011 and the Remedial Design was approved in 2012, so the September 2012 inspection was the first annual inspection.

Sites 1 and 4 were inspected on August 15, 2013 by Mr. Howard Hickey, and no instances of breaches of the LUCs were noted. No site deterioration or deficiencies were observed. A copy of the site inspection form is provided in Appendix C.

An interview was conducted with Mr. Benjamin Simes during the site inspection walkthrough conducted in September 2012. Mr. Simes provided a history of the site and responded to questions regarding the response actions taken at the property. Mr. Simes and other NAVFAC and contract Five-Year Review team members worked collaboratively to compile information, review site data, review the condition of the site, and assess the protectiveness of the remedy.

To supplement the information gathered by the Five-Year Review team, an interview was conducted with Mr. David E. Ohren, Golf Course Superintendent at the Willow Glen Golf Club on September 15, 2014. Mr. Ohren was asked about overall concerns or observations regarding the recent re-routing of the storm sewer, inspection activities at the golf course and the process for correcting deficiencies, and the level and types of inspections conducted. Highlights of the discussion are, as follows:

- Mr. Ohren was pleased with the changes in the golf course condition, as the replacement storm sewer has dramatically reduced the extent of flooding that they experience during times of high precipitation.
- There have been no significant areas of subsidence or erosion since the installation of the new storm sewer.
- The golf course has experienced no problems getting support for repair and maintenance on the landfill / golf course cover. If cover areas are identified that require work beyond what is done by the normal landscape contractor, the golf course simply submits a work order to Naval Station Great Lakes. Because the ERN program retains responsibility for the long-term care of the landfill, they do not have to secure funds in order to get the work done. There have been no problems with these routine requests for maintenance.
- The roles and responsibilities list from the O&M Plan was also discussed and several modifications are recommended. Three tasks ascribed to the golf course staff are actually not

being performed. Golf course personnel are not inspecting the riprap layer in Skokie Creek and are not inspecting the abandoned storm sewer system. These are tasks that are better suited to NSGL / MidLANT Project Management staff as part of the annual site inspection. In addition, the O&M Plan includes a requirement that golf course personnel prepare inspection reports for submittal to NAVFAC Midwest and Naval Station Great Lakes. This is not occurring, and there does not appear to be a need for this level of formality. It is recommended that the O&M Plan's roles and responsibilities list be reviewed and updated, as appropriate. These recommended changes have no impact on the protectiveness determination for the remedy at the site.

Mr. Ohren did note that there has been some minor damage to the grass from the truck used to access the groundwater monitoring wells during winter sampling events. While there are no concerns with the contractors accessing the property, he asks that they consult with him regarding the best routes in/out in order to minimize damage to the grass.

## 6.5 Technical Assessment

The objective of the five-year review is to evaluate whether the RA implemented at a site will be protective of human health and the environment. The effectiveness of RAs is evaluated through comparison to the RAOs for each site. To provide a framework for organizing and evaluating data and information, and to ensure that all relevant issues are considered when evaluating the protectiveness of the remedy, the USEPA guidance lists three questions to consider:

## 6.5.1 Question A: Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The selected remedy for Site 4 consists of four elements. Containment was achieved by maintaining the existing soil and vegetative cover that averages 6.5 feet thick. LUCs were incorporated into the Base Master Plan, which already restricted groundwater and surface water use, to also restrict disturbance of surface and subsurface soil and to prohibit residential development. The LUCs have also been recorded with the Navy's LUC Tracker system. The use restrictions agreed upon by the Navy and Illinois EPA include:

- Property Use Restriction Site does not pose risk to human health and environment under light recreational use. Any residential use is prohibited.
- Groundwater Use Restriction Installation of groundwater wells (other than environmental or monitoring wells) is prohibited to prevent exposure to contaminated groundwater. Sampling of groundwater from site's monitoring well network is currently conducted quarterly.
- Soil Disturbance Restriction Excavation and uncontrolled removal of soil from below
   18 inches at former FFTU without prior approval of Navy and Illinois EPA are prohibited.
- Maintenance of Cover The cover is required to be inspected on annual basis and maintained.

Current conditions indicate that the remedy, including the engineered cover and LUCs, is functioning as intended. The property is not being used in a manner inconsistent with the use restriction, groundwater is not being used for any purpose other than annual environmental monitoring, soil is not being disturbed, and the engineered cover is being maintained.

# 6.5.2 Question B: Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives Used at the Time of the Remedy Selection Still Valid?

There have been no changes at the site (e.g., new contaminant sources, new ecological risks, or receptors) which would inhibit this remedy's protectiveness. The exposure assumptions, cleanup levels, and RAOs for this site have not changed and are still valid. ARARs were reviewed and it was determined that no changes have occurred that would impact protectiveness.

## 6.5.3 Question C: Has any Other Information Come to Light That Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No additional information has been obtained that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. The ROD was signed in 2011 and Remedial Design were approved in 2012 so two annual inspections have been completed for the site. No additional information has been identified that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. The existing land use restrictions are effective in protecting human health and the environment while concentrations of the COCs exceed the cleanup criteria.

## 6.6 Issues

No issues identified at Site 4 during the Five-Year Review process

## 6.7 Recommendations

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Site 4 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Protect	ects iveness /N) Future
Site 4 – Fire Fi	ghting Training Unit					•
Update O&M Plan Roles and Responsibiliti es	* Assign riprap and abandoned storm sewer inspections to NAVSTA Great Lakes Project Manager as part of annual site inspection. * Remove requirement that golf course personnel prepare reports for submission to NAVSTA Great Lakes	NAVFAC	Illinois EPA	12/20/14	N	N

## 6.8 Protectiveness Statements

The remedy at Site 4 is protective of human health and the environment.

No unacceptable risks exist at the site from impacted soil, groundwater or vapor, as applicable exposure pathways are being controlled by the remedy. LUCs serve as the remedy at the site and

restrict property and groundwater use, require maintenance of the ground cover, and require annual
inspections to ensure the continuation and enforcement of the LUCs. Groundwater monitoring
associated with Site 1 is being conducted in accordance with Illinois EPA landfill closure requirements.
requirements.
The golf course maintenance facility is located on Site 4. The soil cover prevents direct contact
between humans or animals and any residual contamination. In addition, NSGL lies within an area
comprised of relatively impermeable till material, with relatively low hydraulic conductivities, and
groundwater as a drinking water source is prohibited by Navy directive.
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## 7.0 Site 19 - Small Arms Range 910

The Site 19 ROD was signed in 2014. This five-year review of Site 19 is required by statute because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain on site that do not allow for UU/UE. The location of Site 19 is shown on Figure 1-2 and the layout of Site 19 is shown on Figure 7-1. The remedy for Site 19 is protective of human health and the environment, and exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled. A soil cover over the former Small Arms Range (Former Building 910) prevents direct contact between humans or animals and the contaminated soil. Access to the site is not restricted, however LUCs were implemented in 2014 to restrict future use of the site, prohibit installation of groundwater wells other than for environmental sampling, and require annual inspections of the site to ensure LUCs are continuing to be implemented. The remedy in place continues to be protective of human health and the environment.

## 7.1 Site Chronology – Table 7

The following table presents the chronology for the key events at Site 19.

Event	Date
Initial Assessment Study	1986
Pre-Demolition Hazardous Materials	
Investigation	1998
RI/RA Report	2010
Focused Feasibility Study	2012
Proposed Plan	2012
Record of Decision Completed	August 2013
Record of Decision Signature	February and April 2014

## 7.2 Background

### 7.2.1 Physical Setting

Site 19 is the location of the former Recruit Training Center Rifle Range housed within Building 910. The site is bounded on the north by 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue, on the east by Ohio Street, and on the south and west by grass and concrete associated with other buildings. Site 19 is currently a vacant, grassy area. Figure 7-1 is an aerial site photograph from June 2015. A former dry cleaning operation was located approximately 50 feet southwest of Site 19.

Regional aquitards formed by glacial till are present beneath Site 19. These aquitards are expected to limit downward migration of contaminants into deeper groundwater aquifers. Shallow groundwater, typically encountered at Site 19 between 1 and 17 feet bgs, is likely to be discontinuous across the site and is expected to have only limited lateral migration potential because of the geological profile observed at Site 19 (Tetra Tech NUS 2010).

#### 7.2.2 Land and Resource Use

NSGL covers 1,632 acres in Lake County, Illinois, along the lakeshore of Lake Michigan. Naval Station Great Lakes administers base operations and provides facilities and related support to training activities (including the U.S. Navy's only boot camp) as well as a variety of other military commands located on base. A variety of land uses currently surround NSGL. Along the northern boundary of the base are highly urbanized and industrial areas. Much of the land beyond the

northwestern site boundary comprises unincorporated lands of Lake County and is vacant except for scattered retail and residential properties. Adjacent to the western boundary are primarily industrial properties, and along the southern boundary is a mixture of public open space and residential land.

Site 19 was an indoor shooting range that operated between 1942 and 1997 and was demolished in 2000. Approximately 340,000 rounds of small arms ammunition (.22 caliber, .45 caliber, and 12 gauge) per year were delivered from the armory to the rifle range. Spent ammunition was collected from the floor of the range and deposited into 22-gallon cans. This waste spent ammunition was collected by the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office once every 2 to 3 months.

## 7.2.3 History of Contamination

It is estimated that 19 million pounds of ammunition were generated by this facility, providing the potential for lead to have impacted site soil and groundwater. Chemicals used at the range include CLP brand cleaner (20 cases per year) and bore cleaner. These chemicals are primarily composed of petroleum products and distillates (i.e., VOCs and PAHs) and were used on rags, with most of the chemical evaporating. Rags were reused for as long as possible and then disposed of in facility dumpsters along with the empty chemical cans or bottles. The use of these chemicals provides the potential for VOCs and PAHs to have impacted site soil and groundwater.

A dry cleaning facility was located just southwest of former Building 910. Dry cleaning operations were active for over 50 years and ended in 2008. A Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) storage unit and tanks were located at the northern end of the dry cleaning facility approximately 80 feet southwest of Site 19. Soil contamination associated with the dry cleaning operation has been documented, and these contaminants (i.e., chlorinated VOCs and their byproducts) may be present in soil and groundwater at Site 19. Although the quantity of solvents used at the dry cleaning facility is unknown, it is known that no more than 1,200 gallons of spent tetrachloroethene (PCE) were stored at the dry cleaning facility at any given time.

## 7.2.4 Initial Response

Initial assessment activities at Site 19 included soil sampling conducted near the former building in 1998. The TCLP analysis of the samples for lead indicated that leachable lead levels in soil were above disposal criteria. In 2001, soil samples were collected on Lake County property just north of Site 19, one of which had lead and PAH concentrations exceeding residential and industrial criteria.

RI field activities for Site 19 were conducted in 2008, and consisted of surface and subsurface soil sampling, installation of two temporary monitoring wells, groundwater sampling of these monitoring wells, and aquifer testing of the two temporary monitoring wells.

Surface and subsurface soil samples were collected to provide information on the horizontal and vertical extent of constituents, primarily lead, in the area where Building 910 was located. A total of 20 soil borings were advanced to 12 feet bgs using direct-push technology (DPT) methods. Two monitoring wells were installed at Site 19 during the RI with screened intervals between 5 and 15 feet bgs (TtNUS 2010). Groundwater samples collected from the two monitoring wells exhibited metals and PAHs at concentrations exceeding minimum screening criteria.

## 7.2.5 Basis for Taking Action

Seven PAHs were detected in soil at concentrations greater than minimum screening criteria [benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, chrysene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene, and naphthalene]. Thirteen metals (aluminum, antimony, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, and nickel) were detected in soil at concentrations exceeding minimum screening criteria. Very few VOCs were detected in soil and groundwater samples from Site 19, and detections did not exceed screening criteria.

Groundwater samples collected from the two monitoring wells exhibited metals (arsenic) and PAHs (benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, and dibenzo(a,h)anthracene) at concentrations exceeding minimum screening criteria.

## 7.3 Remedial Actions

A comparative evaluation of remedial alternatives was completed in 2013 and documented in the Focused Feasibility Study (Tetra Tech 2013). The alternative including land use controls was implemented based on the Record of Decision (Tetra Tech 2014).

## 7.3.1 Remedy Selection

Several remedial alternatives were screened and evaluated in the Focused Feasibility Study (Tetra Tech 2012), which developed an appropriate range of remediation technologies and options that were used to develop remedial alternatives. The preliminary screening of remediation technologies and process options was based on overall applicability to the medium of concern, COCs, and specific conditions present at the Site. The screening of remedial technologies and options included the following alternatives:

- No Action
- Land Use Controls (LUC)
- Removal of Contaminated Soil

#### 7.3.2 Remedy Implementation

No source materials consisting of principle threat wastes (as defined in USEPA, 1991) are present at Site 19. Source materials present at Site 19 as residual soil contamination have been covered and have remained relatively undisturbed and stable. The risk assessment determined that the source materials present at Site 19 do not present a significant risk to human health or the environment based on the current site use.

The ROD documents the following remedies selected as presumptive remedy for soil and groundwater contamination:

- Incorporation of LUCs into the Base Master Plan (which already restricts groundwater and surface water use) to also restrict disturbance of surface and subsurface soil, and to prohibit residential development, and
- Implementation of Five-Year Reviews to make sure that LUCs remain protective of human health.

## 7.3.3 System Operations/O&M

In accordance with the LUC Implementation Plan that is part of the LUCMOA between the Illinois EPA and Navy dated June 1, 2005, annual inspections of Site 19 are required. The LUC Implementation Plan guides post-closure inspection and maintenance of the site. The O&M at Site 19 includes the following:

- Post-closure care and reporting at Site 19 must be performed annually.
- Annual inspection and maintenance of vegetative cover in accordance with the LUC Implementation Plan.

## 7.4 Five-Year Review Process

#### 7.4.1 Document Review

The following documents were reviewed for Site 19:

- Remedial Investigation and Risk Assessment Report, Site 19 Small Arms Range 910, NSGL, Great Lakes, Illinois. TtNUS, July 2010.
- Proposed Plan for Site 19 Small Arms Range 910, NSGL, Installation Restoration Program, Great Lakes, Illinois. 2013.
- Record of Decision for Site 19 Small Arms Range 910, NSGL, Great Lakes, Illinois. TtNUS, 2013.
- Illinois EPA Approval of Record of Decision for Site 19 Small Arms Range 910, NSGL, Illinois. April 18, 2014.

## 7.4.2 Monitoring Data Review

There is no long-term monitoring associated with Site 19, other than annual LUC site inspections of the engineered barrier.

## 7.4.3 Site Visit and Inspection and Interview

A site visit was not conducted as part of this Five-Year Review with Sites 22, 3, 2, 1, and 4 but site visits and inspections have been conducted during annual LUC site inspections by the Navy and Illinois EPA since 2014. According to the Navy, the LUC site inspection documents did not identify issues at Site 19.

## 7.5 Technical Assessment

The objective of the five-year review is to evaluate whether the RA implemented at a site is protective of human health and the environment. The effectiveness of RAs is evaluated through comparison to the RAOs for each site. To provide a framework for organizing and evaluating data and information, and to ensure that all relevant issues are considered when evaluating the protectiveness of the remedy, the USEPA guidance lists three guestions to consider:

# 7.5.1 Question A: Is the Remedy Functioning as Intended by the Decision Document?

The selected remedy for Site 19 consists of two elements.

- Incorporation of LUCs into the Base Master Plan (which already restricts groundwater and surface water use) to also restrict disturbance of surface and subsurface soil, and to prohibit residential development, and
- Implementation of Five-Year Reviews to make sure that LUCs remain protective of human health.

Current conditions indicate that the remedy, including the LUCs, is functioning as intended. The property is not being used in a manner inconsistent with the use restriction, groundwater is not being used for any purpose other than annual environmental monitoring, soil is not being disturbed, and the site is currently vacant.

# 7.5.2 Question B: Are the Exposure Assumptions, Toxicity Data, Cleanup Levels, and Remedial Action Objectives Used at the Time of the Remedy Selection Still Valid?

There have been no changes at the site (e.g., new contaminant sources, new ecological risks, or receptors) which would inhibit this remedy's protectiveness. The exposure assumptions, cleanup levels, and RAOs for this site have not changed and are still valid. ARARs were reviewed and it was determined that no changes have occurred that would impact protectiveness.

# 7.5.3 Question C: Has any Other Information Come to Light That Could Call into Question the Protectiveness of the Remedy?

No additional information has been obtained that would call into question the protectiveness of the 7remedy. The ROD was signed in 2014 and the first annual inspection was completed for the site. No additional information has been identified that would call into question the protectiveness of the remedy. The existing land use restrictions are effective in protecting human health and the environment while concentrations of the COCs exceed the cleanup criteria.

### 7.6 Issues

During the Five-Year Review process, it was determined that two monitoring wells remain at the site.

### 7.7 Recommendations

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Site 19 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Oversight Agency	Milestone Date	Affe Protecti (Y/ Current	veness
Site 19, Small Arms Ra	nge 910					
Monitoring wells from the investigation are still in place	Properly abandon all wells on the site	Navy	Illinois EPA	30 Dec 2016	N	N

## 7.8 Protectiveness Statements

The remedy at Site 19 is protective of human health and the environment.

No unacceptable risks exist at the site from impacted soil, groundwater, or vapor, as applicable exposure pathways are being controlled by the remedy. To address any residual contamination that could be present above Illinois EPA TACO criteria, LUCs serve as the remedy by restricting property use and requiring annual inspections to ensure the continuation and enforcement of the LUCs. The implemented remedial action continues to meet RAOs.

Specifically there are no buildings at Site 19. NSGL lies within an area comprised of relatively impermeable till material, with relatively low hydraulic conductivities, and groundwater as a drinking water source is prohibited by Navy directive.

## 8.0 Base-Wide Conclusions and Recommendations

The following conclusions and recommendations resulted from the Five Year Review of the NSGL sites included in this report.

## 8.1 Issues, Recommendations and Follow-up Actions

The recommendations and follow-up actions identified in the Five-Year Review process for Sites 22, 3, 2, 1, 4, and 19 are summarized in the table below.

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Milestone Date									
Site 22, Former Building 105												
Monitoring wells from the investigation and ERH Treatability Study are still in place	Properly abandon all wells on the site	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									
Site 3, Supplyside Land	dfill											
Bare area on landfill cover	Seed and mulch the area to prevent topsoil erosion	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									
Two gas vents not spinning	Check and ensure gas vents are functioning properly	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									
30 ft by 20 ft subsidence area observed	Investigate and repair subsidence area, if necessary	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									
Site 2, Forrestal Landfi												
Bare areas on landfill cover	Seed and mulch the area to prevent topsoil erosion	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									
Gas vent not spinning	Check and ensure gas vent is functioning properly	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									
Site 1, Golf Course Lar	ndfill											
Update O&M Plan Roles and Responsibilities	* Assign riprap and abandoned storm sewer inspections to NAVSTA Great Lakes Project Manager as part of annual site inspection. *Remove requirement that golf course personnel prepare reports for submission to NS Great Lakes	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016									

Issue	Recommendations and Follow-up Actions	Party Responsible	Milestone Date
Site 4 – Fire Fighting T	raining Unit		
Update O&M Plan Roles and Responsibilities	*Assign riprap and abandoned storm sewer inspections to NAVSTA Great Lakes Project Manager as part of annual site inspection. *Remove requirement that golf course personnel prepare reports for submission to NS Great Lakes	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016
Site 19, Small Arms Ra	nge 910		
Monitoring wells from the investigation are still in place	Properly abandon all wells on the site	NAVFAC	30 Dec 2016

## 8.2 Protectiveness Statement

Based on the information provided in this Five Year Review Report, the remedies selected for the following Naval Station Great Lakes sites at Great Lakes, Illinois, remain protective of human health and the environment:

- Site 22 Former Building 105, Old Dry Cleaning Facility
- Site 3 Supplyside Landfill
- Site 2 Forrestal Landfill
- Site 1 Golf Course Landfill
- Site 4 Former Fire Fighting Training Unit
- Site 19 Small Arms Range 910

### 8.3 Next Review

The CERCLA requirement is for reviews to be completed within each five-year period after initiation of the remedial action. The Navy elected to conduct the five year review in accordance with CERCLA. The first decision document for a site at NSGL was signed in 2008. This first five year review includes the monitoring program activities conducted at NSGL through 2015. The second five year review will be required to be completed by 2019.

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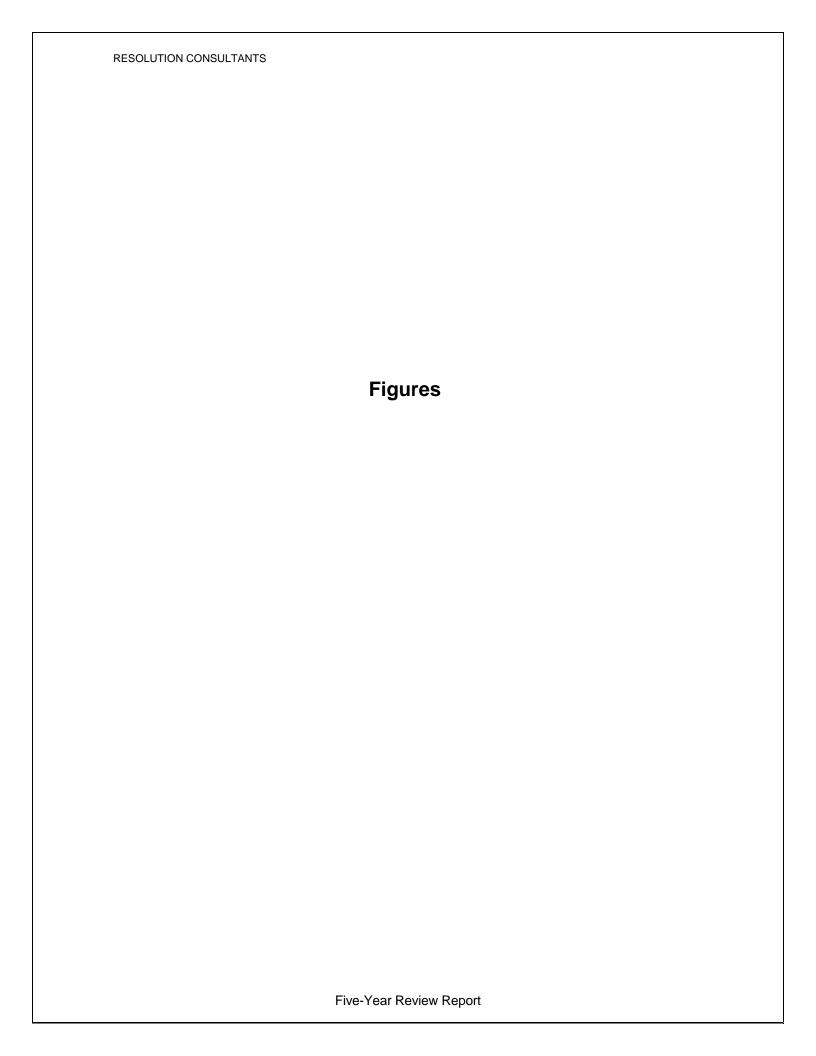
## Site 19 – Small Arms Range 910

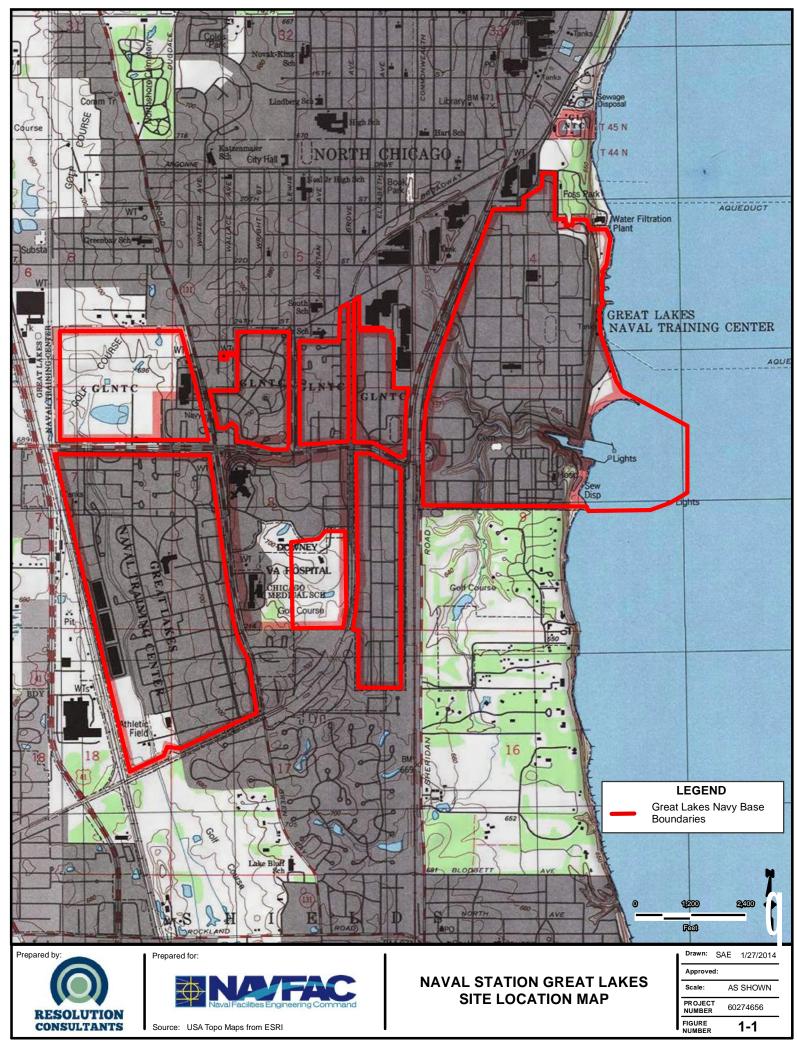
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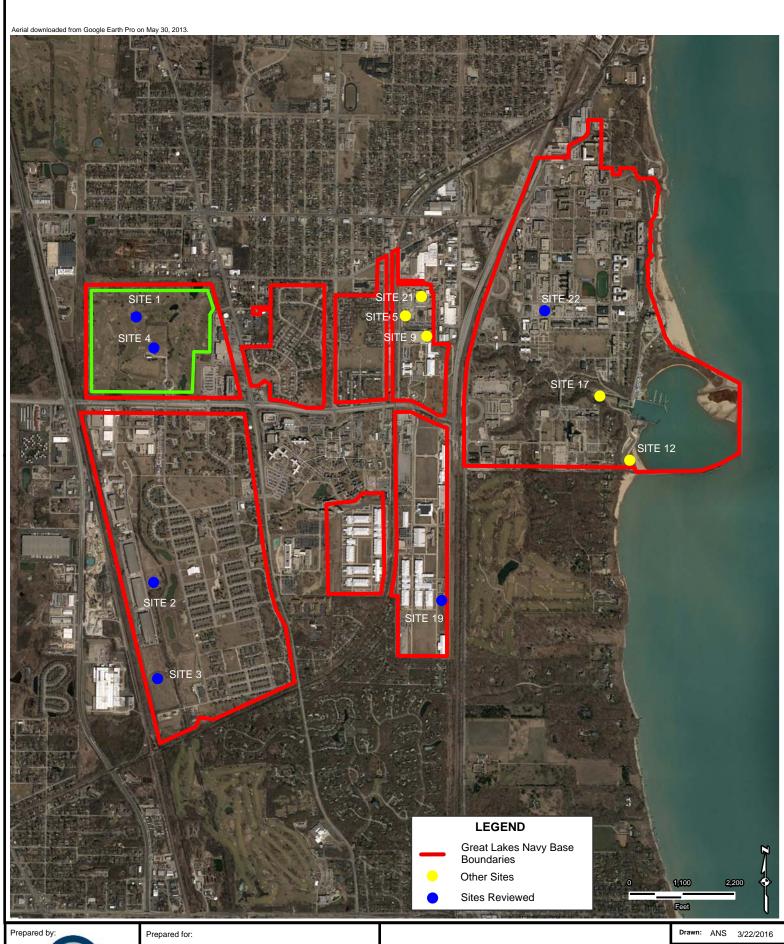
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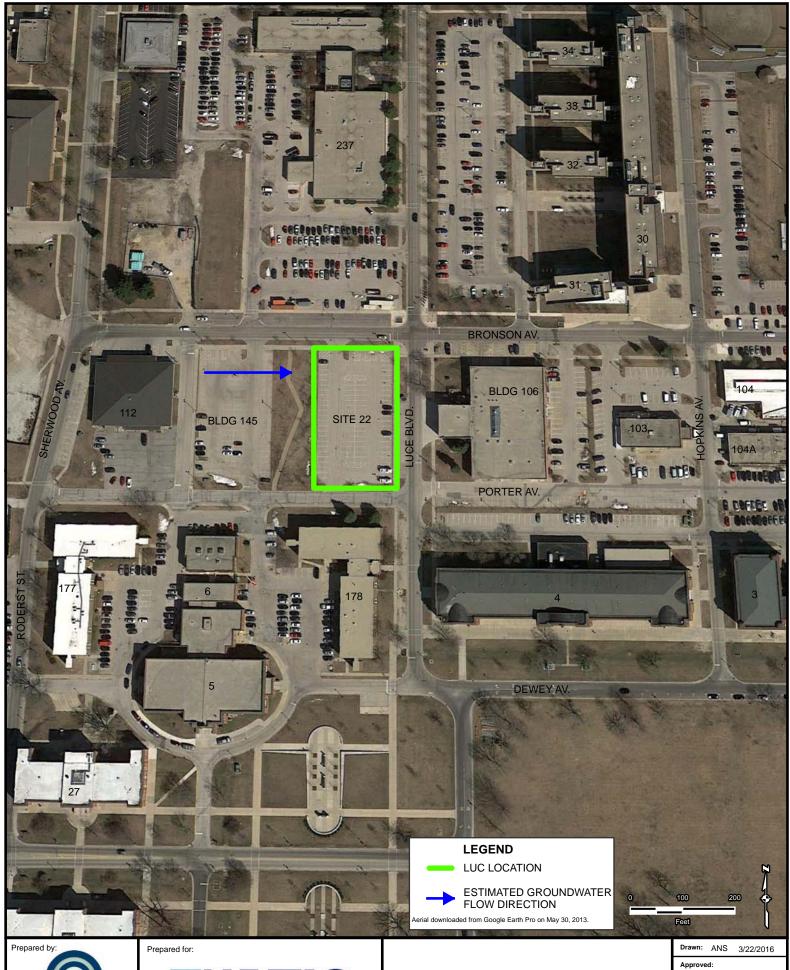






NAVAL STATION GREAT LAKES IRP SITE LOCATIONS

Drawn:	ANS	3/22/2016
Approve	d:	
Scale:	AS	SHOWN
PROJEC NUMBER		274656
FIGURE NUMBER		1-2



RESOLUTION CONSULTANTS



NAVAL STATION GREAT LAKES SITE 22 Drawn: ANS 3/22/2016

Approved:

Scale: AS SHOWN

PROJECT 60274656

FIGURE NUMBER

2-1



RESOLUTION CONSULTANTS



NAVAL STATION GREAT LAKES SITE 3

Drawn:	SAE	3/22/2016
Approve	d:	
Scale:	AS	SHOWN
PROJECT NUMBER		274656
FIGURE NUMBER	3	3-1



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RESOLUTION CONSULTANTS



NAVAL STATION GREAT LAKES SITE 1 - GOLF COURSE LANDFILL

		0/20/2010
Approved:		
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PROJECT NUMBER	602	74656
FIGURE NUMBER	5	 5-1



RESOLUTION CONSULTANTS



NAVAL STATION GREAT LAKES SITE 4 - FIRE FIGHTER TRAINING UNIT

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PROJECT NUMBER		274656
FIGURE	6	<u></u> 3-1



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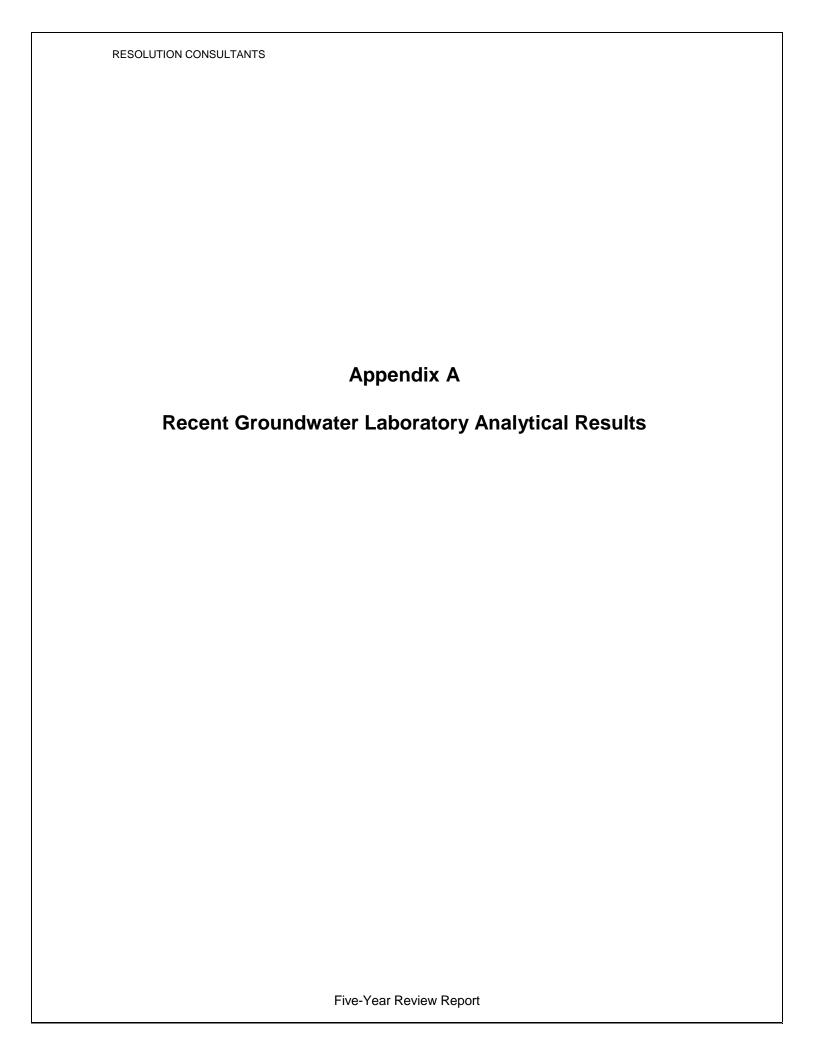
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RESOLUTION

CONSULTANTS



#### Appendix B - Table 1

# Summary of Detections and Criteria for Long Term Groundwater Monitoring Results from May 2014 (Round 17) Site 2 - Forrestal Landfill Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

				Round 17 FL-01	Round 17 FL-02	Round 17 FL-03	Round 17 FL-04	Round 17 FL-04	Round 17 FL-05	Round 17 FL-06	
		Crit	eria	5/20/2014	5/21/2014	5/20/2014	5/20/2014	5/20/2014	5/21/2014	5/20/2014	
		Screening	Source	FL-01-20140520	FL-02-20140521	FL-03-20140520	FL-04-20140520	DUP-20140520	FL-05-20140521	FL-06-20140520	
Analyte	Units	Value Course		N	N	N	N	FD	N	N	
Volatile Organic Compounds											
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	70	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.604 J	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	
Semivolatile Organic Compo	unds:										
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.0653 J	0.0943 U	
Dissolved Metals:											
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO	54.6 J	599	49.6 J	124 J	123 J	59.7	25 U	
ANTIMONY	μg/L	6	TACO/620	1.36 J	2 U	2 U	1.73 J	1.87 J	2 U	2 U	
ARSENIC	μg/L	10	620	1.5 U	2.77	53.8	1.5 U	1.5 U	5.16	1.5 U	
BARIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	21.4	42.3	308	1390	1360	48.3	67.4	
CALCIUM	μg/L			146000	32200	166000	215000	212000	86400	120000	
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	2 UJ	0.85 J	1 U	5 UJ	5 UJ	1 U	1 U	
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.86 J	8.66	8.54	1.91 J	2.5 U	
COPPER	μg/L	650 TACO/62		2 UJ	1.41 J	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 UJ	1.62 J	1.33 J	
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620 15 U		692	15800	11700	11600	2320	15 U	
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	0.882 J	0.437 J	1 J	1.12 J	1.29 J	0.528 J	0.748 J	
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			179000	26600	84600	159000	157000	50100	68400	
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	1.5 U	15.3	120	121	115	107	11.5	
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	1.11 J	1.21 J	14.9 J	17.2 J	16.6 J	2.49 J	0.879 J	
POTASSIUM	μg/L			4140	1740	2250	33900	33200	1530	1700	
SODIUM	μg/L			56700	59700	71000	362000	359000	41400	27600	
VANADIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620	2.5 U	1.3 J	2.5 U	2.6 J	2.53 J	2.5 U	2.5 U	
ZINC	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	5 UJ	1.77 J	4.54 J	12.5 UJ	12.5 UJ	3.89 J	2.5 UJ	
Miscellaneous Parameters:		•							•		
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.15 U	0.293 J	0.185 J	27.1 J	13.8 J	0.59	0.15 U	
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	52.3	59.8	113	484	493	25.8	42.2	
NITRATE	mg/L as N	10	TACO/620	0.117 J	0.1 U	0.079 J					
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	626	139	26.2	51.9	52	185	188	
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	1420	459	921	2050	2070	555	691	
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			10 U	68	28	23	20	10 U	10 U	
Field Parameters:	••										
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			2.15	0.19	0.16	1.48	NA	0.53	1.53	
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEN	mV			105.9	-5.2	-30.4	-75.3	NA	-188.2	95.8	
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	6.89	8.26	6.55	6.67	NA	7.6	7.12	
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm	mS/cm		1.942	0.654	1.66	3.652	NA	0.938	1.118	
TEMPERATURE	°C		12.93	13.6	13.5	12.5	NA	14.2	14.7		
TURBIDITY	NTU			0.5	73.2	3.89	1.9	NA	1.53	4.3	

#### Notes:

U - nondetect

J - estimated valUe

UJ - estimated limit of detection (LOD)

ResUlts exceeding screening are highlighted and in bold.

TACO = Illinois EPA Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 742, Appendix B, Table E (IEPA 2007).

RSLs = USEPA Regions 3, 6, and 9 Regional Screen Level, (May 2014).

620 = Illinois EPA Class I Potable ResoUrce Groundwater, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 620, Subpart D (IEPA 2012).

If two sources of criteria are listed, the values are the same for the soUrces listed.

RSL-Tap: Regional Screening Level, Tapwater

TACO: Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, Soil Component of Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route Class I

SMCL: USEPA Secondary Maximum Containment Level Non-TACO: GRO not promulgated Under 35 IAC 742

### Appendix B - Table 2 Groundwater Results from May 2014 (Round 17) Long Term Monitoring Site 2 - Forrestal Landfill Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

	1			Round 17	Round 17	Round 17	Round 17	Round 17	Round 17	Round 17	
				FL-01	FL-02	FL-03	FL-04	FL-04	FL-05	FL-06	
		Crit	eria	5/20/2014	5/21/2014	5/20/2014	5/20/2014	5/20/2014	5/21/2014	5/20/2014	
		Screening		FL-01-20140520	FL-02-20140521	FL-03-20140520	FL-04-20140520	DUP-20140520	FL-05-20140521	FL-06-20140520	
Analyte	Units	Value	Source	N	N	N	N	FD	N	N	
Volatile Organic Compounds	:	•									
BENZENE	μg/L	5	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	70	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.604 J	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	
TETRAHYDROFURAN	μg/L	340	RSL-Tap	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	5 U	5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	
TOLUENE	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	
VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	
Semivolatile Organic Compo	unds:										
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	420	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0476 U	0.0481 U	0.0476 U	0.049 U	0.0472 U	
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0476 U	0.0481 U	0.0476 U	0.049 U	0.0472 U	
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0476 U	0.0481 U	0.0476 U	0.049 U	0.0472 U	
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0476 U	0.0481 U	0.0476 U	0.049 U	0.0472 U	
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L	6	TACO/620	0.779 U	0.719 UJ	0.741 U	0.69 U	0.634 U	0.719 UJ	0.659 U	
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.0653 J	0.0943 U	
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.19 U	0.192 U	0.19 U	0.196 U	0.189 U	
PYRENE	μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0952 U	0.098 U	0.0943 U	
Dissolved Metals:	•								•		
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO	54.6 J	599	49.6 J	124 J	123 J	59.7	25 U	
ANTIMONY	μg/L	6	TACO/620	1.36 J	2 U	2 U	1.73 J	1.87 J	2 U	2 U	
ARSENIC	μg/L	10	620	1.5 U	2.77	53.8	1.5 U	1.5 U	5.16	1.5 U	
BARIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	21.4	42.3	308	1390	1360	48.3	67.4	
BERYLLIUM	μg/L	4	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	
CALCIUM	μg/L			146000	32200	166000	215000	212000	86400	120000	
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	2 UJ	0.85 J	1 U	5 UJ	5 UJ	1 U	1 U	
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.86 J	8.66	8.54	1.91 J	2.5 U	
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	2 UJ	1.41 J	2 UJ	2 UJ	2 UJ	1.62 J	1.33 J	
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	15 U	692	15800	11700	11600	2320	15 U	
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	0.882 J	0.437 J	1 J	1.12 J	1.29 J	0.528 J	0.748 J	
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			179000	26600	84600	159000	157000	50100	68400	
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	1.5 U	15.3	120	121	115	107	11.5	
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.16 UJ	0.16 U	0.16 UJ	0.16 UJ	0.16 UJ	0.16 U	0.16 UJ	
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	1.11 J	1.21 J	14.9 J	17.2 J	16.6 J	2.49 J	0.879 J	
POTASSIUM	μg/L			4140	1740	2250	33900	33200	1530	1700	
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	
SODIUM	μg/L			56700	59700	71000	362000	359000	41400	27600	
THALLIUM	μg/L	2	TACO/620	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	
VANADIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620	2.5 U	1.3 J	2.5 U	2.6 J	2.53 J	2.5 U	2.5 U	
ZINC	µg/L	5000	TACO/620	5 UJ	1.77 J	4.54 J	12.5 UJ	12.5 UJ	3.89 J	2.5 UJ	

# Appendix B - Table 2 Groundwater Results from May 2014 (Round 17) Long Term Monitoring Site 2 - Forrestal Landfill Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

	Criteria		eria	Round 17 FL-01 5/20/2014	Round 17 FL-02 5/21/2014	Round 17 FL-03 5/20/2014	Round 17 FL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 FL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 FL-05 5/21/2014	Round 17 FL-06 5/20/2014
Analyte	Units	Screening Value Source		FL-01-20140520	FL-02-20140521 N	FL-03-20140520 N	FL-04-20140520 N	DUP-20140520 FD	FL-05-20140521 N	FL-06-20140520 N
Miscellaneous Parameters:	Ullits	Value		IN	IN	IN	IV	Fυ	IN .	IV
	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.15 U	0.293 J	0.185 J	27.1 J	13.8 J	0.59	0.15 U
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	52.3	59.8	113	484	493	25.8	42.2
	mg/L as N		TACO/620	0.117 J	0.1 U	0.079 J				
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	626	139	26.2	51.9	52	185	188
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	1420	459	921	2050	2070	555	691
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			10 U	68	28	23	20	10 U	10 U
Field Parameters:										
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			2.15	0.19	0.16	1.48	NA	0.53	1.53
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEN	mV			105.9	-5.2	-30.4	-75.3	NA	-188.2	95.8
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	6.89	8.26	6.55	6.67	NA	7.6	7.12
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm			1.942	0.654	1.66	3.652	NA	0.938	1.118
TEMPERATURE	°C			12.93	13.6	13.5	12.5	NA	14.2	14.7
TURBIDITY	NTU			0.5	73.2	3.89	1.9	NA	1.53	4.3

#### Notes:

U - nondetect

J - estimated valUe

UJ - estimated limit of detection (LOD)

ResUlts exceeding screening are highlighted and in bold.

TACO = Illinois EPA Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 742, Appendix B, Table E (IEPA 2007).

RSLs = USEPA Regions 3, 6, and 9 Regional Screen Level, (May 2014).

620 = Illinois EPA Class I Potable ResoUrce Groundwater, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 620, Subpart D (IEPA 2012).

If two sources of criteria are listed, the values are the same for the sources listed.

RSL-Tap: Regional Screening Level, Tapwater

TACO: Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, Soil Component of Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route Class I

SMCL: USEPA Secondary Maximum Containment Level Non-TACO: GRO not promulgated Under 35 IAC 742

				Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6	Round 7	Round 8	Round 9	Round 10	Round 10	Round 11	Round 12	Round 13	Round 14	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17
			teria	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01	FL-01
		Screening	Source	8/16/2006 FL-01_20060816	39093 FL-01_20070111	4/19/2007 FL-01_20070419	8/8/2007 FL-01_20070808	11/13/2007 NTC02GW0105	2/27/2008 NTC02GW0106	5/7/2008 NTC02GW0107	8/20/2008 NTC02GW0108	11/18/2008 NTC02GW0109	5/19/2009 NTC02GW0110	5/19/2009 NTC02GW0110-D	11/16/2009 NTC02GW0111	5/6/2010 NTC02GW0112	11/18/2010 NTC02GW0113	5/19/2011 NTC02GW0114	5/2/2012 NTC02GW0115	5/13/2013 FL-01-20130513	5/20/2014 FL-01-20140520
Analyte	Units	Value	Source	_ N	_ N	N	_ N	N	N	N	N	N	N	FD	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Volatile Organic Compounds: BENZENE	μg/L	5	TACO/620	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 U	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	0.211	0.5 U	0.5.11
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	µg/L	70	TACO/620	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
TETRAHYDROFURAN	μg/L	340	RSL-Tap	25 U	25 U	25 U	25 U	5 U	5 UR		5 UJ	5 UR	5 U	5 U	5 UR	5 UR	5 UR	5 UR	1 UR	2.5 U	2.5 U
TOLUENE VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L μg/L	1000	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.861 0.25 U	0.25 U 0.25 U	0.25 U 0.25 U	0.25 U 0.25 U	1 U	1 U 1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.25 U	0.5 U 0.25 U
Semivolatile Organic Compound			TACO/620	0.23 0	0.23 0	0.25 0	0.25 0	10	10	10	10	1.0	10	10	1.0	1.0	10	10	0.5 0	0.25 0	0.23 0
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	420	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.088 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.1 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE ANTHRACENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	NA 0.0504 H	NA 0.0507.11	NA 0.0526 U	NA NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.1 U 0.1 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L μg/L	2100 0.13	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.55 U 0.55 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U 0.1 U	0.098 U 0.049 U	0.1 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.049 U	0.05 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620 Non-TACO	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.55 U 0.55 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.1 U	0.049 U 0.098 U	0.05 U 0.1 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	210 0.17	TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U 0.53 H	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.098 U 0.049 U	0.1 U 0.05 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	µg/L	6	TACO/620	2.5 U	13.9	15.7	3.15 J	0.49 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	1.4	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.8 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.196 U	0.779 U
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.098 U	0.1 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	0.3 280	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.55 U 0.55 U	0.53 U 0.074 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.041 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.05 U	0.049 U 0.098 U	0.1 U 0.1 U
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.11 J	0.098 U	0.1 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.032 J	0.098 U	0.1 U
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.062 J	0.5 U	9.3	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.55 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.1 U
PHENANTHRENE PYRENE	µg/L µg/l	210 210	Non-TACO TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.55 U 0.55 U	0.53 U 0.2 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.031 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U	0.098 U 0.098 U	0.2 U 0.1 U
Dissolved Metals:	pg/ c		171007020	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.00 0	0.23	0.0 0	0.0 0	5.0 0	0.1 0	0.070 0	0.11 0
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	13 U	NA	54.6 J
ANTIMONY ARSENIC	μg/L μg/L	10	TACO/620 620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.15 U 0.26 J	NA NA	1.36 J 1.5 U
BARIUM	ua/L	2000	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	21	NA NA	21.4
BERYLLIUM	μg/L	4	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.11 U	NA	0.5 U
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.038 U	NA	1 U 146000
CALCIUM CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	140000 0.2 U	NA NA	2 UJ
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.05 U	NA	2.5 U
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.47 J	NA	2 UJ
IRON LEAD	μg/L	5000	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	6.5 U 0.15 U	NA NA	15 U 0.882 J
MAGNESIUM	µg/L µg/L	7.5		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	160000	NA NA	179000
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.76 J	NA	1.5 U
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.055 U	NA	0.16 UJ
NICKEL POTASSIUM	μg/L μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.5 3600	NA NA	1.11 J 4140
SELENIUM	µg/L	50	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	0.31 U	NA NA	1.25 U
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.037 U	NA	0.5 UJ
SODIUM THALLIUM	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	60000 0.037 J	NA NA	56700 1 U
VANADIUM	μg/L μg/L	49	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.037 J	NA NA	2.5 U
ZINC	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8.4 U	NA	5 UJ
Miscellaneous Parameters: AMMONIA	I /I : :	N 30	SMCL	0.157	0.434	0.186	0.241	0.14	0.049	0.05 U	0.056	0.036	0.0097 UJ	0.05 UJ	0.033 J	0.05 U	0.11	0.038 J	0.01 J	0.15 U	0.15 U
CHLORIDE	mg/L as mg/L	N 30 200	TACO/620	22.4	29.6	33.4	38.6	26	0.049	0.05 U 47	0.056 50 J	40	0.0097 UJ 55	0.05 UJ 55	0.033 J 50	0.05 U 51	42	0.038 J 47	0.01 J 51	46.4	52.3
NITRATE	mg/L as	N 10	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.082	0.27	0.28	0.13	0.15	0.19	0.21	0.18	0.2	0.058 U	0.17	0.18	NA	0.117 J
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	327	406	526	511	420 J	470	580	590 J	540	650	560	580	620	590	590	630	578	626
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L mg/L	500	SMCL	958 2.5 U	958 5.5	<b>1240</b> 3	<b>1200</b> 2.5 U	1100 3 3 111	1200 3.3 U	1400	1400 3,3 U	1200 3.7	1400 3 3 11	1500 3 3 11	1400 J 11	1400 4.9	1300 3.9	1360 3,3 U	1480 4.7	1410 18.0	1420 10 U
Field Parameters:	my/L				3.3			0.0 03		0.0 0		•	0.0 0	3.3 U				3.3 0			
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	0.78	0.87	0.57	0.24	0.24	0.9	NA	0.22	3.47	NA	NA	NA	2.27	2.15
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTIA		4505	 CMCI	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	68	83	198	82	49 7.7	84	NA NA	86	69	NA	NA 7.2.1	NA 7.7.1	177	105.9 6.89
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	SU mS/cm	6.5-8.5	SMCL 	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	6.89 NA	6.93 NA	6.95 NA	7.03 1.8	7.7 NA	6.89 1.02	NA NA	6.78 NA	7.95 NA	7.7 J NA	7.2 J NA	7.7 J NA	6.9 2.23	1.942
TEMPERATURE	°C			NA	NA	NA	NA	13.2	10.12	12.23	14.94	11.63	14.41	NA	11.75	12.51	NA	NA	NA	12.07	12.93
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA	NA	NA	NA	0.8	1.3	1.53	0.36	2.66	3.45	NA	2.09	3.5	NA	NA	NA	28.5	0.5

				Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6	Round 7	Round 8	Round 9	Round 10	Round 11	Round 12	Round 13	Round 14	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17	Round 1	Round 2	Round 2	Round 3
		Cri	teria	FL-02 8/30/2006	FL-02 39111	FL-02 4/18/2007	FL-02 8/15/2007	FL-02 11/14/2007	FL-02 2/26/2008	FL-02 5/8/2008	FL-02 8/20/2008	FL-02 11/20/2008	FL-02 5/19/2009	FL-02 11/18/2009	FL-02 5/5/2010	FL-02 11/17/2010	FL-02 5/18/2011	FL-02 5/2/2012	FL-02 5/15/2013	FL-02 5/21/2014	FL-03 8/31/2006	FL-03 39100	FL-03 39100	FL-03 4/24/2007
		Screening	Source	FL-02_20060830	FL-02_20070129		FL-02_20070815	NTC02GW0205	NTC02GW0206	NTC02GW0207	NTC02GW0208	NTC02GW0209	NTC02GW0210	NTC02GW0211	NTC02GW0212	NTC02GW0213	NTC02GW0214	NTC02GW0215	FL-02-20130515	FL-02-20140521	FL-03_20060831	FL-03_20070118	FL-03_20070118-D	FL-03_20070424
Analyte Volatile Organic Compounds:	Units	Value		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	FD	N
BENZENE	μg/L	5	TACO/620	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.176 J	0.138
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	70 340	TACO/620 RSL-Tap	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.372	0.514	0.574 J	0.569
TETRAHYDROFURAN TOLUENE	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	0.34	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	3 UK	3 UK	5 UJ	5 UK	1 U	5 UK	5 UK	3 UK	5 UK	0.5 U	2.5 U	0.5 U	0.413	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U
Semivolatile Organic Compoun ACENAPHTHENE	nds:	420	TACO/620	0.0526 H	0.0526.11	0.0526 H	0.0549.11	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.54.11	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.53.11	0.05.11	0.0943 11	0.111	0.0526 U	0.0526 H	0.0562.11	0.0526.11
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.0326 U	0.0526 U	0.0326 U NA	0.0349 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0326 U	0.0326 U	0.0362 U	0.0326 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.021 J	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L μg/L	0.13	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0549 U 0.0549 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.032 J 0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.12 U 0.062 J	0.0472 U 0.0472 U	0.05 U 0.05 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0562 U 0.0562 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.23 J	0.0472 U	0.05 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	210 0.17	Non-TACO	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.22 J	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L μg/L	6	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U 2.5 U	0.0526 U 2.5 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 0	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54	0.53 U	0.21 J 1	0.0472 U 0.189 U	0.05 U 0.719 UJ	2.86	0.0526 U	2.86 U	0.0526 U 2.5 U
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.2 U	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	0.3 280	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0549 U 0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.046 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.54 U 0.022 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.12 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.053 J	0.53 U 0.53 II	0.16 J 0.1 J	0.0472 U 0.0943 U	0.1 U 0.1 II	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0562 U 0.0562 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U
FLUORENE	μg/L μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.046 J 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.022 J 0.54 U	0.5 U	0.12 J 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.053 J 0.5 U	0.53 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.27 J	0.53 U	0.2 J	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
NAPHTHALENE PHENANTHRENE	μg/L μg/L	140 210	TACO/620 Non-TACO	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0549 U 0.0549 H	0.5 U 0.038 J	0.5 U 0.14 J	0.5 U 0.17 J	0.5 U 0.051 J	0.011 J 0.065 J	0.5 U 0.052 J	0.5 U 0.13 J	0.5 U 0.062 J	0.5 U 0.11 J	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.05 U 0.094 J	0.0943 U 0.0943 H	0.1 U 0.2 II	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0562 U 0.0562 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 U
PYRENE	μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0549 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.049 J	0.5 U	0.033 J	0.5 U	0.45 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.12 J	0.0943 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0562 U	0.0526 U
Dissolved Metals:			T., =, a T																	I				
ALUMINUM ANTIMONY	μg/L μg/L	3500 6	Non-TACO TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	44 U 0.44 U	52 1 II	100 U	100 U	100 U	100	870	23 U 0 36 H	2500 0.36 H	100 U	13 U 0 15 U	NA NA	599	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
ARSENIC	μg/L	10	620	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.1	2.7	2.9	2.9 J	2.8	2.3	2.5	3.2	2.1 J	2.9 J	3	NA	2.77	NA	NA	NA	NA
BARIUM BERYLLIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	46 0.31 II	44	53	47	54	54 0.31 II	59 1 II	57	58	42	42 0.11 H	NA NA	42.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
CADMIUM	μg/L μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.31 U 0.062 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.02 U	0.2 U	0.31 U 0.06 U	0.2 U	0.3 U 0.055 U	0.3 U 0.18 J	0.2 U	0.11 U	NA NA	0.5 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
CALCIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	29000 J	28000 J	33000	30000	36000 J	42000	36000	50000 J	49000	46000	40000	NA	32200	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
CHROMIUM, TOTAL COBALT	μg/L μg/L	100 1000	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.096.11	1 U	1.2 0.17	1 UJ 1 III	1 U 0.19	0.78 U 0.28	1.9 0.65	0.66 U 0.12 J	4.8 1.3	0.21 J	0.2 U 0.069 I	NA NA	0.850 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	0.73	0.61	0.84	0.96 UJ	0.92	1	2.1	0.12 J	3	0.4 J	0.42 J	NA NA	1.41 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 U	64	20 U	12 J	24	250	950	4.3 J	2400	9.9 J	20	NA	692	NA	NA	NA	NA
LEAD MAGNESIUM	μg/L μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.33 U 19000 J	1 U 20000 J	1 U 24000	1 U 22000	1 U 27000 J	0.26 U 32000	0.56 29000	0.22 U 37000 J	1.1 38000	1 U 35000	0.15 U 30000	NA NA	0.437 J 26600	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
MANGANESE	μg/L μg/L	150	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	9.1	8.4	7.5	5.8	6.9	8.5	22	5.2	36	3.1	3.2	NA NA	15.3	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.046 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.043 U	0.2 U	0.061 U	0.061 U	0.2 U	0.055 U	NA	0.16 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
NICKEL POTASSIUM	μg/L μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.9 1300	0.9 1200	1.4 1300	1 1300	1.7 1400	11 1600	3.3 1800	2.1 1600	4.7 2700	1 U 1500	0.5 J 1500	NA NA	1.21 J 1740	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.92 U	1 U	0.62	0.55 UJ	1 U	0.4 U	1 U	0.82 U	0.82 U	1 U	0.31 U	NA	1.25 U	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.12 U 57000 J	0.2 U 57000 J	0.2 UJ 62000	0.2 U 57000	0.2 U 64000 J	0.053 U 66000	0.2 U 56000	0.061 U	0.061 U 70000	0.2 U 67000	0.037 U 60000	NA NA	0.5 UJ 59700	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
THALLIUM	μg/L μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.17 U	5/000 J 1 U	<b>62000</b> 1 U	3/000 1 U	64000 J 1 U	0.05 U	36000 1 U	69000 J 0.056 U	70000 0.08 J	67000 1 U	0.027 U	NA NA	59700 1 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
VANADIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.83 U	3 U	0.56	3 U	1.4	1.3 U	2	0.28 U	6.5	0.084 J	0.076 J	NA	1.30 J	NA	NA	NA	NA NA NA
ZINC Miscellaneous Parameters:	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.2	20 U	2.1	5.6 UJ	20 U	2 U	20 U	5.8 J	7.5 J	19 J	11 U	NA	1.77 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.345	0.313	0.235	0.337	0.33	0.33	0.35	0.33	0.33	0.37 J	0.32 J	0.37	0.35	0.37	0.34	0.464	0.293 J	0.325	0.255	0.236	0.157
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	7.53	15.1	15.5	22.6	40	45	61	61 J	70	84	88	110	85	91	85	67.2	59.8	110	132	129	145
NITRATE SUI FATE	mg/L as N mg/L	10 400	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA 94.5	NA 106	NA 90.2	NA 95.5	0.1 U 110 J	0.021 110	0.018 J 140	0.02 U 130 J	0.1 U 140	0.028 170	0.017 160	0.05 U 200	0.05 U 190	0.05 U 180	0.006 U 180	NA 152	0.1 U 139	NA 28.6	NA 21.4	NA 19.3	NA 26.3
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	330	264	346	344	380	400	470	470	500	490	460	540	560	544	690	510	459	1010	890	840	1080
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			12.5	2.5 U	91.5	85	91	220	80	530	330	260	990 J	410	160	128	1270	228 J	68.0	23.5	19	16	7
Field Parameters: DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	0.19	0.46	0.35	0.22	0.49	0.29	0.07	0.1	NA	NA	NA	0.06	0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTI	I/ mV			NA	NA	NA	NA	-116	-108	-110	-128	122	48	-78	-182	NA	NA	NA	-158	-5.2	NA	NA	NA	NA
PH COMPLICTANCE	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	8.36 NA	<b>8.78</b> NA	8.38 NA	8.47 0.598	8.62 NA	8.6 0.763	8.03 NA	<b>9.23</b> NA	8.1 J NA	8.4 J	8.2 J NA	7.69 0.685	8.26 0.654	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE TEMPERATURE	mS/cm °C			NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	12.6	8.75	11.16	14.34	9.71	0.763 17.79	11.15	13.25	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	13.54	13.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA	NA	NA	NA	120	100	47.4	154	360	202	2262	303	NA	NA	NA	332	73.2	NA	NA	NA	NA

	1	1		Round 3	Round 4	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6	Round 7	Round 8	Round 9	Round 10	Round 11	Round 11	Round 12	Round 13	Round 14	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17	Round 1	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3
				FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-03	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04
			teria	4/24/2007	8/13/2007	8/13/2007	11/14/2007	2/27/2008	5/8/2008	8/20/2008	11/20/2008	5/19/2009	11/17/2009	11/17/2009	5/5/2010	11/17/2010	5/18/2011	5/2/2012	5/15/2013	5/20/2014	8/22/2006	8/22/2006	39112	4/30/2007
Analyte	Units	Screening Value	Source	FL-03_20070424-D FD	FL-03_20070813	FL-03_20070813-D FD	NTC02GW0305	NTC02GW0306	NTC02GW0307	NTC02GW0308	NTC02GW0309	NTC02GW0310	NTC02GW0311	NTC02GW0311-D FD	NTC02GW0312	NTC02GW0313	NTC02GW0314	NTC02GW0315	FL-03-20130515 N	FL-03-20140520 N	FL-04_20060822 F	L-04_20060822-D FD	FL-04_20070130 N	FL-04_20070430
Volatile Organic Compounds:	Units	value		10		10		14						10								10		
BENZENE	μg/L	5	TACO/620	0.125 U	0.19 J	0.125 U	0.17 J	1 U	0.18 J	0.18 J	0.22 J	0.19 J	0.19 J	0.21 J	1 U	0.19 J	0.21 J	0.24 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.765	0.641 J	0.702	0.822
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TETRAHYDROFURAN	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620 RSL-Tap	0.632 J 25 U	0.631 J	0.77 J	0.73 J	0.74 J	0.74 J 4 J	0.73 J 3.8 J	0.8 J 5 UR	0.72 J 5.2	0.77 J 6.2 J	0.79 J 6.4 J	0.75 J 5.6 J	0.72 J	0.66 J 5 UR	0.67 J 6.1 J	0.570 J 4.05 J	0.604 J	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U 25 U
TOLUENE	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	5 UK	4 J	3.8 J 1 U	1 U	5.Z 1 IJ	6.2 J 1 U	0.4 J	3.6 J	1 U	3 UK	0.1 J	4.05 J	0.5 U	0.495	0.414 J	0.25 U	0.25 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.25 U	0.25 U		1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.2 J		1 U	0.5 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U
Semivolatile Organic Compound																								
ACENAPHTHENE ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L μg/L	420 210	TACO/620 Non-TACO	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.013 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0952 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100	TACO/620	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.017 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0952 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.032 J	0.032 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0476 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	µg/L µg/l	0.2	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.051 U 0.051 U	0.0532 U 0.0532 U	0.0543 U 0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U 0.1 II	0.0463 U 0.0463 U	0.0476 U 0.0476 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0538 U 0.0538 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 U
BENZO[G.H.I]PERYLENE	μg/L μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0478 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0476 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L	6	TACO/620	2.55 U	2.5 U	3.61 J	0.44 J	0.5 U	0.5	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.72 U	0.33 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.185 U	0.741 U	2.5 U	2.6 U	2.5 U	2.5 U
CHRYSENE DIBENZIA.HIANTHRACENE	μg/L ug/L	1.5 0.3	TACO TACO/620	0.051 U 0.051 U	0.0532 U 0.0532 U	0.0543 U 0.0543 H	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0926 U 0.0463 H	0.0952 U 0.0952 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0538 U 0.0538 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0952 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0952 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	0.43 140	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.051 U 0.051 U	0.0532 U 0.0532 U	0.0543 U 0.0543 U	0.5 U 0.097 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.031 J	0.0926 U 0.0926 U	0.0952 U 0.0952 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0538 U 0.0538 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.051 U	0.0532 U 0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.097 J	0.019 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0952 0	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
PYRENE	μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.0543 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0926 U	0.0952 U	0.0526 U	0.0538 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U
Dissolved Metals:					1		1	1					, ,		•					,				
ALUMINUM ANTIMONY	μg/L μg/L	3500	Non-TACO TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	100 U	100 U	NA NA	NA NA	24 U 0.4 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	13 U 0 15 H	NA NA	49.6 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
ARSENIC	μg/L μg/L	10	620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.1	11	NA NA	NA NA	27	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	54	NA NA	53.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
BARIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	260	320	NA	NA	240	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	310	NA	308	NA	NA	NA	NA
BERYLLIUM	μg/L	4	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 U	1 U	NA NA	NA	0.31 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.11 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
CADMIUM	μg/L μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.2 U 170000	190000	NA NA	NA NA	0.06 U 190000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.038 U 190000	NA NA	166000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μq/L	100	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	1 U	2.7	NA	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.38 J	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.1	4.3	NA	NA	4.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	NA	2.86 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.4 J	0.6	NA	NA	1.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.4 J	NA	2 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA
IRON LEAD	μg/L μg/L	5000 7.5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	310	16000	NA NA	NA NA	18000 0.26 H	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	22000 0.15 II	NA NA	15800 1.00 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
MAGNESIUM	ug/L			NA	NA	NA	NA NA	88000	97000	NA	NA	96000	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	98000	NA NA	84600	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	73	85	NA	NA	76	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	69	NA	120	NA	NA	NA	NA
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA	NA	0.043 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.055 U	NA	0.16 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA
NICKEL POTASSIUM	μg/L μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	16 2000	22 2100	NA NA	NA NA	20 2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	22 2200	NA NA	14.9 J 2250	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	1.6	1.1	NA	NA NA	2.3	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	0.31 U	NA NA	1.25 U	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	NA	NA	0.053 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.037 U	NA	0.5 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA
SODIUM THALLIUM	µg/L		TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	75000	85000 0.086	NA NA	NA NA	85000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	89000 0.032 J	NA NA	71000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
VANADIUM	μg/L μg/L	49		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3 11	3.9	NA NA	NA NA	0.05 U 0.44 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.032 J 0.13 J	NA NA	2.5 11	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
ZINC	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA NA	1471	NA NA	20 U	8.8	NA	NA	5.6	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	24	NA NA	4.54 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
Miscellaneous Parameters:			01.00																					
AMMONIA CHLORIDE	mg/L as N mg/L	30 200	SMCL TACO/620	0.179 133	0.229 123	0.222 125	0.17 J 110 J	0.13 140	0.17 150	0.15 130 J	0.11 130	0.1 U 170	0.11 J 140	0.12 J 140	0.15 160	0.12 110	0.13 140	0.18 160	0.209 J 109	0.185 J 113	21.8 <b>501</b>	23.1 <b>499</b>	28.8 <b>697</b>	40.1 485
NITRATE	mg/L as N		TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.022 J	0.02 U	0.024	0.018	0.022	0.029	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.035 J	NA	0.1 U	NA NA	NA	NA	NA
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	21.5	23.1	23	17	21	20	22 J	17	16	22	22	10	21	11	12	23.1	26.2	27.7	28	32.4	24.4
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	1090 6.5	1010 15	976	970 50	1000 9.6	1100 37	980 31	1000 24	1100	1000	1000	1000 42	950 23	1000 45.6	1120 47.2	897 83.6 J	921 28.0	2210	2190	2310	2250
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS Field Parameters:	mg/L			6.5	15	20	50	9.6	3/	31	24	44	31	30	42	23	45.6	41.2	83.6 J	28.0	39	39	36	33
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			NA	NA	NA	0.3	0.25	0.35	0.3	0.12	0.19	0.12	NA	0.85	NA	NA	NA	1.62	0.16	NA	NA	NA	NA
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTIA				NA	NA	NA	-43	-41	-50	-39	-43	-37	-46	NA	-34	NA	NA	NA	-60	-30.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	NA NA	NA	NA NA	6.65 NA	6.6	6.5	6.6	6.53	6.29	6.22	NA NA	7.04	7.4 J	6.8 J	7.1 J	5.42	6.55	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE TEMPERATURE	mS/cm °C			NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA 12.5	NA 9.03	NA 9.92	1.64	NA 10.34	1.92 12	NA 10.9	NA NA	NA 11.86	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.62 18.99	1.66	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA	NA	NA	7.5	15	9.32	6.14	5.2	12.7	6.04	NA	3.9	NA	NA	NA	16.3	3.89	NA	NA	NA	NA

			Rou	nd 4	Round 5	Round 5	Round 6	Round 6	Round 7	Round 7	Round 8	Round 8	Round 9	Round 9	Round 10	Round 11	Round 12	Round 12	Round 13	Round 13	Round 14	Round 14	Round 15	Round 15
			FL-	04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04	FL-04
		Criteria Screening	8/16/ FL-04_20		11/13/2007 NTC02GW0405	11/13/2007 NTC02GW0405-D	2/26/2008 NTC02GW0406	2/26/2008 NTC02GW0406-D	5/7/2008 NTC02GW0407	5/7/2008 NTC02GW0407-D	8/21/2008 NTC02GW0408	8/21/2008 NTC02GW0408-D	11/19/2008 NTC02GW0409	11/19/2008 NTC02GW0409-D	5/18/2009 NTC02GW0410	11/17/2009 NTC02GW0411	5/5/2010 NTC02GW0412	5/5/2010 NTC02GW0412-D	11/17/2010 NTC02GW0413	11/17/2010 NTC02GW0413-D	5/18/2011 NTC02GW0414	5/18/2011 NTC02GW0414-D	5/2/2012 NTC02GW0415	5/2/2012 NTC02GW0415-D
Analyte	Units	Value So	urce 12-04_2	1	N	FD	N	FD	N	FD	N	FD	N N	FD	N	N	N N	FD	N	FD	N	FD	N	FD
Volatile Organic Compounds: BENZENE	μg/L	5 TAC	0/620	1.23	1.2	1.2	0.91 J	0.88 J	0.73 J	1	1.4	1.4	T 1	1.3	0.66 J	1	0.71 J	0.68 J	1	1	0.45 J	0.44 J	0.72 J	0.73 J
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L			0.312 J	0.4 J	0.41 J	1 U	1 U	0.73 J	0.34 J	0.44 J	0.46 J	0.41 J	0.42 J	1 U	0.3 J	0.24 J	0.28 J	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.22 J	0.5 U
TETRAHYDROFURAN TOLUENE	μg/L		-Tap	25 U	14	13	19 J	18 J	11 J	13 J	14 J	13 J	13 J	12 J	11	12 J	10 J	9.6 J	9.1 J	8.2 J	4.4 J	4.8 J	9.9 J	9.7 J 0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L ug/L	1000 1710	O/620 O/620	0.25 U 0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Semivolatile Organic Compound								1	1															
ACENAPHTHENE ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L μg/L		O/620 (	0.0526 U NA	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.02 J 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U 0.05 U	0.051 J 0.05 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L			0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.016 J	0.041 J	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.03 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.05 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L		0/020	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.11 J 0.11 J		0.04 J	0.091 J	0.5 U 0.071 J	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U 0.041 J	0.1 U 0.041 J
BENZO[A]PYRENE BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L ug/L			0.0526 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U	0.11 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.071 J	0.53 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.041 J 0.1 U	0.041 J 0.1 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L		-TACO (	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.1 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L μg/L		O/620 (0 O/620	2.81 U	0.5 U 0.83	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.57	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.11 J	0.5 U 0.5 UJ	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U 1 U	0.5 U 1 U	0.53 U 0.55	0.5 U 0.45 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.24 J	0.1 U 0.29 J
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5 T.	ACO	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.43 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.1 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L			0.0526 U	0.5 U 0.5 II	0.5 U 0.5 II	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U 0.05 H	0.1 U
FLUORANTHENE FLUORENE	μg/L μg/L			0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.032 J	0.041 J 0.041 J	0.04 J 0.081 J	0.021 J 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U	0.05 U 0.05 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43 TAC	0/620	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.051 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.031 J
NAPHTHALENE PHENANTHRENE	μg/L ug/l			0.0526 U	0.059 J	0.095 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.047 J	0.054 J 0.022 J	0.031 J	0.02 J 0.04 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 II	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 II	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U 0.031 J	0.05 U 0.05 U
PYRENE	μg/L			0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.081 J	0.0 0	0.03 J	0.0 0	0.061 J	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.03 U
Dissolved Metals:		0500	7400	110		212	400.11	400.11	210			210		210	210		212		210			A1A	40.11	40.11
ALUMINUM ANTIMONY	μg/L μg/L		-TACO 0/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	100 U 1.1	100 U 1.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	13 U 0.64 U	13 U 0.63 U
ARSENIC	μg/L	10 (	20	NA	NA	NA	7.2	6.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.1	2
BARIUM BERYLLIUM	μg/L μg/L		O/620 O/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1500	1600	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1200	1100 0.11 U
CADMIUM	μg/L		0/620	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.038 U	0.038 U
CALCIUM CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L		 O/620	NA	NA NA	NA	230000 J	240000 J	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	190000	190000 1.7
COBALT	μg/L μg/L		0/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	10	10	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	7.6	7.2
COPPER	μg/L		0/620	NA	NA	NA	0.93 J	0.7 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.66 J	0.5 J
IRON LEAD	μg/L		O/620 O/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	14000	14000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	12000 0.15 U	12000 0.15 U
MAGNESIUM	μg/L μg/L	7.5 TAC		NA	NA	NA NA	170000 J	170000 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	130000	130000
MANGANESE	μg/L		0/620	NA	NA	NA	150	150	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	110
MERCURY NICKEL	μg/L μg/L		O/620 O/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.2 U 22	0.2 U 20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.055 U 12	0.055 U 12
POTASSIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	36000	37000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	30000	29000
SELENIUM SILVER	μg/L μg/L		O/620 O/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	4.6 J	8.4 J 0.2 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1 U 0 037 H	1 U 0.037 II
SODIUM	μg/L μg/L	TAC		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	420000 J	440000 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	320000	310000
THALLIUM	μg/L		0/620	NA	NA	NA	1 U	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.027 U	0.027 U
VANADIUM ZINC	μg/L ug/L		O/620 O/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.6 20 U	2.5 20 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.1 33	1.9
Miscellaneous Parameters:																								
AMMONIA CHLORIDE	mg/L as N mg/L		MCL O/620	48	29 J <b>500</b>	29 J <b>490</b>	34 580	34 580	27 <b>450</b>	37 480	38 520 J	NA NA	35 J 530	37 J 550	23 440	36 J 390	28 <b>430</b>	30 440	43 440	43 440	13 <b>240</b>	13 <b>240</b>	30 400	30 400
NITRATE	mg/L as N		0/620	463 NA	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.028	0.024 J	0.025 J	0.02 U	NA NA	0.066	0.094	0.28	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.017 U	0.012 U
SULFATE	mg/L		0/620	14	3.9	3.1	13	12	46	39	9.4 J	NA	13	9.7	20	9.8	15	15	2.4	2.5	70	70	22	21
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L mg/L	500 S	MCL 	2090 24.5	<b>2100</b> 51 J	2100 190 J	2300 40	2300 39	1900 31	2000 33	2100 31	NA NA	2100 37	2200 32	1800 33	1700 49	1900 37	1900 37	1900 32	1900 32	1250 21.2	1230 22.6	1890 28.7	1880 30.1
Field Parameters:												1363												
DISSOLVED OXYGEN  OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTIA	mg/L mV			NA NA	0.1 -79	NA NA	0.14	NA NA	0.13	0.13	0.91	NA NA	0.09	NA NA	0.23	0.16 -94	1.16 -152	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
PH	SU		MCL	NA NA	6.5	NA NA	6.75	NA NA	6.72	6.72	6.69	NA NA	7.22	NA NA	6.48	6.42	7.29	7.4 J	7.2 J	7.2 J	6.9 J	6.9 J	7.2 J	7.2 J
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.64	NA	NA	NA	3.35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TEMPERATURE TURBIDITY	°C NTU			NA NA	13.1 1.7	NA NA	8.38 2.8	NA NA	11.41 1.42	11.41 1.42	13.58 1.06	NA NA	11.49 5.92	NA NA	11.08 3.96	11.3 9.1	10.17 2.74	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
TORDIDITI	INTO			INPL	1.7	IVA	2.0	IVA	1.42	1.42	1.00	INA	J. 7Z	INA	3.70	7.1	2.14	IVA	INA	IVA	INA	INA	INA	INA

		Crite	eria	Round 16 FL-04 5/15/2013	Round 17 FL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 FL-04 5/20/2014	Round 1 FL-05 8/17/2006	Round 2 FL-05 39092	Round 3 FL-05 4/25/2007	Round 4 FL-05 8/9/2007	Round 5 FL-05 11/13/2007	Round 6 FL-05 2/25/2008	Round 7 FL-05 5/7/2008	Round 8 FL-05 8/20/2008	Round 9 FL-05 11/18/2008	Round 10 FL-05 5/19/2009	Round 11 FL-05 11/16/2009	Round 12 FL-05 5/6/2010	Round 13 FL-05 11/18/2010	Round 14 FL-05 5/19/2011	Round 15 FL-05 5/2/2012	Round 16 FL-05 5/13/2013	Round 16 FL-05 5/13/2013	Round 17 FL-05 5/21/2014
Analyte	Units	Screening Value	Source	FL-04-20130515	DUP-20140520 FD	FL-04-20140520	FL-05_20060817	FL-05_20070110	FL-05_20070425 N	FL-05_20070809	NTC02GW0505	NTC02GW0506	NTC02GW0507	NTC02GW0508	NTC02GW0509	NTC02GW0510	NTC02GW0511	NTC02GW0512	NTC02GW0513	NTC02GW0514	NTC02GW0515	DUP-20130513 FD	FL-05-20130513 N	FL-05-20140521
Volatile Organic Compounds:	Units	value	ļ <u> </u>	IN .	10	IN IN	IV	IV.	IV	IN		IV	IV	14	i v	1 14	, 14	IN IN	IV	IN I	IN	10	IN	IN.
BENZENE	μg/L	_	TACO/620	0.660 J	1 U	1 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.2 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	μg/L	70	TACO/620	0.5 U	1 U	1 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
TETRAHYDROFURAN TOLUFNE	μg/L μg/L		RSL-Tap TACO/620	11.2 0.5 H	5 U	5 U	25 U -99 H	25 U 0 25 H	25 U	25 U 0 25 H	5 U 1 U	5 UR	5 UR	5 UJ	5 UR	5 U	5 UR	5 UR	5 UR	5 UR	1 UR 0.5 U	2.5 U 0.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U 0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L		TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	1 0	,, 0	0.20	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	- 0	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	10	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Semivolatile Organic Compound				,																				
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.098 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 U	0.098 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE ANTHRACENE	μg/L	210 2100	Non-TACO TACO/620	0.098 U 0.098 U	0.0952 U 0.0952 U	0.0962 U 0.0962 U	NA 0.0526 U	NA 0.0526 U	NA 0.0526 H	NA 0.051 II	0.5 U 0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U 0.05 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U	0.098 U 0.098 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	0.049 U	0.0952 U 0.0476 U	0.0962 U 0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U 0.0472 U	0.0943 U 0.0472 U	0.098 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.049 U	0.0476 U	0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.029 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.0472 U	0.049 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.049 U	0.0476 U	0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.0472 U	0.049 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.098 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 U	0.098 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L ug/L	0.17	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.049 U 0.196 U	0.0476 U 0.634 U	0.0481 U 0.69 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U 2.75 H	0.5 U 1.6	0.5 U 0.43 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.79	0.56 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.92 U	0.5 U 0.46 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.29 J	0.0472 U 0.189 U	0.0472 U 0.189 U	0.049 U 0.719 UJ
CHRYSENE	μg/L μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.198 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.029 J	0.43 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.79 0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.92 U	0.46 J	0.5 U	0.29 J 0.1 U	0.0943 U	0.169 U	0.098 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.049 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.0472 U	0.098 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.098 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.039 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.042 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 U	0.098 U
FLUORENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.098 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 U	0.098 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE NAPHTHALENE	μg/L μg/L	0.43	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.098 U 0.098 U	0.0952 U 0.0952 U	0.0962 U 0.0962 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.051 U 0.051 U	0.5 U 0.059 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 1.1	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.011 J	0.56 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.082 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.05 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U	0.098 U 0.0653 J
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.078 U	0.19 U	0.192 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.057 J	0.5 U	0.5.11	0.5 U	0.021 J	0.56 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0743 U	0.0943 U	0.196 U
PYRENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.098 U	0.0952 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.56 U	0.073 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0943 U	0.0943 U	0.098 U
Dissolved Metals:																								
ALUMINUM	μg/L		Non-TACO	NA	123 J	124 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	44 U	100 U	100 U	NA	100 U	NA	100 U	23 U	28 U		13 U	NA	NA	59.7
ANTIMONY	μg/L ug/l	6 10	TACO/620 620	NA NA	1.87 J	1.73 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.91 U 4.3	1 U	1 U 4.7	NA NA	1 U 6.5	NA NA	1 U 6.9	0.36 U 7.1	0.36 U 5.2	1 U 5.7	0.15 U	NA NA	NA NA	5.16
ARSENIC BARIUM	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	NA NA	1360	1390	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	4.3	4.9	35	NA NA	39	NA NA	50	61	5.2 48	5.7	56	NA NA	NA NA	48.3
BERYLLIUM	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	0.31 U	1 U	1 U	NA	1 U	NA	1 U	0.3 U	0.3 U	1 U	0.11 U	NA	NA	0.5 U
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA	2.5 U	2.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.07	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA	0.2 U	NA	0.2 U	0.055 U	0.055 U	0.2 U	0.039 J	NA	NA	0.5 U
CALCIUM	μg/L			NA	212000	215000	NA	NA	NA	NA	57000 J	78000 J	68000	NA	65000 J	NA	63000	88000 J	76000	98000	89000	NA	NA	86400
CHROMIUM, TOTAL COBALT	μg/L μg/L	100 1000	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	5 UJ 8.54	5 UJ 8.66	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	0.54 U 0.64	1 U 0.85	0.87 0.71	NA NA	1 U 0.68	NA NA	0.57 1.1	0.46 U 2.4	0.65 U 1.6	1 U 2.5	0.56 J 2.4	NA NA	NA NA	1 U 1.91 J
COPPER	ug/L	650	TACO/620	NA NA	2 111	2 111	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.04	0.88 J	0.74	NA NA	0.78	NA NA	0.96	1.1	0.71 U	0.36 J	0.27 J	NA NA	NA NA	1.62 J
IRON	µg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	11600	11700	NA	NA	NA	NA	290 J	420	330	NA	380	NA	630	1500	1300	2400	2100	NA	NA	2320
LEAD	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	1.29 J	1.12 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.33 U	1 U	1 U	NA	1 U	NA	1 U	0.22 U	0.22 U	1 U	0.15 U	NA	NA	0.528 J
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			NA	157000	159000	NA	NA	NA	NA	43000 J	59000 J	54000	NA	52000 J	NA	46000	57000 J	52000	54000	48000	NA	NA	50100
MANGANESE	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	115	121	NA	NA	NA	NA	24	17	11	NA	11	NA	25	78	53	120	120	NA	NA	107
MERCURY NICKEL	μg/L μg/L	100	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	0.16 UJ 16.6 J	0.16 UJ 17.2 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.053 U 3.5	0.2 U 5.9	0.2 U 4.6	NA NA	0.2 U 3.3	NA NA	0.2 U 4.1	0.061 U 5.1	0.061 U 3.2	0.079 J 4.1	0.055 U 3.3	NA NA	NA NA	0.16 U 2.49 J
POTASSIUM	μg/L			NA	33200	33900	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1600	1600	1600	NA NA	1700	NA NA	1600	1400 J	1600	1300	1400	NA NA	NA NA	1530
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	1.25 U	1.25 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.92 U	1 U	1 U	NA	0.99	NA	1 U	1.4	0.82 U	1 U	0.31 U	NA	NA	1.25 U
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.12 U	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	NA	0.2 U	NA	0.13	0.061 U	0.061 U	0.2 U	0.037 U	NA	NA	0.5 UJ
SODIUM	μg/L		 TACC//CC	NA NA	359000	362000	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	45000 J	50000 J	45000	NA NA	48000 J	NA	39000	40000 J	44000	40000	38000 0.027 H	NA NA	NA	41400
THALLIUM VANADIUM	μg/L μg/L	49	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	2.53 J	1 U 2.60 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.17 U	1 U	0.3	NA NA	2.5	NA NA	1 U	0.056 U 0.28 H	0.056 U 0.28 H	0.093 J	0.027 U 0.067 J	NA NA	NA NA	1 U 2.5 U
ZINC		5000		NA	12.5 UJ	12.5 UJ	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	14 J	20 U	20 U	NA NA	2.3 20 U		20 U	8.4 U	3 J		7.7 U	NA NA	NA NA	3.89 J
Miscellaneous Parameters:	- Fa						3												, , ,		0			
AMMONIA	mg/L as N		SMCL	27.4	13.8 J			0.318	0.35	0.41	0.25	0.38	0.41	0.42	0.46	0.61	0.63 J	0.81	0.67	0.54	0.49	0.533	0.567	0.590
CHLORIDE	mg/L		TACO/620	409	493	484	20.6	47.6	34.6	33.2	30	41	36	32 J	41	37	44	37	29	29	21	29.2	29.6	25.8
NITRATE SUI FATE	mg/L as N mg/L	10 400	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA 39.5	0.1 U 52.0	0.1 U 51.9	NA 137	NA 204	NA 153	NA 184	0.1 U 140	0.027 170	0.022 J 180	0.02 U 170 J	0.1 U 140	0.016 U 170	0.1 U 140	0.05 U 170	0.05 U 170	0.05 U 170	0.0036 UJ 160	NA 191	NA 193	0.1 U 185
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	1820	2070	2050	432	608	562	544 544	500	590	580	540	560	590	560 J	580	540	580	570	680	678	555 555
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			87.4 J	20.0	23.0	5		51.5	27.5	140 J	28	33	15		330	58	81	52		68.3	82.4	100	10 U
Field Parameters:																						•		
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			0.26	NA	1.48	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.11	0.15	3.54	0.16	0.48	0.05	0.008	0.11	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.05	0.53
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTIA	/ mV	 4 E 0 E	SMCI	-150 E 41	NA NA	-75.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-167 7.95	-139	-173 7.93	-179 7.92	-131	-155	-169	-181	NA NA	NA 7.7 J	NA 7.9.1	NA NA	-206 7.32	-188.2 7.6
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm	6.5-8.5	SMCL	<b>5.41</b> 3.24	NA NA	6.67 3.652	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	7.95 NA	7.49 NA	7.93 NA	7.92 0.811	7.81 NA	7.52 NA	7.06 NA	8.76 NA	8 J NA	7.7 J NA	7.8 J NA	NA NA	1.289	0.938
TEMPERATURE	°C			12.36	NA NA	12.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	11.4	9.5	12.48	15.08	10.49	14.81	11.68	12.82	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.269	14.2
TURBIDITY	NTU			37.8	NA	1.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	48	39	23.4	7.37	28.8	622	46.3	100	NA	NA	NA	NA	11.5	1.53
														•		-				•				

	l	1		Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6	Round 7	Round 8	Round 9	Round 10	Round 11	Round 12	Round 13	Round 14	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17
		Cris	teria	FL-06 8/21/2006	FL-06 39101	FL-06 4/17/2007	FL-06 8/14/2007	FL-06 11/13/2007	FL-06 2/27/2008	FL-06 5/7/2008	FL-06 8/21/2008	FL-06 11/19/2008	FL-06 5/18/2009	FL-06 11/17/2009	FL-06 5/5/2010	FL-06 11/17/2010	FL-06 5/18/2011	FL-06 5/2/2012	FL-06 5/15/2013	FL-06 5/20/2014
		Screening		FL-06_20060821	FL-06_20070119	FL-06_20070417	FL-06_20070814	NTC02GW0605	NTC02GW0606	NTC02GW0607	NTC02GW0608	NTC02GW0609	NTC02GW0610	NTC02GW0611	NTC02GW0612	NTC02GW0613	NTC02GW0614	NTC02GW0615	FL-06-20130515	5/20/2014 FL-06-20140520
Analyte	Units	Value	Source	- N	N	N N	_ N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Volatile Organic Compounds: BENZENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.125 II	0.125 II	0 125 II	0 125 II	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1 11	1.11	1.11	1 11	0.2 11	0.5.11	0.5.11
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	µg/L µg/L	70	TACO/620	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	0.125 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
TETRAHYDROFURAN	μg/L	340	RSL-Tap	25 U	25 U	25 U	25 U	5 U	5 UR	5 UR	5 UJ	5 UR	5 U	5 UR	5 UR	5 UR	5 UR	1 UR	2.5 U	2.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	μg/L	1000	TACO/620 TACO/620	1.79	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Semivolatile Organic Compound	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	0.25 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.5 U	0.25 U	0.25 U
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	420	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.019 J	0.5 U	0.072 J	0.5 U	0.062 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0943 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	NA 0.0526 II	NA 0.0526 H	NA 0.0526.11	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA 0.5.IJ	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U
ANTHRACENE BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L ug/L	2100 0.13	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0568 U 0.0568 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.03 J	0.5 U 0.041 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U 0.1 U	0.0926 U 0.0463 U	0.0943 U 0.0472 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0472 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0472 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	210 0.17	Non-TACO TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0568 U 0.0568 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.1 U	0.0926 U 0.0463 U	0.0943 U 0.0472 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L μg/L	6	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.55 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 0	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.32 J	0.23 J	0.1 J	0.185 U	0.659 U
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.03 J	0.031 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0926 U	0.0943 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0943 U
FLUORANTHENE FLUORENE	μg/L μg/L	280 280	TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0568 U 0.0568 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.031 J 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.062 J 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U 0.05 U	0.0926 U 0.0926 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0926 U	0.0943 U
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U	0.057 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.01 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.0943 U
PHENANTHRENE PYRENE	μg/L μg/L	210 210	Non-TACO TACO/620	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0568 U 0.0568 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.02 J 0.03 J	0.021 J 0.031 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.3 J	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0926 U	0.189 U 0.0943 U
Dissolved Metals:	µg/L	210	TACU/620	U.U526 U	U.U526 U	0.0526 U	U.U308 U	U.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.03 J	0.031 J	0.5 U	U.3 J	0.5 0	0.5 0	U.5 U	0.1 U	0.0926 U	U.U943 U
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO	NA	NA	NA	NA	44 U	660	31	100 U	100 U	NA	100 U	23 U	28 U	220	13 U	NA	25 U
ANTIMONY	μg/L	6	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.44 U	1 U	1 U	0.45 U	1 U	NA	1 U	0.36 U	0.36 U	1 U	0.15 U	NA	2 U
ARSENIC BARIUM	μg/L ug/L	10 2000	620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.74 U <b>80</b>	3 U 79	0.35 76	1.5 J 61	0.36 72	NA NA	0.56 67	0.38 U 74	0.38 U 52	0.46 J 62	0.29 J 61	NA NA	1.5 U 67.4
BERYLLIUM	µg/L µg/L	4	TACO/620	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	0.31 U	1 U	70 1 U	1 U	1 U	NA NA	1 U	0.3 U	0.3 U	1 U	0.11 U	NA NA	0.5 U
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.062 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA	0.2 U	0.055 U	0.055 U	0.2 U	0.038 U	NA	0.5 U
CALCIUM CHROMIUM, TOTAI	μg/L μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	120000 J 1.7	120000	120000 0.97	130000	120000 J	NA NA	110000 1.6	130000 J	130000	130000 0.59 J	140000	NA NA	120000
COBALT	µg/L µg/L	1000	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.67	0.79	0.97	0.1	0.24	NA NA	0.29	0.26 J	0.23 J	0.59 J	0.2 U	NA NA	2.5 U
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.2	2 J	1.5	1.6 U	1.7	NA	2.7	1.7	1.9	1.2	1	NA	1.33 J
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.7 U	720	20 U	20 U	20 U	NA	20 U	4.4 J	12 J	440	12	NA	15 U
LEAD MAGNESIUM	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.33 U 62000 J	1 U 66000	1 U 67000	1 U 72000	1 U 66000 J	NA NA	1 U 62000	0.22 U 70000 J	0.22 U 76000	1 U 70000	0.15 U 76000	NA NA	0.748 J 68400
MANGANESE	μg/L ug/L	150	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	220	130	51	41	86	NA NA	81	92	76000	67	38	NA NA	11.5
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.046 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA	0.2 U	0.061 U	0.061 U	0.2 U	0.055 U	NA	0.16 UJ
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.6	5.2	4.7	3.7	3.6	NA	7.1	3.5	4.6	3.1	2.5	NA	0.879 J
POTASSIUM SELENIUM	μg/L μg/L	 50	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2500	2400	2400	2000	2300	NA NA	1800	1900 0.82 H	1900 0.92 J	1800	1700 0.76 H	NA NA	1700 1,25 U
SILVER	μg/L μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.12 U	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.81 U	0.68	NA NA	0.2 U	0.061 U	0.92 J 0.061 U	0.2 U	0.037 U	NA NA	0.5 UJ
SODIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	64000 J	59000	51000	37000	49000 J	NA	33000	38000 J	32000	36000	29000	NA	27600
THALLIUM VANADIUM	µg/L	2	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.19	1 U	0.092	0.071 J	0.13	NA NA	0.053 3 U	0.1 J	0.1 J	1 U	0.081 J	NA NA	1 U
ZINC	μg/L ug/L	49 5000	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	10 J	1.4 20 U	0.51 20 U	0.28 J 8 UJ	3.7	NA NA	20 U	0.35 J 5.3 J	0.33 J 3 J	0.73 J 11 J	0.16 J 15 U	NA NA	2.5 U 2.5 UJ
Miscellaneous Parameters:	pg/ c	0000	171007020	1323	1373	100	1.92.3	.03	200	20 0	0 03		193	20 0	0.03			10 0	1473	2.0 05
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.194	0.125	0.05 U	0.142	0.19	0.088	0.14	0.21	0.22	0.15 U	0.055 J	0.017 J	0.049	0.046 J	0.081	0.0841 J	0.15 U
CHLORIDE NITRATE	mg/L mg/L as N	200	TACO/620 TACO/620	26.6 NA	28.2 NA	27.6 NA	29 NA	25 0.1 U	27 0.16	29 0.048 J	29 0.02 U	0.1	30 0.057	32 0.072	28 0.058 J	29 0.05 U	27 0.046 J	28 0.081 J	50.3 NA	42.2 0.0790 J
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	313	326	284	279	250	250	260	270 J	260	300	260	280	260	250	260	179	188
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	904	872	862	902	780	800	850	910	780	870	830	820	870	788	860	701	691
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			2.5 U	13	40.5	9	140 J	160	43	270	230	53	54	35	35	52.2	24.4	25.2 J	10 U
Field Parameters: DISSOLVED OXYGEN	ma/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	0.2	1.59	0.6	0.37	0.97	0.5	0.46	0.7	NA	NA	NA	0.7	1.53
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENTIA	mV			NA	NA	NA	NA	62	51	60	114	200	96	117	130	NA	NA	NA	18	95.8
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.19	6.95	7.12	7.19	6.98	6.78	7.23	7.41	7.6 J	7.2 J	7.6 J	6.28	7.12
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE TEMPERATURE	mS/cm °C			NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA 12.4	NA 6.74	NA 13.58	1.368 14.53	NA 10.5	NA 10.86	NA 10.17	NA 9.89	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.099	1.118 14.7
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	12.4	6.74	30.3	14.53	10.5	10.86	48.3	9.89	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	31.2	4.3
101.0.0111	IVIO			14/4	14/1	1481	14/1	12.0	37	30.3	77.7		10.2	70.3		14/4	14/1	1975	31.2	7.5

### Historical Groundwater Results for LTM Parameters Site 2 Forrestal Landfill Naval Station Great Lakes, IL

#### Notes:

U - nondetect

J - estimated value

R - Rejected

UJ - estimated limit of detection (LOD)

Results exceeding screening are highlighted and in bold.

TACO = Illinois EPA Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 742, Appendix B, Table E (IEPA 2007).

RSLs = USEPA Regions 3, 6, and 9 Regional Screen Level, (May 2013).

620 = Illinois EPA Class I Potable Resource Groundwater, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 620, Subpart D (IEPA 2012).

If two sources of criteria are listed, the values are the same for the sources listed.

RSL-Tap: Regional Screening Level, Tapwater

TACO: Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, Soil Component of Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route Class I

SMCL: USEPA Secondary Maximum Containment Level Non-TACO: GRO not promulgated under 35 IAC 742

#### Appendix B - Table 4

# Summary of Detections and Criteria for Long Term Groundwater Monitoring Results from May 2014 (Round 17) Site 3 Supplyside Landfill, Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

		Cri	teria	Round 17 SL-01 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-02 5/21/2014	Round 17 SL-03 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-05 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-06 5/21/2014
		Screening Value	Source	SSL-01- 20140520	SSL-02- 20140521	SSL-03- 20140520	SSL-04- 20140520	DUP2- 20140520	SSL-05- 20140520	SSL-06- 20140521
Analyte	Units	value		N	N	N	N	FD	N	N
Semivolatile Organic Compou										
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0258 J	0.0516 J	NA	0.0481 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0481 U	0.0288 J	NA	0.0481 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0481 U	0.0654 J	NA	0.0257 J	0.0481 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0481 U	0.0397 J	NA	0.0481 U	0.0481 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0562 J	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0488 J	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
PYRENE	μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0549 J	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
Herbicides:										
MCPA	μg/L	3.5	Non-TACO	49 U	49 U	32.2 J	30.6 J	48.1 U	47.2 U	46.3 U
Dissolved Metals:										
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO	14.5 J	28.7 J	26.3 J	31.6 J	NA	34.7 J	45.3 J
ARSENIC	μg/L	10	620	1.5 U	2.9	1.5 U	1.5 U	NA	1.5 U	4.46
BARIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	66.5	39.2	21.6	70.9	NA	383	69.8
CALCIUM	μg/L			117000	47500	78300	70200	NA	204000	154000
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	NA	2.45 J	2.5 U
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	1.11 J	1.27 J	2 UJ	1.24 J	NA	2 UJ	1.19 J
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	641	123	10.1 J	454	NA	13200	5020
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	0.749 J	0.75 U	0.417 J	0.449 J	NA	1.08 J	0.62 J
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			67600	28100	83200	53100	NA	91700	54100
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	90.3	27.2	13	13.9	NA	479	557
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	0.842 J	2.25 J	1.5 UJ	0.92 J	NA	8.14 J	2.54 J
POTASSIUM	μg/L			1540	9110	2540	1930	NA	7960	1210 J
SODIUM	μg/L			33800	352000	50400	30400	NA	94300	74200
VANADIUM	μq/L	49	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	NA	1.25 J	2.5 U
ZINC	μq/L	5000	TACO/620	2.5 UJ	2.5 UJ	2.5 UJ	1.37 J	NA	3.42 J	11.4 J
Miscellaneous Parameters:						•			•	
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.232 J	0.228 J	0.331	0.205 J	NA	14.2	0.226 J
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	9.5	449	20.9	13.5	NA	113	159
NITRATE	mg/L as N	10	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.195 J	NA	0.1 U	0.1 U
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	228	106	370	83.8	NA	112	135
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	739	1150	757	20 U	NA	1130	817
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			26	10 U	54	10 U	NA	10 U	212
Field Parameters:						•			•	
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			0.47	0.66	0.69	0.53	NA	1.29	2.02
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENT	mV			-138.1	-76.7	-266.8	8.6	NA	-72.2	-18.1
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	7.27	8.01	7.96	7.36	NA	7.28	6.62
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm			1.013	2.153	1.254	0.718	NA	1.773	1.255
TEMPERATURE	°C			12.55	14.3	13.84	13.29	NA	12.56	11.79
TURBIDITY	NTU			21.6	19.3	81.6	10.1	NA	6.02	291

#### Notes:

U - nondetect

J - estimated value

UJ - estimated limit of detection (LOD)

Results exceeding screening are highlighted and in bold.

TACO = Illinois EPA Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 742, Appendix B, Table E (IEPA 2007).

RSLs = USEPA Regions 3, 6, and 9 Regional Screen Level, (May 2014).

620 = Illinois EPA Class I Potable Resource Groundwater, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 620, Subpart D (IEPA 2012).

If two sources of criteria are listed, the values are the same for the sources listed.

RSL-Tap: Regional Screening Level, Tapwater

TACO: Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, Soil Component of Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route Class I

SMCL: USEPA Secondary Maximum Containment Level Non-TACO: GRO not promulgated under 35 IAC 742

# Appendix B - Table 5 Groundwater Results from May 2014 (Round 17) Long Term Monitoring Site 3 Supplyside Landfill, Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

	ı	T		D147	D1 47	D147	D147	D147	D147	D147
		Crit	teria	Round 17 SL-01 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-02 5/21/2014	Round 17 SL-03 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-05 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-06 5/21/2014
		Screening	Source	SSL-01- 20140520	SSL-02- 20140521	SSL-03- 20140520	SSL-04- 20140520	DUP2- 20140520	SSL-05- 20140520	SSL-06- 20140521
Analyte	Units	Value		N	N	N	N	FD	N	N
Semivolatile Organic Compou	nds:			<u> </u>			U.		<u> </u>	
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	420	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0258 J	0.0516 J	NA	0.0481 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0481 U	0.0288 J	NA	0.0481 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0481 U	0.0654 J	NA	0.0257 J	0.0481 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.0495 U	0.05 U	0.0481 U	0.0397 J	NA	0.0481 U	0.0481 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L	6	TACO/620	0.685 UJ	0.667 UJ	0.679 UJ	0.758 U	NA	0.698 U	0.707 UJ
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0562 J	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0488 J	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.198 U	0.1 U	0.192 U	0.192 U	NA	0.192 U	0.192 U
PYRENE	μg/L μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.099 U	0.1 U	0.0962 U	0.0549 J	NA	0.0962 U	0.0962 U
Herbicides:	µy/L	210	TACO/020	0.099 0	0.1 0	0.0902 0	0.0349 J	IVA	0.0902 0	0.0902 0
MCPA	μg/L	3.5	Non-TACO	49 U	49 U	32.2 J	30.6 J	48.1 U	47.2 U	46.3 U
MCPP		7	620	49 UJ	49 UJ	49 UJ	47.2 UJ	48.1 UJ	47.2 UJ	46.3 UJ
Dissolved Metals:	μg/L	/	020	49 UJ	49 UJ	49 UJ	47.2 UJ	40.1 UJ	47.2 03	40.3 03
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO	14.5 J	28.7 J	26.3 J	31.6 J	NA	34.7 J	45.3 J
ANTIMONY	μg/L μg/L	6	TACO/620	14.5 J	20.7 J	20.3 J 2 U	2 U	NA	2 U	45.3 J
ARSENIC		10	620	1.5 U	2.9	1.5 U	1.5 U	NA	1.5 U	4.46
BARIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	66.5	39.2	21.6	70.9	NA NA	383	69.8
BERYLLIUM	μg/L		TACO/620			0.5 U				
	μg/L	4		0.5 U	0.5 U		0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.75 U	0.5 U
CALCIUM	μg/L		 TACO//20	117000	47500	78300	70200	NA	204000	154000
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	NA	1 U	1 U
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	NA	2.45 J	2.5 U
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	1.11 J-	1.27 J-	2 UJ	1.24 J-	NA	2 UJ	1.19 J-
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	641	123	10.1 J	454	NA	13200	5020
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	0.749 J+	0.75 U	0.417 J+	0.449 J+	NA	1.08 J+	0.62 J+
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			67600	28100	83200	53100	NA	91700	54100
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	90.3	27.2	13	13.9	NA	479	557
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.16 UJ	0.16 U	0.16 UJ	0.16 UJ	NA	0.16 UJ	0.16 U
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	0.842 J-	2.25 J-	1.5 UJ	0.92 J-	NA	8.14 J-	2.54 J-
POTASSIUM	μg/L			1540	9110	2540	1930	NA	7960	1210 J
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	1.25 U	NA	1.25 U	1.25 U
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ	NA	0.5 UJ	0.5 UJ
SODIUM	μg/L			33800	352000	50400	30400	NA	94300	74200
THALLIUM	μg/L	2	TACO/620	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	NA	1 U	1 U
VANADIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	NA	1.25 J	2.5 U
ZINC	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	2.5 UJ	2.5 UJ	2.5 UJ	1.37 J-	NA	3.42 J-	11.4 J-

# Appendix B - Table 5 Groundwater Results from May 2014 (Round 17) Long Term Monitoring Site 3 Supplyside Landfill, Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

		Cri	teria	Round 17 SL-01 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-02 5/21/2014	Round 17 SL-03 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-05 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-06 5/21/2014
Analyte	Units	Screening Value	Source	SSL-01- 20140520 N	SSL-02- 20140521 N	SSL-03- 20140520 N	SSL-04- 20140520 N	DUP2- 20140520 FD	SSL-05- 20140520 N	SSL-06- 20140521 N
Miscellaneous Parameters:										
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.232 J	0.228 J	0.331	0.205 J	NA	14.2	0.226 J
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	9.5	449	20.9	13.5	NA	113	159
NITRATE	mg/L as N	10	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.195 J	NA	0.1 U	0.1 U
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	228	106	370	83.8	NA	112	135
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	739	1150	757	20 U	NA	1130	817
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			26	10 U	54	10 U	NA	10 U	212
Field Parameters:						•				
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			0.47	0.66	0.69	0.53	NA	1.29	2.02
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENT	m۷			-138.1	-76.7	-266.8	8.6	NA	-72.2	-18.1
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	7.27	8.01	7.96	7.36	NA	7.28	6.62
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm			1.013	2.153	1.254	0.718	NA	1.773	1.255
TEMPERATURE	°C			12.55	14.3	13.84	13.29	NA	12.56	11.79
TURBIDITY	NTU			21.6	19.3	81.6	10.1	NA	6.02	291

#### Notes:

U - nondetect

J - estimated value

UJ - estimated limit of detection (LOD)

Results exceeding screening are highlighted and in bold.

TACO = Illinois EPA Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 742, Appendix B, Table E (IEPA 2007).

RSLs = USEPA Regions 3, 6, and 9 Regional Screen Level, (May 2014).

620 = Illinois EPA Class I Potable Resource Groundwater, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 620, Subpart D (IEPA 2012).

If two sources of criteria are listed, the values are the same for the sources listed.

RSL-Tap: Regional Screening Level, Tapwater

TACO: Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, Soil Component of Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route Class I

SMCL: USEPA Secondary Maximum Containment Level Non-TACO: GRO not promulgated under 35 IAC 742

				Round 1 SL-01	Round 2 SL-01	Round 3 SL-01	Round 4 SL-01	Round 5 SL-01	Round 6 SL-01	Round 7 SL-01	Round 8 SL-01	Round 9 SL-01	Round 10 SL-01	Round 11 SL-01	Round 12 SL-01	Round 13 SL-01	Round 14 SL-01	Round 15 SL-01	Round 16 SL-01	Round 17 SL-01	Round 1 SL-02	Round 2 SL-02	Round 3 SL-02	Round 4 SL-02
		Screening	Source	8/1/2006 SL-01_20060801	1/15/2007 SL-01_20070115	4/26/2007 SL-01_20070426	7/31/2007 SL-01_20070731	11/15/2007 NTC03GW0105	2/27/2008 NTC03GW0106	5/6/2008 NTC03GW0107	8/18/2008 NTC03GW0108	11/17/2008 NTC03GW0109	5/20/2009 NTC03GW0110	11/19/2009 NTC03GW0111	5/3/2010 NTC03GW0112	11/15/2010 NTC03GW0113	5/16/2011 NTC03GW0114	5/1/2012 NTC03GW0115	5/14/2013 SSL-01-20130514	5/20/2014 SSL-01-20140520	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Analyte	Units	Value		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N				
Semivolatile Organic Compou ACENAPHTHENE		420	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5.11	0.5.11	0.05.11	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	420		U.U526 U NA	U.U526 U	U.U526 U NA	0.0532 U NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	U.5 U NA	0.54 U 0.54 U	U.5 U NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1471
ANTHRACENE	μg/L μg/l	210 2100	Non-TACO TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L ug/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.05 J	0.052 J	0.033 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.14 J	0.5 U	0.051 J	0.03 U	0.0472 U	0.0495 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.032 J	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.14 J	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.041 J	0.0472 U	0.0495 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	ug/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.0320 0 NA	0.0328 G	0.0320 0 NA	0.0332 0 NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.54 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.0413	0.0472 U	0.0475 U	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L μg/L	210	Non-TACO	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA NA	0.54 U	NA NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 0	0.5 U	0.1 0	0.0472 0	0.099 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA
BENZO[K]FI UORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.0495 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE		6	TACO/620	2.5 U	2.5 11	2.5.11	2 55 11	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	2.7 U	0.5 U	0.22 J	0.21 J	0.189 II	0.685 111	NA	NA	NA	NA
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.0526 H	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 11	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.052 J	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.111	0.0943 U	0.099 11	NA	NA	NA	NA
DIBENZ[A.H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.54 U	NA NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.02 J	0.042 J	0.022 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
FLUORENE	μq/L	280	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0583	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.065 J	0.5 U	0.03 J	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.051 J	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.021 J	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.051 J	0.031 J	0.0943 U	0.198 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
PYRENE	μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0532 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.052 J	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.041 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0943 U	0.099 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
Herbicides:																								
MCPA	μq/L	3.5	Non-TACO	100 U	100 U	100 U	50 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	21 J	62 U	49 UJ	49 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
MCPP	μg/L	7	620	100 U	100 U	100 U	50 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 UJ	200 U	31 J	200 U	200 U	45 J	31 U	49 U	49 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dissolved Metals:																								
ALUMINUM	μg/L	3500	Non-TACO	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	26	NA	NA	24 U	NA	23 U	NA	100 U	13 U	NA	14.5 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
ANTIMONY	μg/L	6	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.41	NA	NA	0.4 U	NA	0.36 U	NA	1 U	0.15 U	NA	2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
ARSENIC	μg/L	10	620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.64	NA	NA	0.39 U	NA	0.77 J	NA	0.56 J	1.1	NA	1.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
BARIUM	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	NA	NA	47	NA	59	NA	24	32	NA	66.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
BERYLLIUM	μg/L	4	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 U	NA	NA	0.31 U	NA	0.3 U	NA	1 U	0.11 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.2 U	NA	NA	0.06 U	NA	0.055 U	NA	0.2 U	0.038 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
CALCIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	170000	NA	NA	140000 J	NA	150000 J	NA	210000	230000	NA	117000	NA	NA	NA	NA
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 U	NA	NA	0.75 U	NA	0.82 U	NA	1 U	0.2 U	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1	NA	NA	0.74	NA	0.95 J	NA	1.6	2.7	NA	2.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
COPPER	μg/L	650	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.83	NA	NA	1.1	NA	1.1	NA	0.63 J	0.53 J	NA	1.11 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	740	NA	NA	920	NA	730	NA	280	520	NA	641	NA	NA	NA	NA
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 U	NA	NA	0.26 U	NA	0.22 U	NA	1 U	0.15 U	NA	0.749 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	83000	NA	NA	74000 J	NA	82000 J	NA	85000	100000	NA	67600	NA	NA	NA	NA
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	150	NA	NA	100	NA	200	NA	120	520	NA	90.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.061 U	NA	0.2 U	0.055 U	NA	0.16 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.9	NA	NA	1.4	NA	2.6	NA	3.8	6.9	NA	0.842 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
POTASSIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1400	NA	NA	1100	NA	1300 J	NA	550	480	NA	1540	NA	NA	NA	NA
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	1 U	NA	NA	0.4 U	NA	0.88 J	NA	1 UJ	0.73 U	NA	1.25 U	NA	NA	NA	NA
SODILIM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.2 UJ	NA NA	NA NA	0.033 0	NA NA	0.061 U	NA NA	0.2 U	0.037 0	NA NA	0.5 05	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
OODTOM	μg/L		 TACO// 00		NA NA	NA NA		NΑ	NA NA	33000		NA NA	33000 J	NA NA	35000 J	NA NA	21000	26000		33800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
THALLIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NΑ	NA NA	0.25	NA NA	NA NA	0.05 U 0.87 H	NΑ	0.030 0	NA NA	0.1( )	0.047 J	NA NA	1 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
VANADIUM ZINC	μg/L μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.35 20 U	NA NA	NA NA	0.87 U 2 U	NA NA	0.37 J 7.2 J	NA NA	0.16 J 20 U	0.2 J 6.7 U	NA NA	2.5 U 2.5 UJ	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
LINO	μg/L	2000	TACO/620	IVA	INA	IVA	IVA	NA	INA	20 U	NA	N/A	2 U	IVA	1.2 J	IVA	20 U	b./ U	IVA	2.5 UJ	INA	IVA	NA	IVA
Miscellaneous Parameters:  AMMONIA	ma/Lac M	30	SMCI	0.437	0.229	0.24	0.4	0.28	0.19	0.17	0.42	0.22	0.2	0.16 J	0.2	0.4	0.068	0.018 J	0.231 J	0.232 J	NA	NA	NA	NA
CHLORIDE	mg/L as N mg/L	200	TACO/620	0.437	10.3	10.7	0.4 1.82 J	0.28 4.7	0.19	18	0.42 14 J	0.22	0.2 17	0.16 J 24	0.2 20	0.4 17 J	0.068	0.018 J 24	0.231 J 11.1 J	9.50	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
NITRATE	mg/L mg/L as N	10	TACO/620	0.025.11	10.3	10.7 NA	1.82 J	4.7	0.1 II	0.034 J	14 J	0.1.11	0.016.11	0.1.11	0.05.11	0.05.11	0.05.11	0.0036.111	NA	9.50	NΑ	NA NA	NΑ	NΑ
SULFATE	mg/L as N	400	TACO/620	24.1	278	254	60.8	89	370	340	92 J	0.10	280	390	320	110	390	420	226	228	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	874 874	788	802	402	450	1000	950	92 J 440	1100	850 850	1100	860	478	1180	1240	753	739	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	300	JIVICE	5	7.5		2.5 U	6.7	7.4	6.5	5.4	7.9	8.7	9.9 111	21 J	6.8	21.7	24.7	116	26.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Field Parameters:	HIY/L			3	1.5	1.0	2.3 U	0.7	1.4	0.3	5.4	1.9	0./	7.7 UJ	21 J	0.0	21.1	24.1	110	20.0	AVI	AVI	IVA	AVI
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mq/L		1 . 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.08	0.11	0.44	0.31	0.1	0.13	1.06	0.88	NA	NA	NA	0.18	0.47	NΑ	NA	NA	NA
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEN				NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-55	-73	-14	-82	-50	-32	NA	-128	NA	NA NA	NA NA	-140	-138.1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	6.95	7.07	6.98	6.92	7.19	6.97	6.81	6.53	7.6 J	7.1	7.2 J	6.86	7.27	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm	0.3-0.3	JIVICE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	0.76 NA	0.72	NA	1.348	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	1.296	1.013	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
TEMPERATURE	°C			NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	11.19	9.91	12.7	13.8	10.7	12.5	11.12	11.36	NA	NA	NA	12.11	12.55	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.9	10	7.72	4.11	3.8	4.07	4	11.9	NA NA	NA	NA NA	20.3	21.6	NA	NA NA	NA	NA
	1410			14/1	1471	1471	141	5.7				0.0	,		,	1471	1471	14/1	20.0	21.0	14/1	1471	1411	1471

				Round 5 SL-02	Round 6 SL-02	Round 7 SL-02	Round 8 SL-02	Round 9 SL-02	Round 10	Round 11 SL-02	Round 12	Round 13 SL-02	Round 14	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17 SL-02	Round 1 SL-03	Round 2 SL-03	Round 3 SL-03	Round 4 SL-03	Round 5 SL-03	Round 6 SL-03	Round 7 SL-03	Round 8 SL-03
		Screenin	criteria	11/16/2007 NTC03GW0205	2/28/2008 NTC03GW0206	5/6/2008 NTC03GW0207	8/18/2008	11/18/2008 NTC03GW0209	SL-02 5/20/2009 NTC03GW0210	11/19/2009 NTC03GW0211	SL-02 5/3/2010 NTC03GW0212	11/15/2010 NTC03GW0213	SL-02 5/16/2011 NTC03GW0214	SL-02 5/1/2012 NTC03GW0215	SL-02 5/13/2013 SSL-02-20130513	5/21/2014	8/2/2006 SL-03_20060802	1/24/2007 SL-03_20070124	5/1/2007	8/1/2007 SL-03_20070801	11/15/2007 NTC03GW0305	3/4/2008 NTC03GW0306	5/6/2008 NTC03GW0307	8/19/2008 NTC03GW0308
Analyte	Units	Value	Source	N N	N N	N N	N N	N N	N N	N	N N	N N	N N	N N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N N	N
Semivolatile Organic Compou	unds:		1																			·		
ACENAPHTHENE	μg/L	420	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.021 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.019 J	0.5 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.041 J	0.032 J	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.092 J	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.051 J
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.041 J	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U		0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 UJ	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.051 J	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.061 J
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	F.31 -	6	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	2.1		0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	1.5 U	0.33 J	0.5 U	0.29 J	0.2 U	0.667 UJ	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.58 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	2.5	0.5 U
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U		0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.071 J	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.051 J
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U		0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.00	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.042 J	0.051 J	0.05 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.03 J
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U		0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.032 J	0.1 U	0.1 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.051 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	140 210	TACO/620 Non-TACO	5 U 10 H	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U		0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.032 J	0.5 U 0.041 J	0.05 U 0.032 J	0.1 U 0.1 II	0.1 U 0.2 II	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.051 U 0.051 H	0.049 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.02 J
PYRENE	μg/L ug/L		TACO/620	5 11		0.0 0	0.0 0	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 II	0.5 U	0.5 U		0.041 J 0.071 J	0.032 J	0.1 U	0.2 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.051 U 0.051 II	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.02 J 0.03 J
Herbicides:	μg/L	210	IACU/020	3 U	U.54 U	U.5 U	U.5 U	U.5 U	U.54 U	U.5 U	U.U3 J	U.U42 J	U.U/1 J	U. I U	U. I U	U. I U	U.U526 U	U.U5Z6 U	U.U3Z0 U	0.051 0	U.5 U	U.5 U	U.5 U	U.U3 J
MCPA	μq/L	3.5	Non-TACO	200 U	200 111	200 11	200 11	210 11	200 11	240 U	200 11	200 11	200 11	69 11	49 5 11	49 11	100 II	100 II	100 H	52 4 11	200 11	200 111	200 11	200 U
MCPP	ua/l	7	620	200 U	200 UJ	200 0	200 0	210 UJ	200 U	85 J	200 U	200 U	200 U	35 U	49.5 U	49 []]	100 U	100 U	100 U	52.4 U	200 U	200 UJ	200 U	200 U
Dissolved Metals:	µg/L		020	200 0	200 03	200 0	200 0	210 03	200 0	65 3	200 0	200 0	200 0	33.0	47.3 0	47 03	100 0	100 0	100 0	J2.4 U	200 0	200 03	200 0	200 0
ALLIMINUM	μq/L	3500	Non-TACO	44 11	2200	NA	NA	NA	NΑ	NΑ	NA	28 11	NA	13 II	NA	28.7 J	NA	NΑ	NA	NA	44 11	82	46	100 U
ANTIMONY	ua/L	6	TACO/620	0.86 II	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.36 II	NA NA	0 15 IJ	NA	20.7 3	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.44 U	1	0.55	1 11
ARSENIC	ua/l	10	620	5.4	4.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1 J	NA	1.5	NA	2.90	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.8	1.8	1.6	1.5 J
BARIUM	un/l	2000		54	64	NA.	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	43	NA NA	62	NA	39.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	19	18	18	16
BERYLLIUM	μq/L	4	TACO/620	0.31 U	1 U	NA.	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	0.3 U	NA NA	0.11 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA.	NA	0.31 U	1 U	1 U	NA
CADMIUM	ug/L	5	TACO/620	0.062 U	0.2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.055 U	NA	0.038 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.062 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U
CALCIUM	ug/L			62000 J	58000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	52000 J	NA	58000	NA	47500	NA	NA	NA	NA	76000 J	82000	80000	72000
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	2.5	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.87 U	NA	0.2 U	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.4	1 U	0.99	1 UJ
COBALT	μq/L	1000	TACO/620	0.42	0.93	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.089 J	NA	0.23 J	NA	2.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.14	0.15	0.21	0.056 J
COPPER	μq/L	650	TACO/620	0.68	2.3 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.71 U	NA	0.74 J	NA	1.27 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.68	0.48 J	0.76	0.79 UJ
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	5.7 U	2100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	150	NA	110	NA	123	NA	NA	NA	NA	620	890	710	670
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	0.33 U	1.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.22 U	NA	0.15 U	NA	0.75 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.33 U	1 U	1 U	1 U
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			87000 J	90000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	82000	NA	37000	NA	28100	NA	NA	NA	NA	77000 J	77000	75000	69000
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	29	49	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	18	NA	10	NA	27.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	28	27	22
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.074 U	0.2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.061 U	NA	0.055 U	NA	0.16 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.046 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	2.8	4.4 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	NA	2.2	NA	2.25 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.9	0.71	2.2	0.98 J
POTASSIUM	μg/L			3400	3900	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3100	NA	6500	NA	9110	NA	NA	NA	NA	2400	2600	2500	2100
SELENIUM	μg/L	50	TACO/620	1	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.9 J	NA	0.31 U	NA	1.25 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.92 U	1 U	1 U	1 U
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	0.12 U	0.2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.11 J	NA	0.037 U	NA	0.5 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.12 U	0.2 U	0.2 UJ	0.2 U
SODIUM	μg/L			260000 J	270000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	250000	NA	380000	NA	352000	NA	NA	NA	NA	56000 J	52000	51000	47000
THALLIUM	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.35	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.056 U	NA	0.027 U	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.17 U	1 U	1 U	1 U
VANADIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620	0.83 U	2.7		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.28 U	NA	0.51 J	NA	2.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.6	3 U	0.35	3 U
ZINC	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	5.6	20 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11 J	NA	36	NA	2.5 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	15	8.7 J	20 U	3.6 UJ
Miscellaneous Parameters:	1 0		Chic	0.5	0.0:	0.5-	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05		0.00	0.47	0.040	0.000 :	0.544	0.046	0.505	0.45	0.00	0.1	0.57	0.40
AMMONIA	mg/L as N			0.3				0.33		0.33 J		0.3		0.17	0.313	0.228 J	0.544	0.341	0.538	0.48	0.38	0.6	0.56	0.49
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	580	580	590	580 J	560	590 0.016 II	420 0.1 II	420 0.05 H	500 J	570 0.05 H	0.0036.111	1140 NA	<b>449</b>	38 NA	34.5	30 NA	26.6	10	28	28	34 J
NITRATE	mg/L as N	10	TACO/620	0.17	0.049	0.039 J		0.1 0	0.010 0	0.10	0.00 0	0.00 0	0.00 0	0.0000 03	1975	0.1 0	1973	1973	1373	1373	0.10	0.1 0	0.054 J	0.02 0
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	64	100	120	110 J	110	120	130	110	120	120	93	78.0	106	220	211	227	251	320	280	280	270 J
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	1200	1300	1300 52	1200 40	1100 160	1300	1100 17 J	970	1080	1330	1420	2210 4 U	1150 10 U	838	648	708	756	730	770	730	710
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			750	310	52	40	160	8.3		10 J	4.9	6	16.9	4 U	10 U	22.5	36.5	28	31.5	78	63	38	29
Field Parameters: DISSOLVED OXYGEN	m-//	1	1	NA	0.4	0.1	0.15	0.3	0.08	0.06	0.11	NA	NA	NA	0.09	0.66	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.77	0.06	0.14	0.11
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEN	mg/L I mV			NA NA	-174	-161	-156	-12.7	-195	-151	-115	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-179	-76.7	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-100	-134	-145	-105
DH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	NA NA	8.55	8.57	8.08	8.03	8.34	7.89	8.62	8.1 J	NA 8 J	8.1 J	7.41	-76.7 8.01	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	7.59	7.46	7.54	7.48
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm	0.5-8.5	SIVICE	NA NA	8.55 NA	8.57 NA	2.26	8.03 NA	2.39	7.89 NA	8.62 NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	4.8	2.153	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	7.59 NA	7.46 NA	7.54 NA	1.095
TEMPERATURE	°C.		<del>                                     </del>	NA NA	9.11	13.72	15.9	11.24	15.25	10.85	13.63	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	12.4	14.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	10	9.95	13.37	14.07
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA NA	9.75	2.56	7.01	5.3	2.54	9.61	8.9	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	5.42	19.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	112	73	36.7	43.2
TORDIDITI	INTU			INA	7.73	2.30	7.01	J.3	2.34	7.01	0.7	INA	INA	IVA	J.42	17.3	1973	IWI	1474	1474	112	13	30.7	43.2

Part					Round 9 SL-03	Round 9 SL-03	Round 10 SL-03	Round 11 SL-03	Round 12 SL-03	Round 13 SL-03	Round 14 SL-03	Round 14 SL-03	Round 15 SL-03	Round 16 SL-03	Round 17 SL-03	Round 1 SL-04	Round 2 SL-04	Round 2 SL-04	Round 3 SL-04	Round 3 SL-04	Round 4 SL-04	Round 4 SL-04	Round 5 SL-04	Round 5 SL-04	Round 6 SL-04
Company   Comp			Screening																						
Control   Cont		Units	Value	Jource	N	FD	N	N	N	N	N	FD	N	N	N	N	N	FD	N	FD	N	FD	N	FD	N
Control   Cont				=100//00																					
Control   Cont					0.5 U		0.5 U						0.00 0		0.0702 0	0.0526 U	0.0020 0	0.0526 U		0.0535 U	0.001 0				0.5 U
Company   Comp					0.0 0	0.0 0	1471	0.00	0.0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.00 0	0.0720 0	0.0702 0	1471	1471	1471	1471	1471	1471	1471	0.0 0	0.0 0	
SECONT   STATE   STA					0.00	0.00								0.0.00		0.0000		0.0000		0.0000		0.0000			
Conference			0.13		0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.07 J	0.0463 U		0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0535 U	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Property			0.18		0.5 U		NA			0.5 U					0.0481 U	NA		NA					0.5 U		
Section   Process   Control   Process   Process   Control   Proc	BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE				0.5 U		NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 UJ	0.5 U		0.1 U	0.0926 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.5 U								
Second   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1	BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0463 U	0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0535 U	0.051 U	0.0532 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
STATE   1985		E μg/L	6		0.5 U	0.00	0.5 U	0.00	0.0 0	0.27 J	0.5 U			0.100 0	0.077 03	2.0 0	2.0 0	2.00 0				2.010	0.0 0	0.0	
					0.00																				
Transfer   197					0.0 0		1001	0.0	0.0	0.0 0	0.0 0		0.1 0	0.0.00	0.0702 0	1975	1973	1971	1471	1471	1471	1471	0.0 0	0.0 0	
Second Company   March   Add   Second   Company   Comp																									
Second   Property					0.0 0	0.00	0.0 0			0.0 0	0.00		0.00 0		0.0702 0	0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0000 0	0.001 0	0.0002 0	0.0 0	0.00	
Part					0.0 0		0.0 0			0.0 0				0.0720 0				0.0000		0.0000			0.0 0		
Part   19					0.0 0	0.0	0.5 0	0.5 0	0.5 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.0 0	0.00 0	0.0720 0	0.0702 0	0.0320 0	0.0320 0	0.0320 0	0.0320 0	0.0000	0.031 0	0.0002 0			
Second Column   Second Colum																0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0020 0	0.0000		0.0002 0			0.5 U
Column   C																									
Company   Comp		μg/L	3.5		200 U	200 U	200 U	240 U	200 U		200 U	200 U		47.6 UJ	32.2 J	100 U	100 U	52.1 U	100 U	54.3 U	54.9 U	53.8 U	200 U	200 U	
MANISTON   PART   150		μg/L	7	620	200 UJ	200 UJ	200 U	240 U	200 U	160 NJ	54 NJ	200 U	1200	47.6 U	49 UJ	100 U	100 U	52.1 U	100 U	54.3 U	54.9 U	53.8 U	200 U	200 U	200 UJ
MIRES   MIT   M. SCORES   T. S. T. T. S. T. S. S. T. S.																									
March   Marc			3500		100 0	100 0	27 0	100 0	23 0	20 0	100 0	100 0	13 0	1973	26.3 J	1973	1373	1973	1973	1973	1973	14/5	1973	14/5	1471
			6		10	10		10	0.00	0.00	1 0	1 0			2 U			1973							NA
HERFILLARD   MICE   4   1950-000   110										0.00 0				1471	1.5 0	1471	1471	1973	1973	1471	1471	14/5	1973	1471	
EXPANSIAN (MI) 5 PEOCASS (1988) 5 PEOCASS (1988) 5 PEOCAS (198																1471	1471	1471	1473	1471	1471	1971	1971		
CACHINAN   1954			5		10	1.0	0.31 0	10	0.3 0	0.5 U	10	10	0.11 0	11//1	0.5 0	INA	INA	INA	1975	1471	1975	IVA	IVA	INA	
CHROMAN, 1974, 1							0.00			88000 J			0.000												
COMPAT   1994   1000   FACONSID   104   0.13   0.31   0.14   0.16   0.14   1.0   1.0   0.081   1.0   1.0   0.081   1.0	CHROMIUM, TOTAL		100	TACO/620										NA		NA									
IRON	COBALT		1000	TACO/620	0.14	0.13	0.31	0.14	0.16 J	0.14 J	1 U	1 U	0.061 J	NA	2.5 U	NA									
READ	COPPER		650	TACO/620	0.98	0.85	1.6	0.92	0.9 J	0.73 J	0.15 J	1 U	0.52 J	NA	2 UJ	NA									
MARCHENISM 1994		μg/L	5000		610					220	54														
MARCHARS   1911   150   TACOM200   22   22   23   50   48   110   45   42   43   94   104   110   104   110   104   10			7.5	TACO/620	1 U		0.20 0	10	0.22	0.22 0	1 0	- 0				1471	1471	NA	1471	1471	1471	1471	1471		
MRCKEY 19GL 2 TACOMSO 0.2 U 0.																									
NICKEL 1991: 100 TACOK20 1 1 0 13 3 3 1.4 1.5 1.9 1 0 1 U 1 U 1.5 NA 15.0U NA										10				1471		1471	1973	1471	1475	1471	1471	14/5	INA	147 (	
POTASSIMM							NA n			0.001 0	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.000 0		0.16 UJ			NA NA							
SELENIM 1971 59 TACOFAZO 1 U 1 U 0.82 U 0.82 U 0.82 U 0.93 U 0.82 U 0.93 U 0.82 U 0.93 U 0.83 U 0.93 U 0.93 U 0.83 U 0.93 U 0.93 U 0.84 U 0.93 U 0.94 U 0.93 U 0.93 U 0.93 U 0.94 U 0.93 U 0.93 U 0.94 U 0.93 U 0.93 U 0.94 U 0.93 U 0.94 U 0.93 U 0.94 U 0.94 U 0.94 U 0.94 U 0.94 U 0.95 U 0.94			100				2700				2200	2100		14/3	2540	1973	1973	NA NA	1973	IVA	14/3	14/5	INA	1975	
SIVER			50		2300	2400		2400			1 111	2100													
SODIUM   SPUT.			- 00		0.67	0.48		0.211	0.073	0.00	0.2 11	0.2 11			1,20 0	1471		1973	1471	1471	1471	1471	1471		
THALLIUM								42000	46000 J	58000	47000	46000	45000		50400	NA	NA	NA	NA	1471	NA	1471	NA	1471	
NAMODIM   1901			2	TACO/620							1 U					NA									
Miscellaneous Parameters:   Section   Sectio	VANADIUM	μg/L					111 0	0		0.29 J	0.14 J				2.0 0			1471			NA		NA		
MMONIA   mg/L as N   30   SMCL   0.52   0.51   0.5   0.48   0.38   0.34   0.33   0.35   0.24   0.499   0.331   0.326   0.333   0.273   0.277   0.271   0.289   0.273   0.17   0.15   0.17	ZINC	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	2.7	1.9	220	20 U	9.1 J	2.9 U	20 U	7.3 J	15 U	NA	2.5 UJ	NA									
CHIORIDE   mg/L   20								1				1													
NITRATE mg/L as N 10 TACO/620 0.1 U 0.1 U 0.06 U 0.05 U 0.05 U 0.05 U 0.05 U 0.05 U 0.05 U 0.03 6 UJ NA																									
SULFATE   mg/L   400   TACO/620   260   210   300   280   27																				=					
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS   mg/L   500   SMCL   740   680   900   750   620   764   776   776   776   778   923   757   488   454   372   554   558   652   672   550   540   570   TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS   mg/L       41 J   17 J   50   70 J   79 J   45   46.5   48.2   61.5   392   54.0   17.5   11.5   11   4.5   5.5   2.5 U   2.5 U   5.1   4.5   3.9    Field Parameters:    DISSOLVED OXYGEN   mg/L       2.88   NA   0.39   0.13   0.14   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   0.08   0.69   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   N					0.10	0.10	0.010 0	0.10	0.00 0	0.00	0.00 0	0.00	0.0000 00	1973	0.1 0	1973	1373	IVA	INA		1974	13/3			
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS   mg/L       41 J   17 J   50   70 J   79 J   45   46.5   48.2   61.5   392   54.0   17.5   11.5   11   4.5   5.5   2.5 U   2.5 U   2.5 U   5.1   4.5   3.9																									
Field Parameters:  DISSOLVED OX YGEN   mg/L       2.88				JIVIUE																					
DISSOLVED OXYGEN   mg/L       2.88   NA   0.39   0.13   0.14   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   N		, 115gr =						, ,,,,	.,,,		10.0	10.12	01.0	0,2	01.0	17.0	11.0			5.5	2.0 0	2.00	0.1	1.5	0.7
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENT   mV       -128   NA   -76   -281   -146   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   N		mg/L			2.88	NA	0.39	0.13	0.14	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.08	0.69	NA	0.43	NA	0.11						
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE MS/cm NA NA 1.271 NA	OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEI	N¹ mV				1071				1973	1473	1471				NA	NA	NA	1471	NA	1471	NA		1471	
TEMPERATURE "C 10.34 NA 13.57 10.65 13.42 NA	PH		6.5-8.5	SMCL		1071				7.8 J	7.9 J				770	1471	1471	NA	1471	1471	1471	1471		147 (	
										NA	NA							NA					10/1		
IURBIUTY   NTU     41.1 NA   41.2   76.7   90   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   NA   N						1071				1971	1475	1973	1471			1973	1471	1471	1475	1471	1475	1975		147 (	
	IURRIDITY	NTU			41.1	NA	41.2	76.7	90	NA	NA	NA	NA	70.5	81.6	NA	5.17	NA	1.7						

		Cri	teria	Round 7 SL-04 5/5/2008	Round 7 SL-04 5/5/2008	Round 8 SL-04 8/19/2008	Round 9 SL-04 11/19/2008	Round 10 SL-04 5/20/2009	Round 10 SL-04 5/20/2009	Round 11 SL-04 11/17/2009	Round 12 SL-04 5/4/2010	Round 13 SL-04 11/16/2010	Round 14 SL-04 5/17/2011	Round 15 SL-04 5/1/2012	Round 15 SL-04 5/1/2012	Round 16 SL-04 5/14/2013	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 17 SL-04 5/20/2014	Round 1 SL-05 8/9/2006	Round 1 SL-05 8/9/2006	Round 2 SL-05 1/23/2007	Round 3 SL-05 5/2/2007	Round 4 SL-05 8/2/2007	Round 5 SL-05 11/15/2007
		Screening	Source	NTC03GW0407	NTC03GW0407-D	NTC03GW0408	NTC03GW0409	NTC03GW0410	NTC03GW0410-D	NTC03GW0411	NTC03GW0412	NTC03GW0413	NTC03GW0414	NTC03GW0415	NTC03GW0415-D	SSL-04-20130514	SSL-04-20140520	DUP2-20140520	SL-05_20060809 S	L-05_20060809-D	SL-05_20070123	SL-05_20070502	SL-05_20070802	NTC03GW0505
Analyte Semivolatile Organic Compou	Units	Value		N	FD	N	N	N	FD	N	N	N	N	N	FD	N	N	FD	N	FD	N	N	N	N
ACENAPHTHENE	μq/L	420	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.054 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.54 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.054 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.54 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100		0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.054 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.54 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L ug/L	0.13	TACO/620 TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 II	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.041 J	0.1 U 0.041 J	0.11 U 0.11 II	0.0472 U 0.0472 U	0.0516 J 0.0288 J	NA NA	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0482 U 0.0482 U	0.54 U 0.54 II
BENZO[B]FILUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.041 J	0.11 U	0.0472 U	0.0654 J	NA NA	0.0320 0 NA	0.0320 0 NA	0.0320 U	0.0320 U	0.0482 0 NA	0.54 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L			0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 UJ	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.11 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.54 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.11 U	0.0472 U	0.0397 J	NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.54 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE CHRYSENE	F-31 =	6	TACO/620 TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	9.8 U	0.5 U	0.2 J	0.27 J	0.86	0.189 U	0.758 U	NA	2.5 U	2.75 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.55 U	0.54 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L μg/L	1.5 0.3	TACO/620	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U NA	0.5 U	0.5 U NA	0.5 U NA	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U 0.1 U	0.11 U 0.11 U	0.0943 U 0.0472 U	0.0962 U 0.0962 U	NA NA	0.0526 U NA	0.0526 U NA	0.0526 U NA	0.0526 U NA	0.0482 U NA	0.54 U 0.54 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.021 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.02 J	0.022 J	0.0943 U	0.0562 J	NA NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.54 U
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.054 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.54 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43		0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.033 J	0.0943 U	0.0488 J	NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.54 U
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140		0.029 J	0.03 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 II	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.054 U	0.0943 U 0.0943 H	0.0962 U	NA NA	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0482 U	0.043 J 0.54 U
PHENANTHRENE PYRENE	μg/L μg/l		Non-TACO TACO/620	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 0	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.031 J	0.033 J	0.0943 U 0.0943 H	0.192 U 0.0549 J	NA NA	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 H	0.0482 U 0.0482 H	0.54 U 0.54 U
Herbicides:	µу/г	210	1/10/020	0.5 0	0.3 0	0.3 0	0.3 0	0.5 0	0.3 0	0.34 0	0.3 0	0.3 0	0.3 0	0.10	0.11 0	0.0743 0	0.0347 J	IWA	0.0320 0	0.0320 0	0.0320 0	0.0320 0	0.0402 0	0.34 0
MCPA	μg/L		Non-TACO	200 U	200 UJ	200 0	220 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	62 U	62 U	47.6 UJ	30.6 J		100 U	104 U	100 U	100 U	52.6 U	200 U
MCPP	μg/L	7	620	200 U	200 UJ	200 U	220 UJ	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	31 U	31 U	47.6 U	47.2 UJ	48.1 UJ	100 U	104 U	100 U	100 U	52.6 U	200 U
Dissolved Metals:		0500	N. T400	210	810		0/	210	A1A	ALA.	210	818	818	40.11	40.11	210	24 ( )	A1.0	212	210				210
ALUMINUM ANTIMONY	μg/L uα/L	3500	Non-TACO TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	26	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	13 U 0.15 U	13 U 0.15 U	NA NA	31.6 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
ARSENIC	μg/L μg/L	10	620	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.43	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.25 J	0.28 J	NA NA	1.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA
BARIUM	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	67	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	71	75	NA	70.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
BERYLLIUM	μg/L	4	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.11 U	0.11 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	0.2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.038 U	0.038 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
CALCIUM CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L uα/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	88000 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	76000 0.2 U	78000	NA NA	70200	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
COBALT	μg/L μα/L	100	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.78	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.2 U	0.34 J	NA NA	2.5 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
COPPER	μq/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	2.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.9 J	1.5 J	NA	1.24 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
IRON	μg/L	5000		NA	NA	NA	38	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	300	330	NA	454	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.15 U	0.15 U	NA	0.449 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
MAGNESIUM MANGANESE	μg/L μg/L	150	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	56000 J 31	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	54000 13	56000 15	NA NA	53100 13.9	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
MERCURY	μg/L μg/L	2	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.211	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.055 U	0.055.11	NA NA	0.16.111	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
NICKEL	μg/L	100		NA	NA	NA	3.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.9	2 J	NA	0.920 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
POTASSIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	NA	2100	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1800	1900	NA	1930	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SELENIUM	μg/L		TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA	1 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NΑ	0.31 U	0.31 U	NA NA	1.25 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA
SILVER	μg/L μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.36 40000 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.037 U 31000	0.037 U 32000	NA NA	0.5 UJ 30400	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
THALLIUM	μg/L μα/L	2	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.079	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.051 J	0.053 J	NA NA	30400 1 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
VANADIUM	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	4.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.066 U	0.066 U	NA	2.5 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ZINC	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	NA	2.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	91 J	14 U	NA	1.37 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Miscellaneous Parameters:	1		01401	0.40	0.4-	0.5	0.1/	0.4-	0.44	0.004 :	0.45	0.47	0.1/	0.00	0.01	0.00= :	0.005		4/7	40.5	40.0	00.5	4/.5	
AMMONIA CHLORIDE	mg/L as N mg/L		SMCL TACO/620	0.18 23	0.17 19	0.2 22 J	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.081 J	0.16 18	0.16 17 J	0.16 17	0.23 16	0.21 15	0.297 J 12.4 J	0.205 J 13.5	NA NA	16.7 146	19.5 151	13.9 149	22.5 159	16.3 169	16 J 180
NITRATE	mg/L as N		TACO/620	0.26	0.31	0.19	0.43	0.48	0.35	0.95	0.31	0.13	0.4	0.22	0.2	12.4 J NA	0.195 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.1 U
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	87	88	96 J	92	100	110	110	91	83	80	83	84	84.3	83.8	NA	136	131	163	161	135	120
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L		SMCL	570	550	540	550	590	600 J	570	440	462	530	558	540	489	20 U	NA	1110	1110	1100	1210	1230	1100
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			3.3 U	3.3 U	3.3 U	21	6.3	4.3 J	3.3 U	3.3 UJ	3.3 U	3.3 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	34.4	10 U	NA	32	29.5	32	35.5	32	35
Field Parameters: DISSOLVED OXYGEN	ma/L		1	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.72	0.13	NA	0.21	1.02	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.52	0.53	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.26
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEN	mg/L mV			U. 16 55	55	-12	199	0.13 85	NA NA	51	45	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-39	0.53 8.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-74
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	6.81	6.81	7.17	6.84	7.07	NA	7.06	7.63	7.7 J	7.8 J	7.7 J	7.7 J		7.36	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.77
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm			NA	NA	0.887	NA	1.047	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.788	0.718	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TEMPERATURE	°C			11.99	11.99	12.28	10.46	11.77	NA	9.76	11.28	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.81	13.29	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11.53
TURBIDITY	NTU			1.61	1.61	1.41	45	2.54	NA	3.37	0.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	47.1	10.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.7

				Round 6	Round 7	Round 8	Round 8	Round 9	Round 10	Round 11	Round 12	Round 12	Round 13	Round 13	Round 14	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17	Round 1	Round 2	Round 3	Round 4	Round 5	Round 6
		Cri	teria	SL-05 3/3/2008	SL-05 5/5/2008	SL-05 8/19/2008	SL-05 8/19/2008	SL-05 11/19/2008	SL-05 5/20/2009	SL-05 11/18/2009	SL-05 5/4/2010	SL-05 5/4/2010	SL-05 11/16/2010	SL-05 11/16/2010	SL-05 5/17/2011	SL-05 5/1/2012	SL-05 5/14/2013	SL-05 5/20/2014	SL-06 8/8/2006	SL-06 1/16/2007	SL-06 5/7/2007	SL-06 8/6/2007	SL-06 11/16/2007	SL-06 2/28/2008
		Screening	Source	NTC03GW0506	NTC03GW0507	NTC03GW0508	NTC03GW0508-D	NTC03GW0509	NTC03GW0510	NTC03GW0511	NTC03GW0512	NTC03GW0512-D	NTC03GW0513	NTC03GW0513-D	NTC03GW0514	NTC03GW0515	SSL-05-20130514 S	SL-05-20140520	SL-06_20060808	SL-06_20070116	SL-06_20070507	SL-06_20070806	NTC03GW0605	NTC03GW0606
Analyte Semivolatile Organic Compo	Units	Value		N	N	N	FD	N	N	N	N	FD	N N	FD	N	N	N	N	N	l N	N	N	N	<u>N</u>
ACENAPHTHENE	μq/L	420	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.03 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
ACENAPHTHYLENE	μq/L	210	Non-TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA NA	NA NA	0.5 U	NA NA	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.5 U	0.5 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	2100	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L	0.2	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.062 J	0.0472 U	0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L		TACO/620 Non-TACO	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	NA NA	NA NA	0.5 U	NA NA	0.53 U 0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U 0.0943 II	0.0257 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U
BENZO[G,H,T]FERTLENE BENZO[K]FI UORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0443 U	0.0481 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE		0.17	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	8.1 U	1.6 U	0.28 J	0.27 J	0.5 U	0.22 J	0.189 U	0.698 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.5 U	2.55 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
CHRYSENE	μg/L		TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	NA	0.5 U	NA	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.0472 U	0.0962 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
FLUORENE	μg/L		TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE NAPHTHALENE	μg/L		TACO/620 TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.041 J	0.0943 U	0.0962 U 0.0962 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0859	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L μg/L		Non-TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.03 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U 0.53 II	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 II	0.5 U 0.5 II	0.05 U 0.031 J	0.0943 U 0.0943 H	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0859	0.0526 U	0.0526 U 0.0526 U	0.061 J 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U
PYRENE			TACO/620	0.5 U	0.02 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.53 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.031 J	0.0943 U	0.0962 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.0526 U	0.5 U	0.5 U
Herbicides:	- Far			2.20			2.20		2.20				2.00		0								2.20	
MCPA	μg/L	3.5	Non-TACO	200 UJ	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	41 J	38 J	200 U	62 U	49 UJ	47.2 U	100 U	100 U	100 U	50 U	200 U	200 UJ
MCPP	μg/L	7	620	200 UJ	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 UJ	200 U	140 J	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	28 J	31 U	49 U	47.2 UJ	100 U	100 U	100 U	50 U	200 U	200 UJ
Dissolved Metals:					,															•				
ALUMINUM			Non-TACO	NA	NA	100 U	100 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	28 U	28 U	NA	13 U	NA	34.7 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	44 U	47
ANTIMONY	μg/L		TACO/620	NΑ	NA NA	0.47 UJ	1 U	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.36 U	0.55 U	NA NA	0.49 U	NA NA	2 U	NΑ	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.44 U	1 U
ARSENIC BARIUM	μg/L ug/L	10	620 TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	0.99 J 360	0.97 J 360	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	320	330	NA NA	0.76 J 350	NA NA	383	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	4.7 52	3.5 52
BERYLLIUM	μg/L μg/L	2000	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.3 U	0.3 U	NA NA	0.11 U	NA NA	0.5.11	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.31 U	1   1
CADMIUM	μq/L	5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA NA	0.055 U	0.055 U	NA	0.038 U	NA NA	0.75 U	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.062 U	0.2 U
CALCIUM	μq/L			NA	NA	210000	200000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	200000 J	200000 J	NA	220000	NA	204000	NA	NA	NA	NA	140000 J	150000
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	NA	NA	1 UJ	1 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.94 U	0.68 U	NA	0.4 J	NA	1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.9	1 U
COBALT	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	1.6	1.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.6	1.7	NA	2.2	NA	2.45 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.54	0.84
COPPER	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	0.73 UJ	0.97 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.71 U	0.75 J	NA	0.26 J	NA	2 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.71	1 U
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	NA	NA	11000	11000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12000	12000	NA	13000	NA NA	13200	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	5600 J	3000
LEAD MAGNESIUM	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	88000	85000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.22 U 90000	0.22 U 91000	NA NA	0.15 U 97000	NA NA	1.08 J 91700	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	49000 J	54000
MANGANESE	μg/L μg/L	150	TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	360	350	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	340	350	NA NA	390	NA NA	479	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	49000 J 650	760
MERCURY	μq/L		TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.061 U	0.061 U	NA NA	0.055 U	NA NA	0.16 UJ	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.046 U	0.2 U
NICKEL	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	11	11	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	9.4	9.5	NA	11	NA	8.14 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.1	1.6 J
POTASSIUM	μg/L			NA	NA	7700	7500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8800	8800	NA	7400	NA	7960	NA	NA	NA	NA	1300	1100 J
SELENIUM	μg/L		TACO/620	NA	NA	0.62 UJ	0.73 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.7	2.5	NA	1.2 U	NA	1.25 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.92 U	1 U
SILVER	μg/L	50	TACO/620	NA	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.061 U	0.081 J	NA	0.037 U	NA	0.5 UJ	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.12 U	0.2 U
SODIUM	μg/L		 TACC//CC	NA	NA	110000	110000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	120000	120000	NA	110000	NA	94300	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	52000 J	50000
THALLIUM VANADIUM	μg/L	49	TACO/620 TACO/620	NΑ	NA NA	0.83 J	1 0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.079 J 0.77 J	0.056 U 0.69 J	NA NA	0.027 U 1	NA NA	1 U 1.25 J	NΑ	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.17 U 3	1 U
ZINC	μg/L ug/L		TACO/620	NA NA	NA NA	0.83 J 4.3 UJ	0.85 J 7.4 UJ	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.77 J 4.1 J	0.69 J 3.3 J	NA NA	5.1 U	NA NA	1.25 J 3.42 J	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	5.9	7.3 J
Miscellaneous Parameters:	г ну/∟	3000	1400/020	IVA	19/3	4.5 03	7.4 UJ	IV/S	IVA	1975	19/3	19/5	4.13	J.J J	19/5	J.1 U	19/3	J.44 J	13/2	1973	13/3	19/3	J.7	1.3 J
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	15	16	16	17	16 J	16 J	17 J	16	17	14	14	15	15	13.7	14.2	0.33	0.397	0.381	0.459	0.23	0.26
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	160	140	180 J	180 J	170	150	160	160	160	180 J	180 J	120	130	145	113	127	94.7	91.9	145	110	99
NITRATE	mg/L as N		TACO/620	0.1 U	0.064 J	0.02 U	0.02 U	0.024	0.016 U	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.011 U	NA	0.1 U	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.1 U	0.1 U
SULFATE	mg/L		TACO/620	150	180	150 J	140 J	150	170	140	120	120	110	110	88	63	90.7	112	132	205	199	121	130	160
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	1200	1200	1300	1200	1200	1300	1100	1100	1100	1090	1130	1140	1190	1210	1130	816	824	862	798	750	790
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			33	31	340	310	33	35	48 J	36 J	35 J	150	140	29.3	30.5	69.3	10 U	2.5 U	89	17	7.5	36	82
Field Parameters: DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			0.1	0.13	0.42	0.42	1.07	0.48	3.39	0.37	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.81	1.29	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.42	0.22
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTEN	N' mV			-74	-136	-82	-82	-113	-73	-177	-138	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-130	-72.2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	-45	-69
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	6.78	6.99	6.69	6.69	7.25	6.66	7	7.53	NA	7 J	7 J	7.3 J	7.2 J	6.53	7.28	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.75	6.72
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm			NA	NA	2.06	2.06	NA	2.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.1	1.773	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TEMPERATURE	°C			8.22	10.84	13.9	13.9	11.76	10.14	11.18	9.25	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.29	12.56	NA	NA	NA	NA	12.6	8.84
TURBIDITY	NTU			1.3	0.88	42.6	42.6	1.1	1.58	4.9	2.47	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6.86	6.02	NA	NA	NA	NA	47	450

Appendix B - Table 6
Historical Groundwater Results for Long Term Monitoring
Site 3 Supplyside Landfill, Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois

<u></u>		1														
		Criteria		Round 6 SL-06 2/28/2008	Round 7 SL-06 5/6/2008	Round 8 SL-06 8/19/2008	Round 9 SL-06 11/20/2008	Round 10 SL-06 5/21/2009	Round 11 SL-06 11/18/2009	Round 11 SL-06 11/18/2009	Round 12 SL-06 5/4/2010	Round 13 SL-06 11/16/2010	Round 14 SL-06 5/17/2011	Round 15 SL-06 5/1/2012	Round 16 SL-06 5/14/2013	Round 17 SL-06 5/21/2014
		Screening	Source	NTC03GW0606-D	NTC03GW0607	NTC03GW0608	NTC03GW0609	NTC03GW0610	NTC03GW0611	NTC03GW0611-D	NTC03GW0612	NTC03GW0613	NTC03GW0614	NTC03GW0615	SSL-06-20130514	SSL-06-20140521
Analyte	Units	Value	Jource	FD	N	N	N	N	N	FD	N	N	N	N	N	N
Semivolatile Organic Compou			=													
ACENAPHTHENE ACENAPHTHYLENE	μg/L	420	TACO/620 Non-TACO	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.019 J	0.5 U NA	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U NA	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.54 U 0.54 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.05 U 0.05 U	0.098 U 0.098 U	0.0962 U 0.0962 U
ANTHRACENE	μg/L	210 2100	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U 0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.052 J	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
BENZO[A]ANTHRACENE	μg/L μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.042 J	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.093 J	0.03 U	0.49 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[A]PYRENE	μg/L μg/L	0.13	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.062 J	0.1 U	0.49 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[B]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L μg/L	0.18	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA NA	0.5 U	NA NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.49 U	0.0481 U
BENZO[G,H,I]PERYLENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 UJ	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
BENZO[K]FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	0.17	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.052 J	0.1 U	0.49 U	0.0481 U
BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	μg/L	6	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	2 U	0.28 J	0.2 J	0.5 U	0.196 U	0.707 UJ
CHRYSENE	μg/L	1.5	TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.093 J	0.1 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
DIBENZ[A,H]ANTHRACENE	μg/L	0.3	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	NA	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.49 U	0.0962 U
FLUORANTHENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.082 J	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
FLUORENE	μg/L	280	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.11 J	0.098 U	0.0962 U
INDENO[1,2,3-CD]PYRENE	μg/L	0.43	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.1 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
NAPHTHALENE	μg/L	140	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.5 U	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
PHENANTHRENE	μg/L	210	Non-TACO	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.54 U	0.052 J	0.05 U	0.098 U	0.192 U
PYRENE	μg/L	210	TACO/620	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.5 U	0.032 J	0.082 J	0.1 U	0.098 U	0.0962 U
Herbicides:																
MCPA	μg/L	3.5	Non-TACO	200 UJ	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	220 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	62 U	48.1 UJ	46.3 U
MCPP	μg/L	7	620	200 UJ	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	220 U	110 R	200 U	200 U	200 U	31 U	48.1 U	46.3 UJ
Dissolved Metals: ALUMINUM	//	3500	Non-TACO	100 U	27	100 U	100 U	24 U	100 U	100 U	23 U	28 U	100 U	13 U	NA	45.3 J
ANTIMONY	μg/L μg/L	3500	TACO/620	100 U	1 U	0.52 U.I	100 U	0.42	100 U	100 U	0.58 J	0.64 U	100 0	0.31 U	NA NA	45.3 J
ARSENIC	μg/L μg/L	10	620	3.2	5.5	6.1	4.1	3.3	4.3	4.2	0.58 J 7	6.3	3.4	5.2	NA NA	4.46
BARIUM	μg/L μg/L	2000	TACO/620	50	5.5	56	50	52	56	56	66	49	55	61	NA NA	69.8
BERYLLIUM	μg/L μg/L	4	TACO/620	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.31 U	1 U	1 U	0.3 U	0.3 U	1 U	0.11 U	NA NA	0.5 U
CADMIUM	μg/L	5	TACO/620	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.06 U	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.055 U	0.055 U	0.2 U	0.038 U	NA NA	0.5 U
CALCIUM	μg/L			150000	160000	140000	140000 J	160000 J	140000	140000	160000 J	130000 J	150000	180000	NA	154000
CHROMIUM, TOTAL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	1 U	0.66	1 UJ	0.92	0.66 U	0.91	0.48	0.58 U	0.47 U	1 U	0.2 U	NA	1 U
COBALT	μg/L	1000	TACO/620	0.85	0.85	0.89 J	0.78	0.89	0.77	0.81	1.4	0.86 J	0.8 J	0.57 J	NA	2.5 U
COPPER	μq/L	650	TACO/620	1.2 J	0.88	0.94 UJ	0.93	1.5	0.87	0.88	1.2	0.97 J	0.64 J	0.55 J	NA	1.19 J
IRON	μg/L	5000	TACO/620	2900	6400	1300	3000 J	7100 J	5100	4800	2700	5800	3600	9800	NA	5020
LEAD	μg/L	7.5	TACO/620	1 U	1 U	1 U	1 U	0.26 U	1 U	1 U	0.22 U	0.22 U	1 U	0.15 U	NA	0.620 J
MAGNESIUM	μg/L			51000	55000	50000	49000 J	56000 J	52000	48000	58000 J	47000	55000	64000	NA	54100
MANGANESE	μg/L	150	TACO/620	730	760	490	590	740	620	620	760	430	580	750	NA	557
MERCURY	μg/L	2	TACO/620	0.2 U	0.2 U	NA	0.2 U	NA	0.2 U	0.2 U	0.061 U	0.061 U	0.2 U	0.055 U	NA	0.16 U
NICKEL	μg/L	100	TACO/620	4.1 J	2.1	3.3	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4	3.8	3.3	2.5	2	NA	2.54 J
POTASSIUM	μg/L			1100 J	1100	1300	1200	920	1100	1100	1100 J	1200	890	980	NA	1210 J
SELENIUM SILVER	μg/L	50 50	TACO/620 TACO/620	1 U 0.2 U	1 U 0.2 U.I	0.4 UJ 0.2 U	1 U 0.2 U	0.4 U 0.059 U	0.13	1 U 0.2 U	0.82 U 0.061 U	0.82 U 0.061 U	1 U 0.2 U	0.31 U 0.037 U	NA NA	1.25 U 0.5 UJ
SODIUM	μg/L uα/L			47000	50000	54000	61000 J	49000 J	51000	49000	55000 J	56000	58000	69000	NA NA	74200
THALLIUM	μg/L μg/L		TACO/620	47000 1 U	1 11	54000 1 U	61000 J	0.05 U	51000 1 U	49000 1 U	0.056 U	0.071 J	1	0.027 U		74200 1 U
VANADIUM	μg/L μg/L	2 49	TACO/620	3 U	0.3	3 U	3.8	0.84 U	3 11	3 U	0.48 J	0.071 J	0.32 J	0.027 U	NA NA	2.5 U
ZINC	μg/L μg/L	5000	TACO/620	20 U	20 U	10 UJ	20 U	3.4	20 U	20 U	7.5 J	2.9 U	20 U	5.9 U	NA NA	11.4 J
Miscellaneous Parameters:	µg/L	3000	TACO/020	20 0	20 0	10 03	20 0	3.4	20 0	20 0	7.5 3	2.7 0	20 0	3.7 0	1975	11.4 J
AMMONIA	mg/L as N	30	SMCL	0.26	0.24	0.27	0.29	0.24	0.3 J	0.33 J	0.26	0.19	0.32	0.24	0.276 J	0.226 J
CHLORIDE	mg/L	200	TACO/620	99	78	130 J	130	77	110	110	110	140 J	120	130	160	159
NITRATE	mg/L as N	10	TACO/620	0.1 U	0.024 J	0.02 U	0.1 U	0.016 U	0.02	0.1 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.05 U	0.008 U	NA	0.1 U
SULFATE	mg/L	400	TACO/620	150	180	130 J	97	170	130	130	160	75	160	160	166	135
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	mg/L	500	SMCL	800	790	790	760	850	810	790	760	762	890	980	889	817
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	mg/L			75	72	87	83	56	42 J	42 J	100 J	630	56.8	186	86.0	212
Field Parameters:																
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	mg/L			NA	0.11	0.49	0.27	0.31	0.08	NA	1.5	NA	NA	NA	1.68	2.02
OXIDATION REDUCTION POTENT	mV			NA	-57	-33	-53	-44	-55	NA	-53	NA	NA	NA	-81	-18.1
PH	SU	6.5-8.5	SMCL	NA	6.93	6.83	7.38	6.82	6.45	NA	8.33	6.8 J	7.2 J	6.9 J	6.66	6.62
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	mS/cm	-		NA	NA	1.242	NA	1.374	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.423	1.255
TEMPERATURE	°C			NA	11.82	14.64	12.62	11.68	12.7	NA	11.95	NA	NA	NA	10.9	11.79
TURBIDITY	NTU			NA	180	96.6	123	120	195	NA	216	NA	NA	NA	242	291

### Historical Groundwater Results for LTM Parameters Site 3 SupplysideLandfill Naval Station Great Lakes, IL

#### Notes:

U - nondetect

J - estimated value

R - Rejected

UJ - estimated limit of detection (LOD)

Results exceeding screening are highlighted and in bold.

TACO = Illinois EPA Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 742, Appendix B, Table E (IEPA 2007).

RSLs = USEPA Regions 3, 6, and 9 Regional Screen Level, (May 2013).

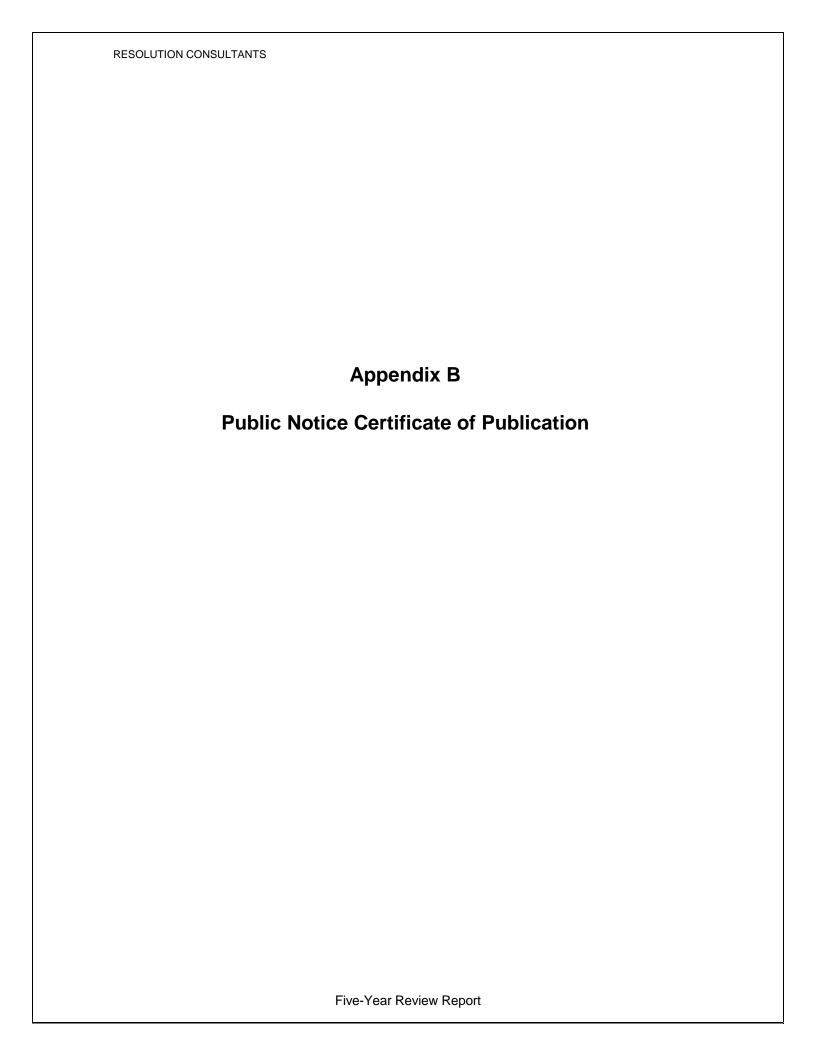
620 = Illinois EPA Class I Potable Resource Groundwater, taken from Illinois Administrative Code 35, Chapter I, Section 620, Subpart D (IEPA 2012).

If two sources of criteria are listed, the values are the same for the sources listed.

RSL-Tap: Regional Screening Level, Tapwater

TACO: Tiered Approach to Corrective Action Objectives, Soil Component of Groundwater Ingestion Exposure Route Class I

SMCL: USEPA Secondary Maximum Containment Level Non-TACO: GRO not promulgated under 35 IAC 742



# Certificate of Publication

I, John Rung, do hereby certify that I am the publisher of the *Great Lakes Bulletin Journal*, a secular newspaper of general circulation within the County of Lake regularly published in the City of Grayslake in the County of Lake and State of Illinois, and which has been so published for more than 12 months prior to the first publication of hereunto annexed notice or advertisement relating to the matter of

Annoucement CERCLA Five- Las Review was published in said newspaper

time(s) on the following date(s):

December 7, 2012

I further certify that said newspaper is a newspaper as defined by the terms and conditions of Chapter 100, paragraph 1 et. Seq., Illinois Revised Statutes 1981.

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CFRCLA Five-Year Review

# FIRST CERCLA FIVE-YEAR REVIEW ANNOUNCED

The Department of the Navy (Navy), the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) are in the process of conducting the first Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Five-Year Review at fitteen sites at Naval Station Great Lakes, Illinois (NAVSTA Great Lakes). The purpose of this review

is to ensure that the Navy's activifies to clean up the contaminated sites are continuing to protect the public's health and the environment. The review also serves to ensure that the clean-up activities are proceeding as planned.

CERCLA requires that a review be conducted where remedial actions taken at a site resulted in hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at a site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. The review will be conducted every five years to ensure protection of . human health and the environment. For completed actions, the review will determine if the measures taken are still successful in protecting the worker, the public and the environment. For actions that have not been completed but are in progress, the review will evaluate whether the measures to be taken will be protective when completed if there is sufficient information available to make that

The Navy will conduct the CER-CLA five-year review in coordination with the IEPA and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. The IEPA is the lead regulatory agency for the sites and is ultimately responsible for certifying the review. The five-year review will: \*\*Evaluate the performance of the selected removal and remedial cleanup actions for subject sites LUC 1 (Bidg 106), LUC 2 (Bidg 145 UST), LUC 3 (Bidg 415), LUC 4 (Bidg 520), LUC 5 (Bidg 912), LUC 6 (Bidg 324), LUC 7 (Bidg 3400), LUC 8 (Bidg 13), LUC 9 (Bidg 324), LUC 11 (Site 22), LUC 12 (Site 3), LUC 13 (Site 2), LUC 14 (Bidg 229 UST), LUC 18 (UST Site 11, Bidg 68H), Site 00001 (Golf Course Landfill), and Site 00004 (Fire Fighting Training Unit) to determine whether they are protective of human health and the environment.

Confirm that Immediate threats have been addressed, or, where a CERCLA response action is in progress, that the selected remedy, when complete, will be protective of human health and the environment and compliant with state and feder-

"Confirm, for sites that are in the Operations and Maintenance phases, that the selected remady remains protective and will remain protective for as long as the site restrictions remain.

\* Recommend actions to improve performance when the fiveyear review indicates that a remedy is not performing as designed.

 Summarize findings and recommendations from the Five Year review in a report format and be made available to the public.

The Site Administrative Record

and all documents used for selecting the preferred clean-up alternative for each site at NAVSTA Great Lakes, is available for public review and copying through Ben Simes at the address listed below:

Ben Simes, CHMM NAVFAC IPT EV 201 Decatur Ave., Building 1A Great Lakes, IL 60088-2801

Phone: 847-688-2600 x320 Email: benjamin.simes@navy.mil (Published in the Great Lakes Bulletin December 7, 2012)

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- Evaluate the performance of the selected removal and remedial cleanup actions for subject sites LUC 1 (Bldg 106), LUC 2 (Bldg 145 UST), LUC 3 (Bldg 415), LUC 4 (Bldg 520), LUC 5 (Bldg 912), LUC 6 (Bldg 239), LUC 7 (Bldg 3400), LUC 8 (Bldg 13), LUC 9 (Bldg 324), LUC 11 (Site 22), LUC 12 (Site 3), LUC 13 (Site 2), LUC 14 (Bldg 229 UST), LUC 16 (UST Site 11, Bldg 68H), Site 00001 (Golf Course Landfill), and Site 00004 (Fire Fighting Training Unit) to determine whether they are protective of human health and the environment.
- Confirm that immediate threats have been addressed, or, where a CERCLA response action is in progress, that the selected remedy, when complete, will be protective of human health and the environment and compliant with state and federal laws.
- Confirm, for sites that are in the Operations and Maintenance phases, that the selected remedy remains protective and will remain protective for as long as the site restrictions remain.
- Recommend actions to improve performance when the five-year review indicates that a remedy is not performing as designed.

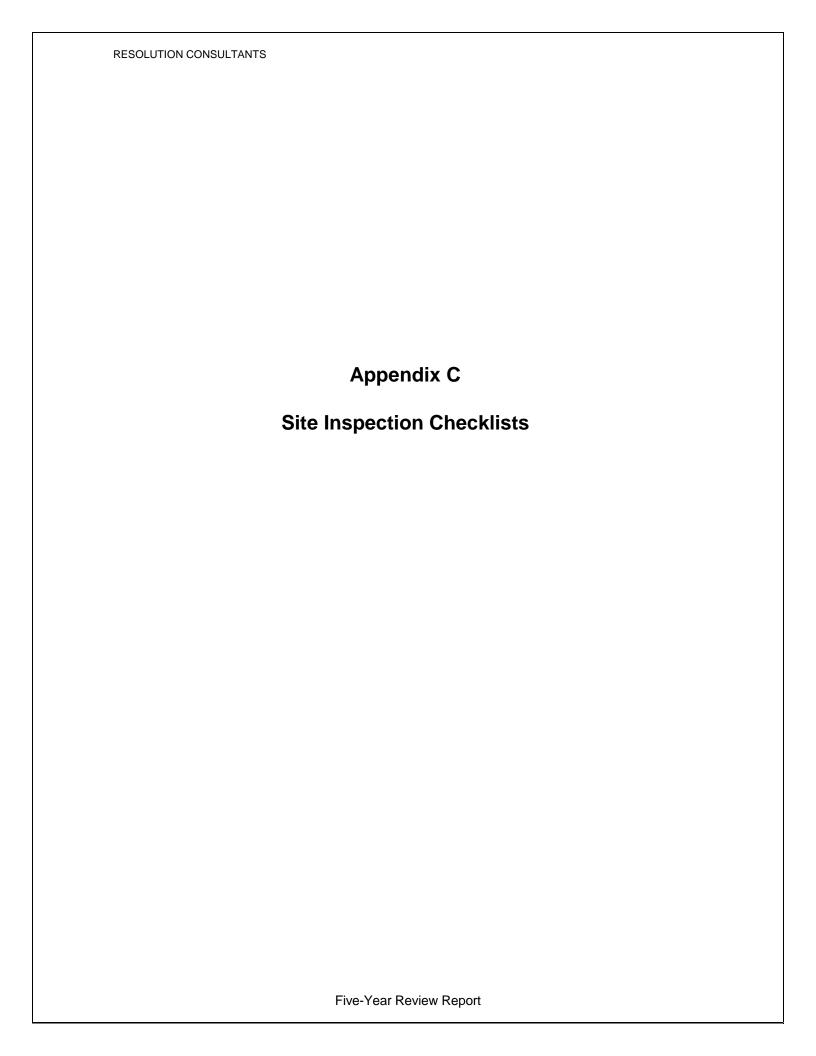
• Summarize findings and recommendations from the Five Year review in a report format and be made available to the public.

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Email: benjamin.simes@navy.mil



# 2012 Site Inspection Forms

Please note that "O&M" is referred to throughout this checklist. At sites where Long-Term Response Actions are in progress, O&M activities may be referred to as "system operations" since these sites are not considered to be in the O&M phase while being remediated under the Superfund program.

## **Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)**

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be completed by hand and attached to the Five-Year Review report as supporting documentation of site status. "N/A" refers to "not applicable.")

I. SITE INFO	ORMATION
<b>Site name:</b> LUC 11 – Site 22, Former Building 105	<b>Date of inspection:</b> September 20, 2012
<b>Location and Region:</b> Naval Station Great Lakes, Region V	<b>EPA ID:</b> 7170024577
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: Navy	<b>Weather/temperature:</b> Sunny, Average Temp = 58°F
Access controls G  Institutional controls V  Groundwater pump and treatment  Surface water collection and treatment	Ionitored natural attenuation aroundwater containment fertical barrier walls  In a lot with a high density polyethylene (HDPE) liner as
1. O&M site manager    Benjamin Simes   Name	Project Manager 9/20/2012 Title Date  5.: 415-828-9326
2. O&M staff Name Interviewed at site at office by phone Phone no Problems, suggestions; Report attached	

<b>Local regulatory authorities and response agencies</b> (i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.						
Agency: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA)  Contact <u>Brian Conrath</u> <u>Remedial Project Manager</u> 9/20/2012 217-557-8155  Name Title Date Phone no.  Problems; suggestions: The IEPA noted that there were cracks in the asphalt where probes were formerly located for a decommissioned electrical resistance heating (ERH) treatment system. The patches in these locations were noted to be bulging.						
Agency						
Contact						
Name Title Date Phone no.  Problems; suggestions; Report attached						
Agency Contact						
Name Title Date Phone no.  Problems; suggestions; Report attached						
Agency Contact						
Name Title Date Phone no.  Problems; suggestions; Report attached						
4. Other interviews (optional) No						
No other interviews were conducted.						

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENT	S & RECORDS VERIFIED (C	heck all that apply)
1.	O&M Documents O&M manual As-built drawings Maintenance logs Remarks	Readily available Up to Readily available Readily available	Up to date N/A
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Contingency plan/emergency responsemarks_	nse plan Readily available	Up to date Up to date N/A N/A
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Record Remarks		Up to date N/A
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit Effluent discharge Waste disposal, POTW Other permits Remarks		Up to date N/A date N/A
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks		date N/A
6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date N/A
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks		Up to date N/A
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date N/A
9.	Discharge Compliance Records Air Water (effluent) Remarks	Readily available Readily available Up to	Up to date date N/A
	Daily Access/Security Logs	Readily available	Up to date N/A

				IV. O&M	COSTS: Not reviewed	during visit
1.	O&M O State in PRP in Federal Other_	n-house -house I Facility		ise Contrac	Contractor for State Contractor for PRP ctor for Federal Facility	
2.	Fundin	y availab g mecha	le nism/aş ost estir			
	From		To			Breakdown attached
	From	Date	_To	Date	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	From	Date	_To	Date	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	From	Date	_ To	Date	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	From	Date	_ To	Date	Total cost	Breakdown attached
		Date		Date	Total cost	
3.					O&M Costs During Ro	eview Period
		V. AC	CESS	AND INST	ITUTIONAL CONTR	OLS Applicable N/A
A. Fe	ncing					
1.	Fencing Remarks				on shown on site map	Gates secured N/A
B. Otl	ner Access	Restric	tions			
1.	Remarks	s: <i>Base-</i> w	vide acc	ty measures cess is restra d the site on	icted, but once inside the	wn on site map N/A e Base, access to this LUC is not restricted.

C. Ir	nstitutional Controls (ICs)			
1.	Implementation and enforcement Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced	Yes (	No No	N/A N/A
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive by) Visual inspection – Frequency Annual	site walk		
	Responsible party/agency U.S. Department of the Navy, Great Lakes N Contact Benjamin Simes Project Manager			nter 828-9326
	Name Title	Dat	te Phone	no.
	Reporting is up-to-date Reports are verified by the lead agency	Yes Yes	No No	N/A N/A
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met Violations have been reported Other problems or suggestions: Report attached Annual inspections are taking place. Documentation of inspections, v	Yes Yes	No No n that in:	N/A N/A
	have been supplied to the IEPA and U.S. EPA, and documentation of address deficiencies (if applicable) were available for 2009 through 20			
2.	**	011. nate	measure	N/A
	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequate and adequate are institutional controls are adequately protective of human	011. nate	measure	N/A
	address deficiencies (if applicable) were available for 2009 through 20  Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are inadequate Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  General	011. nate	measure	N/A
D. G	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map No va	011. iate n health d	measure	N/A
<b>D. G</b>	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map No va Remarks  Land use changes on site N/A	011. iate n health d	measure	N/A
<b>D. G</b> 1.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map No va Remarks  Land use changes on site N/A  Remarks  Land use changes off site N/A	011. iate n health d	measure	N/A
<b>D. G</b> 1.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Remarks Land use changes on site N/A Remarks  VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS	011. iate n health d	measure	N/A

### **B.** Other Site Conditions

Remarks: This was a former dry cleaning facility and hazardous waste storage area. Monitoring wells are still in place on the site. Chlorinated solvent concentrations remain in soil that exceed state standards. According to Mr. Simes, there is a liner under the pavement. There were cracks and surface bulging noted in the asphalt around former ERH probe locations.

	VII I A N	IDFILL COVERS Applicable	N/A	
A T (	andfill Surface	Applicable (	IV/A	
1.	Settlement (Low spots) Areal extent	Location shown on site map Depth	Settlement not evident	
2.	Cracks Lengths Width Remarks	Location shown on site map	Cracking not evident	
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Erosion not evident	
4.	Holes Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Holes not evident	
5.	Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and		shed No signs of stress	
6.	Alternative Cover (armored ro	ock, concrete, etc.) N/A		
7.	Bulges Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Height	Bulges not evident	
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage Wet areas Ponding Seeps Soft subgrade Remarks	Wet areas/water damage not evaluation shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map	ident Areal extent Areal extent Areal extent Areal extent	

9.	Areal extent	Slides Location shown on s	
В.		mounds of earth placed across a	steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope attercept and convey the runoff to a lined
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	Location shown on s	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	Location shown on s	
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	Location shown on s	
C.		on control mats, riprap, grout bag il allow the runoff water collected	gs, or gabions that descend down the steep side d by the benches to move off of the landfill
1.	Areal extent	Location shown on site map Depth	No evidence of settlement
2.	Material type	Location shown on site map Areal extent	
3.	Erosion Areal extentRemarks		No evidence of erosion

4.	Undercutting Areal extent Remarks	Location shown Depth		No evidence of	
5.	Obstructions Type Location shown on site I Size Remarks	•	Areal extent	structions	
6.	Excessive Vegetative Green No evidence of excessive Vegetation in channels of Location shown on site in Remarks	e growth oes not obstruct flo nap	Areal extent	<u>:</u>	
D. C	over Penetrations Applic	able N/A			
1.	Gas Vents Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at p N/A Remarks	enetration		Maintenance	condition
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at p Remarks	enetration	Needs	Maintenance	
3.	Monitoring Wells (within Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at p	Functioning enetration	Routinely samp Needs	Maintenance	
4.	Leachate Extraction We Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at p Remarks	Functioning	Routinely samp Needs	oled Good of Maintenance	condition N/A
5.	Settlement Monuments Remarks	Located		nely surveyed	N/A

E. Gas	Collection and Treatment Applicable N/A	
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities Flaring Thermal destruction Collection for reuse Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g., gas monitoring of adjacent homes or buildings)  Good condition Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks	
F. Cove	er Drainage Layer Applicable N/A	
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Functioning N/A  Remarks	
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Functioning N/A  Remarks	
G. Dete	ention/Sedimentation Ponds Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A Siltation not evident Remarks	
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth  Erosion not evident  Remarks	
3.	Outlet Works Functioning N/A Remarks	
4.	Dam Functioning N/A Remarks	

H.	Retaining Walls	Applicable N/A		
1.	Deformations Horizontal displacement_ Rotational displacement_ Remarks		map Deformation not al displacement	
2.	<b>Degradation</b> Remarks	Location shown on site		evident
I. I	Perimeter Ditches/Off-Site Di	scharge Appl	icable N/A	
1.	Areal extent	on shown on site map S		
2.	Vegetative Growth Vegetation does not imp Areal extent Remarks	Type	•	
3.	Erosion Areal extentRemarks	Location shown on site Depth	<u>-</u>	ent
4.		Functioning N/A		
	VIII. VE	RTICAL BARRIER WA	ALLS Applicable N/A	
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks		•	rident
2.	Performance not monitor Frequency Head differential	red l		

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable N/A
A. Gro	bundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment  Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided  Remarks
B. Sur	face Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks

C.	Treatment System	Applicable		N/A				
1.	<b>Treatment Train</b> (Checonder Metals removal Air stripping Filters	Oil/water s	eparat		Bioremedi:	ation		
		n agent, floccul	lent)_					
	Good condition Sampling ports proper Sampling/maintenance Equipment properly id Quantity of groundwat	log displayed a entified er treated annua	unction and up	onal to date				
	Quantity of surface wa Remarks							
2.	Electrical Enclosures a N/A Good Remarks_	d condition N	eeds N	<b>I</b> aintena	nce			
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage N/A Good Remarks	d condition Pr				nt	Needs Maintenance	
4.	Discharge Structure an N/A Good Remarks	d condition No	eeds N					
5.	Chemicals and equipm		ored				Needs repair	
6.	Monitoring Wells (pum Properly secured/locke All required wells loca Remarks	d Functionin	g	Routine			Good condition N/A	
D.	Monitoring Data							
1.	Monitoring Data  Is routinely submitted	on time		Is o	of acceptable	e qualit	ty	
2.	Monitoring data suggest Groundwater plume is		tained	Co	ntaminant co	oncenti	rations are declining	

1.	Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
	X. OTHER REMEDIES
	If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.
	XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
Α.	Implementation of the Remedy
	Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).  The remedy is intended to restrict reuse of the site to industrial/commercial land use, prevent exposure to contaminated soil left in place, and prohibit groundwater use on a base-wide level. The remedy is effective. Land use has not changed. Overall, the engineered barrier is intact with the exception of some surface cracks and bulges and continues to prevent exposure to contaminated soil, and no wells
	have been installed at this site.
В.	Adequacy of O&M

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.  No observations or issues that may cause a higher frequency of repairs or maintenance noted.
D.	Opportunities for Optimization  Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.
	None observed

Please note that "O&M" is referred to throughout this checklist. At sites where Long-Term Response Actions are in progress, O&M activities may be referred to as "system operations" since these sites are not considered to be in the O&M phase while being remediated under the Superfund program.

## **Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)**

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be completed by hand and attached to the Five-Year Review report as supporting documentation of site status. "N/A" refers to "not applicable.")

I. SITE INFORMATION				
Site name: LUC 12 – Site 3	Date of inspection: September 20, 2012			
<b>Location and Region:</b> Naval Station Great Lakes, Region V	<b>EPA ID:</b> 7170024577			
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: Navy	<b>Weather/temperature:</b> Sunny, Average Temp = 58°F			
Access controls G  Institutional controls V  Groundwater pump and treatment  Surface water collection and treatment				
1. O&M site manager    Benjamin Simes   Name	Project Manager 9/20/2012 Title Date			
2. O&M staff Name Interviewed at site at office by phone Phone no Problems, suggestions; Report attached				

3.	<b>Local regulatory authorities and response agencies</b> (i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.			
	Agency: Illinois Environmental Protection A Contact <u>Brian Conrath</u> Name Problems; suggestions: The IEPA noted that functioning. There was a small subsidence a ruts near the southeast corner.	Remedial Project Mana Title t the second and fourth		
	Agency			
	Contact	·		
	Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.	
	Agency			
	Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.	
	AgencyContact			
	Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.	
4.	Other interviews (optional) No			
No oth	ner interviews were conducted.			

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS	S & RECORDS VERIFIED (C	heck all that apply)
1.	O&M Documents O&M manual As-built drawings Maintenance logs Remarks	Readily available Up to Readily available Readily available	Up to date N/A
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plar Contingency plan/emergency respon Remarks_	nse plan Readily available	Up to date Up to date N/A N/A
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Remarks		Up to date N/A
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit Effluent discharge Waste disposal, POTW Other permits Remarks		Up to date $N/A$ date $N/A$
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks_		date N/A
6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date N/A
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks		Up to date N/A
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date N/A
9.	Discharge Compliance Records Air Water (effluent) Remarks	Readily available Readily available Up to	Up to date date N/A
	Daily Access/Security Logs	Readily available	Up to date N/A

	IV. O&M COSTS: Not reviewed during visit				
1.	O&M Organiza State in-house PRP in-house Federal Facility Other		Contractor for State Contractor for PRP Contractor for Federal	Facility	
2.		ble Up to d anism/agreement in cost estimate		akdown attached eriod if available	
	FromDate FromDate FromDate FromDate		Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost	Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached	
3.	Describe costs a	and reasons:			
A. Fei		CCESS AND INST	ITUTIONAL CONTR	OLS (Applicable) N/A	
1.	Fencing damag	ged Location Location is in place and in	on shown on site map	Gates secured N/A	
B. Otl	ner Access Restric	ctions			
1.		r security measures s to this LUC is rest		wn on site map N/A that was in good working order.	

C. Ir	nstitutional Controls (ICs)			
1.	Implementation and enforcement			
	Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented	Yes (	$(N_0)$	N/A
	Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced	Yes (	No	N/A
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive by) Visual inspection – Frequency Annual	site walk	:	
	Responsible party/agency U.S. Department of the Navy, Great Lakes I	Naval Tro	aining Ce	enter
	Contact Benjamin Simes Project Manager	9/20/1	2 415-8	28-9326
	Name Title	Da	te Phone	no.
	Reporting is up-to-date	Yes	No	N/A
	Reports are verified by the lead agency	Yes	No	N/A
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met	Yes	No	N/A
	Violations have been reported	Yes	No	N/A
	Other problems or suggestions: Report attached			
	Annual inspections are taking place. Documentation of inspections, v			
	have been supplied to the IEPA and U.S. EPA, and documentation of a address deficiencies (if applicable) were available for 2009 through 2001.	011.	e measure	
2.	**	011. uate		N/A
2. <b>D. G</b>	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequate   ICs are inadequate   ICs are inad	011. uate		N/A
	address deficiencies (if applicable) were available for 2009 through 20  Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are inadequate Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  General	011. uate	and the e	N/A
D. G	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing  Location shown on site map  No va	011. uate in health i	and the e	N/A
<b>D. G</b>	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of huma when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map No va Remarks  Land use changes on site N/A	011. uate in health i	and the e	N/A
<b>D. G</b> 1.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Remarks Land use changes on site N/A Remarks Land use changes off site N/A  Land use changes off site N/A	011. uate in health i	and the e	N/A
<b>D. G</b> 1.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequate ICs are inadequate in the institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with the engineered barrier.  Vandalism/trespassing Remarks  Land use changes on site N/A Remarks  VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS	011. uate in health i	and the e	N/A

В.	Other Site Conditions	
	Remarks: Two of the landfill vents were not functioning/turning. A small subsidence area was noted of the south side of the landfill, and some ruts from vehicle traffic were observed near the southeast corn of the landfill.	
	VII. LANDFILL COVERS (Applicable) N/A	
A.	Landfill Surface	
1.	Settlement (Low spots) Location shown on site map Settlement not evident Areal extent_30 ft x 20 ft Depth Remarks: One subsidence area was observed on the south side of the landfill.	
2.	Cracks Lengths Widths Depths Remarks	
3.	Erosion Location shown on site map Erosion not evident Areal extent Depth Remarks	
4.	Holes  Areal extent Depth Remarks	
5.	Vegetative Cover Grass Cover properly established No signs of stress Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and locations on a diagram) Remarks Observed an area of bare soil on the west slope at the 4 <sup>th</sup> vent well	>
6.	Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.)  N/A  Remarks	
7.	Bulges Location shown on site map Bulges not evident  Areal extent Height  Remarks	
8.	Wet areas/Water Damage Wet areas/water damage not evident Wet areas  Location shown on site map Areal extent  Seeps Location shown on site map Areal extent  Location shown on site map Areal extent  Location shown on site map Areal extent  Remarks	

9.	Areal extent	lides Location shown on	
B. Ben	(Horizontally constructed	mounds of earth placed across	a steep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope ntercept and convey the runoff to a lined
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	Location shown on	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	Location shown on	•
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	Location shown on	
C. Let	(Channel lined with erosic	l allow the runoff water collecte	ags, or gabions that descend down the steep side ed by the benches to move off of the landfill
1.	Areal extent	Location shown on site map Depth	
2.	Material type	Location shown on site map Areal extent	
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	No evidence of erosion

4.	Undercutting Areal extent			No evidence of undercutting	ng
5.	Obstructions Type Location shown on site n Size Remarks	•	Areal extent		
6.	Excessive Vegetative Gro No evidence of excessive Vegetation in channels d Location shown on site n Remarks	e growth oes not obstruct flow nap			
D. Co	over Penetrations Applic	able N/A			
1.	Gas Vents Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at pon/A Remarks: The second as be checked to make su	enetration and fourth vents aw	ay from the g	d Good condition  Indintenance  The state were not turning.	They should
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at portion	enetration	Needs M	d Good condition Maintenance N/A	
3.	Monitoring Wells (within Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at portion Remarks	Functioning R enetration	outinely sample Needs M	faintenance N/A	
4.	Leachate Extraction Well Properly secured/locked Evidence of leakage at portion Remarks	Functioning R	outinely sample Needs M	ed Good condition Maintenance N/A	
5.	Settlement Monuments Remarks	Located	Routinel	y surveyed N/A	<u> </u>

E.	Gas Collection and Treatment Applicable N/A	
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities Flaring Thermal destruction Collection for reuse Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	-
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g., gas monitoring of adjacent homes or buildings)  Good condition Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks	
F.	Cover Drainage Layer Applicable N/A	
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	-
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	-
G.	<b>Detention/Sedimentation Ponds</b> Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A Siltation not evident Remarks	
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth  Erosion not evident  Remarks	
3.	Outlet Works Functioning N/A Remarks	_
4.	Dam Functioning N/A Remarks	

H.	Retaining Walls	Applicable N/A
1.	Deformations Horizontal displacement_ Rotational displacement_ Remarks	
2.	<b>Degradation</b> Remarks	Location shown on site map Degradation not evident
<b>I.</b> ]	Perimeter Ditches/Off-Site Dis	charge Applicable N/A
1.	Areal extent	on shown on site map Siltation not evident Depth
2.	Vegetative Growth Vegetation does not important Areal extent Remarks	Type
3.	Erosion Areal extentRemarks	
4.	<b>Discharge Structure</b> Remarks	Functioning N/A
	VIII. VEF	TICAL BARRIER WALLS Applicable N/A
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map  Depth  Depth
2.	Performance not monitor Frequency Head differential	Evidence of breaching

IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable N/A				
A. Groundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A				
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks			
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks			
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment  Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided  Remarks			
B. Sur	B. Surface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A			
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks			
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks			
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks			

C.	Treatment System	Applicable	N/A			
1.	Treatment Train (Chec Metals removal Air stripping Filters	Oil/water sep		Bioremediation ers		
		on agent, flocculer	nt)			-
	Good condition Sampling ports proper Sampling/maintenance Equipment properly id Quantity of groundwat	e log displayed and entified er treated annuall	ctional d up to date y	2	_	
	Quantity of surface wa Remarks					
2.	Electrical Enclosures a N/A Good Remarks_	d condition Need	ds Mainter	ance		
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage N/A Good Remarks	d condition Prop		•	Needs Maintenance	
4.	Discharge Structure an N/A Good Remarks	d condition Need	ds Mainter			
5.	Chemicals and equipm		ed	•	Needs repair	
6.	Monitoring Wells (pum Properly secured/locked All required wells located Remarks	ed Functioning	Routi		Good condition N/A	<del></del>
D.	D. Monitoring Data					
1.	Monitoring Data  Is routinely submitted	on time	Is	s of acceptable qual	ity	
2.	Monitoring data suggest Groundwater plume is		ned C	ontaminant concen	trations are declining	

D V	D. Monitored Natural Attenuation						
1.	Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks						
	X. OTHER REMEDIES						
	If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.						
	XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS						
A.	Implementation of the Remedy						
	Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).  The remedy is intended to restrict reuse of the site to industrial/commercial land use, prevent exposure to landfill refuse, and prohibit groundwater use on a base-wide level. The remedy is effective. Land use has not changed. Overall, the landfill cover is in good condition. Two of the passive vents should be checked to see if they are still functioning.						
В.	Adequacy of O&M						
	Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.  O&M procedures appear to be supportive of long-term protectiveness of the LUCs in prohibit soil disturbance, groundwater use, and development of the site. O&M activities are maintaining the cover, preventing it's erosion and deterioration.						

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.
	No issues were observed that indicate increased repairs or significant problems may appear in the near future or that protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised.
D.	Opportunities for Optimization
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy. <u>None observed</u>

Please note that "O&M" is referred to throughout this checklist. At sites where Long-Term Response Actions are in progress, O&M activities may be referred to as "system operations" since these sites are not considered to be in the O&M phase while being remediated under the Superfund program.

## **Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)**

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be completed by hand and attached to the Five-Year Review report as supporting documentation of site status. "N/A" refers to "not applicable.")

I. SITE INFORMATION			
Site name: LUC 13 – Site 2	<b>Date of inspection:</b> September 20, 2012		
<b>Location and Region:</b> Naval Station Great Lakes, Region V	<b>EPA ID:</b> 7170024577		
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: Navy	<b>Weather/temperature:</b> Sunny, Average Temp = 58°F		
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply)  Landfill cover/containment Monitored natural attenuation  Access controls Groundwater containment  Institutional controls Vertical barrier walls  Groundwater pump and treatment  Surface water collection and treatment  Other: The remedy includes a landfill cover that complies with IEPA regulations, prevents exposure to landfill waste, and reduces storm water infiltration.  Attachments: Site photos included.			
II. INTERVIEWS	(Check all that apply)		
1. O&M site manager    Benjamin Simes   Name	Project Manager         9/20/2012           Title         Date           no.: 415-828-9326		
2. O&M staff Name Interviewed at site at office by phone Phone Problems, suggestions; Report attached	Title Date		

3.		nealth or environmental health	(i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response vironmental health, zoning office, recorder of that apply.		
	Agency: Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA)  Contact Brian Conrath Remedial Project Manager 9/20/2012 217-557-8155  Name Title Date Phone no.  Problems; suggestions: The IEPA noted a bare path on the west side of the landfill approximately ft² in size.				
	Agency Contact Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached _	Title		Phone no.	
	Agency	Title		Phone no.	
	Agency Contact Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title		Phone no.	
4.	Other interviews (optional) No				
No oth	er interviews were conducted.				

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & R	LCORDS VERIFIED (C	neck an that app	,1y)
1.	O&M Documents O&M manual Readi As-built drawings Maintenance logs Remarks	ily available Up to Readily available Readily available		N/A N/A
•	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Contingency plan/emergency response planemarks		Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Remarks_		Up to date	N/A
4.	Permits and Service Agreements  Air discharge permit  Effluent discharge  Waste disposal, POTW  Other permits  Remarks	Readily available ily available Up to Readily available	date N/A	N/A N/A N/A
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks_	ily available Up to	date N/A	
5.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks	<b>J</b>	Up to date	N/A
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A)
9.	Discharge Compliance Records Air Water (effluent) Remarks	Readily available Readily available	Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A

		IV. 0&M (	COSTS: Not reviewed	during visit
1.	O&M Organiza State in-house PRP in-house Federal Facility Other	y in-house	Contractor for State Contractor for PRP Contractor for Federa	l Facility
2.		ble Up to da anism/agreement in p ost estimate	olace	akdown attached riod if available
	From Date From Date From Date From Date From Date From Date		Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost	Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached Breakdown attached
3.	Describe costs ar	nd reasons:		
A. Fer		CESS AND INSTIT	UTIONAL CONTRO	OLS (Applicable) N/A
1.	Fencing damage	ed Location ea was not encircled	shown on site map with fencing.	Gates secured N/A
B. Otl	ner Access Restric	tions		
1.		security measures vide access is restrict		own on site map N/A e Base, access to this LUC is not restricted.

C. Ir	astitutional Controls (ICs)			
1.	Implementation and enforcement Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced	Yes Yes	No No	N/A N/A
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive by) Visual inspection – s Frequency Annual	site walk		
	Responsible party/agency U.S. Department of the Navy, Great Lakes N Contact Benjamin Simes Project Manager Name Title	9/20/1	ning Central 12 415-8.  Phone	28-9326
	Reporting is up-to-date Reports are verified by the lead agency	Yes Yes	No No	N/A N/A
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met Violations have been reported Other problems or suggestions: Report attached Annual inspections are taking place. Documentation of inspections, vehave been supplied to the IEPA and U.S. EPA, and documentation of contents.			
	address deficiencies (if applicable) were available for 2009 through 20			, vencen vo
2.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human	011. uate		N/A
	address deficiencies (if applicable) were available for 2009 through 20  Adequacy  ICs are adequate  ICs are inadequate	011. uate		N/A
	Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are inadequate Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with a properly maintained landfill.  eneral	011. uate	nd the er	N/A
<b>D. G</b>	Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are inadequate Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with a properly maintained landfill.  eneral  Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map No variable.	011. uate n health a	nd the er	N/A
D. G	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with a properly maintained landfill.  eneral  Vandalism/trespassing Remarks Land use changes on site N/A	011. uate n health a	nd the er	N/A
<b>D. G</b> 1.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with a properly maintained landfill.  eneral  Vandalism/trespassing Remarks Land use changes on site N/A Remarks  Land use changes off site N/A  Land use changes off site N/A	011. uate n health a	nd the er	N/A
<b>D. G</b> 1.	Adequacy Remarks: The institutional controls are adequately protective of human when coupled with a properly maintained landfill.  eneral  Vandalism/trespassing Remarks Land use changes on site N/A Remarks  VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS	011. uate n health a	nd the er	N/A

B.	Other Site Conditions	
	Remarks: There was a bare patch with no vegetation. The area was approximately 100 ft2 in area, was located on the west side of the landfill.	and
	VII. LANDFILL COVERS Applicable N/A	
A.	Landfill Surface	
1.	Settlement (Low spots)  Areal extent Depth  Remarks:	
2.	Cracks Lengths Widths Depths Remarks	
3.	Erosion Location shown on site map Erosion not evident  Areal extent Depth  Remarks	
4.	Holes Location shown on site map Holes not evident  Areal extent Depth  Remarks	
5.	Vegetative Cover Grass Cover properly established No signs of stress Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and locations on a diagram) Remarks: There was a bare patch with no vegetation. The area was approximately 1 ft2 in area, and was located on the west side of the landfill. In all other areas there good ground cover.	00
6.	Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.)  N/A  Remarks	
7.	Bulges Location shown on site map Bulges not evident  Areal extent Height  Remarks	
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage Wet areas   Location shown on site map   Areal extent   Ponding   Location shown on site map   Areal extent   Seeps   Location shown on site map   Areal extent   Soft subgrade   Location shown on site map   Areal extent   Remarks   Areal extent   Remarks   Location shown on site map   Areal ext	<del></del>
9.	Slope Instability Slides Location shown on site map No evidence of slope instability Areal extent	lity

B. Ben	(Horizontally constructed i		eep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope cept and convey the runoff to a lined
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	Location shown on site	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	Location shown on site	1
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	Location shown on site	
C. Lete	(Channel lined with erosion	allow the runoff water collected by	or gabions that descend down the steep side y the benches to move off of the landfill
1.		Location shown on site map Depth	No evidence of settlement
2.	C	Location shown on site map Areal extent	No evidence of degradation
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	No evidence of erosion

4.	Undercutting Location shown on site map No evidence of undercutting Areal extent Depth Remarks
5.	Obstructions Type No obstructions Location shown on site map Areal extent Size Remarks
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth  No evidence of excessive growth  Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow  Location shown on site map  Areal extent  Remarks
D. Co	er Penetrations Applicable N/A
1.	Gas Vents Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks: The second and fourth vents away from the gate were not turning. They should be checked to make sure they remain functional.
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells         Properly secured/locked Functioning Evidence of leakage at penetration       Routinely sampled Good condition         Evidence of leakage at penetration       Needs Maintenance         Remarks       Needs Maintenance
5.	Settlement Monuments Located Routinely surveyed N/A Remarks_

E.	Gas Collection and Treatment Applicable N/A	
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities  Flaring Thermal destruction Collection for reuse  Good condition Needs Maintenance  Remarks	-
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	-
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g., gas monitoring of adjacent homes or buildings)  Good condition Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks	-
F.	Cover Drainage Layer Applicable N/A	
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	-
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	<del>-</del>
G.	<b>Detention/Sedimentation Ponds</b> Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A Siltation not evident Remarks	-
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth Erosion not evident Remarks	
3.	Outlet Works Functioning N/A Remarks	
4.	Dam Functioning N/A Remarks	

H.	Retaining Walls	Applicable N/A
1.	Deformations Horizontal displacement Rotational displacement Remarks	
2.	<b>Degradation</b> Remarks	Location shown on site map Degradation not evident
<b>I.</b> ]	Perimeter Ditches/Off-Site Disc	harge Applicable N/A
1.	Siltation Locatio Areal extent Remarks	
2.	Vegetative Growth  Vegetation does not impe Areal extent Remarks	Type
3.	Erosion Areal extentRemarks	
4.		Functioning N/A
	VIII. VERT	TICAL BARRIER WALLS Applicable N/A
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map  Depth  De
2.	Performance Monitoring Performance not monitore Frequency Head differential Remarks	Evidence of breaching

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable N/A
A. G	roundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks
B. Su	urface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment  Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided  Remarks

C.	Treatment System	Applicab	le	N/A			
1.	<b>Treatment Train</b> (Ch Metals removal Air stripping Filters_	Oil/water	separati		Bioremediati	ion	
		ion agent, flocc	ulent)				
	Good condition Sampling ports proper Sampling/maintenan Equipment properly Quantity of groundw	ce log displayed identified ater treated ann	function and up	nal to date			
	Quantity of surface v Remarks						
2.	Electrical Enclosures N/A Go Remarks_	od condition 1	Needs M	aintenan	ce		
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Stora N/A Go Remarks	od condition I				Needs Maintenance	
4.		od condition 1	Needs M				
5.	Chemicals and equip	od condition (es ment properly s	tored			Needs repair	
6.	Monitoring Wells (pu Properly secured/loc All required wells lo Remarks	ked Functioni	ng	Routinel		Good condition N/A	
D.	Monitoring Data						
1.	Monitoring Data  Is routinely submitte	d on time		Is o	f acceptable q	uality	
2.	Monitoring data sugge Groundwater plume		ntained	Con	taminant con	centrations are declining	

1.	Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
	X. OTHER REMEDIES
	If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.
	XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
A.	Implementation of the Remedy
	Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).  The remedy is intended to restrict reuse of the site to light recreational land use, prevent exposure to landfill refuse, and prohibit groundwater use on a base-wide level. The remedy is effective. Land use has not changed. Overall, the landfill cover is in good condition with the exception of a 100 ft <sup>2</sup> area on the west side of the landfill.
B.	Adequacy of O&M
	Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.
D.	Opportunities for Optimization
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy. <i>None observed</i>

Please note that "O&M" is referred to throughout this checklist. At sites where Long-Term Response Actions are in progress, O&M activities may be referred to as "system operations" since these sites are not considered to be in the O&M phase while being remediated under the Superfund program.

## **Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)**

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be completed by hand and attached to the Five-Year Review report as supporting documentation of site status. "N/A" refers to "not applicable.")

I. SITE INFO	ORMATION			
Site name: Site 1 – Golf Course Landfill	Date of inspection: September 20, 2012			
<b>Location and Region:</b> Naval Station Great Lakes, Region V	<b>EPA ID:</b> 7170024577			
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: Navy	<b>Weather/temperature:</b> Sunny, Average Temp = 58°F			
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply)  Landfill cover/containment Monitored natural attenuation  Access controls Groundwater containment  Institutional controls Vertical barrier walls  Groundwater pump and treatment  Surface water collection and treatment  Other: The remedy included a soil cover constructed as a golf course over the former trench and burn landfill, as well as LUCs to prohibit soil disturbance and groundwater use.  Attachments: Site photos included.				
II. INTERVIEWS	(Check all that apply)			
1. O&M site manager    Benjamin Simes   Name				
2. O&M staff Name Interviewed at site at office by phone Phone no Problems, suggestions; Report attached	Title Date			

office, police department, office of public	<b>Local regulatory authorities and response agencies</b> (i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.				
Agency: <i>Illinois Environmental Protection</i> Contact <u>Brian Conrath</u> Name		ger 9/20/2012 217-557-8155  Date Phone no.			
Problems; suggestions: There were no pro					
AgencyContact					
Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.			
AgencyContact					
Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.			
AgencyContact					
Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.			
4. Other interviews (optional) No					
No other interviews were conducted.					

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RE	CORDS VERIFIED (C	heck all that ap	ply)
1.	O&M Documents O&M manual As-built drawings Maintenance logs Remarks	Readily available Readily available Readily available	Up to date Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A N/A
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Contingency plan/emergency response plan Remarks		Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Remarks_	Readily available	Up to date	N/A
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit Effluent discharge Waste disposal, POTW Other permits Remarks	Readily available Readily available Readily available Readily available	Up to date	N/A N/A N/A N/A
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A
6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A)
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A
9.	Discharge Compliance Records Air Water (effluent) Remarks	Readily available Readily available	Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A
10.	Daily Access/Security Logs Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	N/A

			IV. O	&M COSTS: Not reviewed	d during visit
1.	~ .	ouse ouse acility in	n-house Con	Contractor for State Contractor for PRP tractor for Federal Facility	,
2.		vailable nechanis	Up t sm/agreement t estimate		eakdown attached eriod if available
	From	Date Date Date Date Date	Γο Date Γο Date Γο Date Γο Date Γο Date	Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost  Total cost	_ Breakdown attached
3.	Describe co	osts and	reasons:	igh O&M Costs During I	
A. Fe		. ACC	ESS AND IIV	SHITCHONAL CONTI	Applicance 1VA
1.	Fencing da Remarks: A		Locate is in place.	ation shown on site map	Gates secured N/A
B. Otl	her Access R	estrictio	ons		
1.			e <b>curity measi</b> ss is unrestric	Location sho cted, and the golf course is	own on site map N/A open to the public.

C. Inst	itutional Controls (ICs)				
1.	Implementation and enforcement Site conditions imply ICs not prop Site conditions imply ICs not being	perly implemented g fully enforced	Yes (	No No	N/A N/A
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reported prediction of the self		Lakes Naval Tra 9/20/1		28-9326
	Reporting is up-to-date Reports are verified by the lead ag	gency	Yes Yes	No No	N/A N/A
	Specific requirements in deed or of Violations have been reported Other problems or suggestions: Annual inspections are taking place on NIRIS or other readily accessive results have been supplied to the It to address deficiencies (if applications).	Report attached ce. However, inspection repo ble source. Documentation of EPA and U.S. EPA, and docu	Yes  rts or documente  finspections, ver  mentation of con	ification t	hat inspection
2.	Adequacy ICs at Remarks: The institutional control when coupled with a properly main			N/A and the en	vironment
D. Gen	eral				
1.	Vandalism/trespassing Locat Remarks	ion shown on site map	No vandalism e	vident	
2.	Land use changes on site N/A Remarks				
3.	Land use changes off site N/A Remarks				
	VI. (	GENERAL SITE CONDITION	ONS	_	
A. Roa	<b>ds</b> Applicable N/A				
1.	Roads damaged Locat Remarks_	ion shown on site map	Roads adequate	N/A	

В.	Other Site Conditions		
			at was used to dispose of general and there was no evidence of waste
	VII. LAN	DFILL COVERS Applicable	N/A
A.	Landfill Surface		
1.	Settlement (Low spots) Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Settlement not evident
2.	Cracks Lengths Width	Location shown on site map s Depths	Cracking not evident
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Erosion not evident
4.	Holes Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Holes not evident
5.	Vegetative Cover Grass Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and Remarks		shed No signs of stress
6.	Alternative Cover (armored roo Remarks_		
7.	Bulges Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Height	Bulges not evident
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage Wet areas Ponding Seeps Soft subgrade Remarks Skokie Creek and o	Wet areas/water damage not ev Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map ther ponds are present on golf cours	Areal extentAreal extentAreal extentAreal extentAreal extent

9.	Slope Instability S Areal extent Remarks	<u></u>	map No evidence of slope instability
B. Ber	(Horizontally constructed	mounds of earth placed across a stee	ep landfill side slope to interrupt the slope cept and convey the runoff to a lined
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	Location shown on site r	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	Location shown on site n	•
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	Location shown on site r	
C. Let		on control mats, riprap, grout bags, or I allow the runoff water collected by	or gabions that descend down the steep side the benches to move off of the landfill
1.	Areal extent	Location shown on site map Depth	No evidence of settlement
2.	Material type	Location shown on site map Areal extent	
3.	Erosion Areal extentRemarks		No evidence of erosion

4.	Undercutting Location shown on site map No evidence of undercutting Areal extent Depth Remarks
5.	Obstructions Type No obstructions Location shown on site map Areal extent Size Remarks
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth  No evidence of excessive growth  Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow  Location shown on site map  Areal extent  Remarks
D. Cov	er Penetrations Applicable N/A
1.	Gas Vents  Active Passive  Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition  Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance  N/A  Remarks
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill)  Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition  Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells         Properly secured/locked Functioning Evidence of leakage at penetration       Routinely sampled Rou
5.	Settlement Monuments Located Routinely surveyed N/A Remarks

E.	Gas Collection and Treatment Applicable N/A	
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities Flaring Thermal destruction Collection for reuse Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g., gas monitoring of adjacent homes or buildings)  Good condition Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks	
F.	Cover Drainage Layer Applicable N/A	
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Functioning N/A  Remarks	
G.	<b>Detention/Sedimentation Ponds</b> Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A Siltation not evident Remarks	
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth  Erosion not evident Remarks	
3.	Outlet Works Functioning N/A Remarks	_
4.	Dam Functioning N/A Remarks	

H.	Retaining Walls Applicable N/A	
1.	Deformations     Location shown on site map     Deformation not evident       Horizontal displacement     Vertical displacement       Rotational displacement     Remarks	_
2.	Degradation       Location shown on site map       Degradation not evident         Remarks	
<b>I.</b> ]	rimeter Ditches/Off-Site Discharge Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation Location shown on site map Siltation not evident  Areal extent Depth  Remarks	
2.	Vegetative Growth Location shown on site map N/A   Vegetation does not impede flow Areal extent Type   Remarks Type Type	
3.	Erosion Location shown on site map Areal extent Depth Remarks	
4.	Discharge Structure Functioning N/A Remarks	
	VIII. VERTICAL BARRIER WALLS Applicable N/A	
1.	Settlement Location shown on site map Settlement not evident  Areal extent Depth  Remarks	
2.	Performance Monitoring Type of monitoring Performance not monitored Frequency Evidence of breaching Head differential Remarks	

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable N/A
A. G	roundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks
B. Su	urface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks

C.	Treatment System	Applicable	N/A			
1.	Treatment Train (Che Metals removal Air stripping Filters	Oil/water sep Carb	aration oon adsort			
	Additive ( <i>e.g.</i> , chelatic Others	on agent, flocculen	nt)			
	Good condition Sampling ports proper Sampling/maintenance Equipment properly ic Quantity of groundwa	e log displayed and lentified ter treated annually	ctional l up to da y	te		
	Quantity of surface wa Remarks					_
2.	Electrical Enclosures a N/A Goo Remarks_	d condition Need	ds Mainte	nance		
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storag N/A Goo Remarks_	d condition Prop			Needs Maintenance	<del>-</del>
4.		d condition Need	ds Mainte			<del>-</del>
5.	Chemicals and equipm	d condition (esp. r nent properly store	d	• .	Needs repair	
6.	Monitoring Wells (pur Properly secured/locked All required wells located Remarks	ed Functioning	Rout		Good condition N/A	<del>-</del> -
D.	Monitoring Data					_
1.	Monitoring Data Is routinely submitted	on time	]	s of acceptable of		
2.	Monitoring data sugges Groundwater plume is		ned (	Contaminant con	centrations are declining	

Monitored Natural Attenuation
Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
X. OTHER REMEDIES
If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.
XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
Implementation of the Remedy
Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).  The remedy is intended to restrict reuse of the site to industrial/commercial land use, prevent exposure to contaminated soil left in place, and prohibit groundwater use on a base-wide level. The remedy is effective. Land use has not changed, the cover material is intact and continues to prevent exposure to contaminated soil, and no wells have been installed at this site.
Adequacy of O&M
Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.
	No observations or issues that may cause a higher frequency of repairs or maintenance noted.
D.	Opportunities for Optimization
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy. <u>None observed</u>

Please note that "O&M" is referred to throughout this checklist. At sites where Long-Term Response Actions are in progress, O&M activities may be referred to as "system operations" since these sites are not considered to be in the O&M phase while being remediated under the Superfund program.

## **Five-Year Review Site Inspection Checklist (Template)**

(Working document for site inspection. Information may be completed by hand and attached to the Five-Year Review report as supporting documentation of site status. "N/A" refers to "not applicable.")

I. SITE INFORMATION				
<b>Site name:</b> Site 4 – Fire Fighting Training Area	<b>Date of inspection:</b> September 20, 2012			
<b>Location and Region:</b> Naval Station Great Lakes, Region V	<b>EPA ID:</b> 7170024577			
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: Navy	<b>Weather/temperature:</b> Sunny, Average Temp = 58°F			
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply)  Landfill cover/containment Monitored natural attenuation  Access controls Groundwater containment  Institutional controls Vertical barrier walls  Groundwater pump and treatment  Surface water collection and treatment  Other: The remedy includes an engineered barrier comprised of a soil and asphalt pavement cover, as well as LUCs to prohibit soil disturbance and groundwater use.  Attachments: Site photos included.				
II. INTERVIEWS	(Check all that apply)			
1. O&M site manager    Benjamin Simes   Name				
2. <b>O&amp;M staff</b> Name  Interviewed at site at office by phone Phone no Problems, suggestions; Report attached	Title Date			

office, police department, office of public	<b>Local regulatory authorities and response agencies</b> (i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.			
Agency: <i>Illinois Environmental Protection</i> Contact <u>Brian Conrath</u> Name		ger 9/20/2012 217-557-8155  Date Phone no.		
Problems; suggestions: There were no pro				
AgencyContact				
Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.		
AgencyContact				
Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.		
AgencyContact				
Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached	Title	Date Phone no.		
4. Other interviews (optional) No				
No other interviews were conducted.				

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RE	eones (Emilies (e	песк ан шат ар	P1)/
1.	O&M Documents O&M manual As-built drawings Maintenance logs Remarks	Readily available Readily available Readily available	Up to date Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A N/A
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Contingency plan/emergency response plan Remarks	Readily available	Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Remarks_	Readily available	Up to date	N/A
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit Effluent discharge Waste disposal, POTW Other permits Remarks	Readily available Readily available Readily available Readily available	Up to date	N/A N/A N/A N/A
5.	Gas Generation Records Readily Remarks_		date N/A	
			date N/A Up to date	N/A
6.	Settlement Monument Records	Readily available  Readily available		
<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>7.</li><li>8.</li></ul>	Settlement Monument Records Remarks Groundwater Monitoring Records	Readily available  Readily available	Up to date	N/A)
6. 7.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks  Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks  Leachate Extraction Records	Readily available  Readily available	Up to date Up to date	N/A N/A

		IV. O&M C	OSTS: Not reviewed	during visit
1.		tion ( ( in-house Contracto	Contractor for State Contractor for PRP	
2.		le Up to date nism/agreement in place of the control of the contro	ace	akdown attached eriod if available
	E	T.		D 11 " 1 1
	From Date	_ To 	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	From	_To	<del> </del>	Breakdown attached
	Date From	Date To	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	Date	Date	Total cost	
	From Date	_ To Date	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	From	_ To	Total cost	Breakdown attached
	Date	Date	Total cost	
3.			&M Costs During R	eview Period
	V. AC	CESS AND INSTIT	UTIONAL CONTR	OLS Applicable N/A
A. Fe	encing			
1.	Fencing damage Remarks: No fence		shown on site map	Gates secured N/A
B. Ot	ther Access Restrict	tions		
1.		security measures cess is unrestricted, a	Location shound the golf course is	wn on site map N/A open to the public.

C. Institutional Controls (ICs)					
1.	Implementation and enforcement Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced	•	Yes Yes	No No	N/A N/A
	Type of monitoring (e.g., self-reporting, drive by) Visual in Frequency Annual Responsible party/agency U.S. Department of the Navy, Gr Contact Benjamin Simes Project Manage Name Title	eat Lakes Nav	al Traii 9/20/12	ning Cen 2 415-82 Phone 1	28-9326
	Reporting is up-to-date Reports are verified by the lead agency		Yes Yes	No No	N/A N/A
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have be Violations have been reported Other problems or suggestions: Report attached Annual inspections are taking place. However, inspection ron NIRIS or other readily accessible source. Documentation results have been supplied to the IEPA and U.S. EPA, and a to address deficiencies (if applicable) should be readily available.	reports or doci in of inspection locumentation	ns, verij	fication t	hat inspection
2.	Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are in Remarks: <i>The institutional controls are adequately protective when coupled with a properly maintained cover.</i>	nadequate ve of human h	ealth ar	N/A nd the en	vironment
D. Gen	neral				
1.	Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map Remarks	No vanda	lism ev	ident	
2.	Land use changes on site N/A  Remarks				
3.	Land use changes off site N/A  Remarks				
	VI. GENERAL SITE COND	ITIONS			
A. Roa	ads Applicable N/A				
1.	Roads damaged Location shown on site map Remarks	Roads add	equate	N/A	

			OSWER No. 9355.7-03B-P
В.	Other Site Conditions		
	firefighting personnel. The site	enance area was formerly a fire train vegetation was in good condition and on of soil. Pavement was generally t	d there was no evidence of waste
	VII. LAN	NDFILL COVERS Applicable (	N/A
A.	Landfill Surface		
1.	Settlement (Low spots) Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Settlement not evident
2.	_	Location shown on site map hs Depths	Cracking not evident
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Erosion not evident
4.	Holes Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Depth	Holes not evident
5.	Vegetative Cover Graates/Shrubs (indicate size and Remarks		shed No signs of stress
6.	Alternative Cover (armored ro	ock, concrete, etc.) N/A	
7.	Bulges Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Height	Bulges not evident
8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage Wet areas Ponding Seeps Soft subgrade Remarks	Wet areas/water damage not ev Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map	ident Areal extent Areal extent Areal extent Areal extent

9.	Areal extent	Slides Location show	•	No evidence of slope instability	
В.		I mounds of earth placed ac		dfill side slope to interrupt the slop nd convey the runoff to a lined	pe
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	Location show		N/A or okay	
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	Location show		N/A or okay	
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	Location show		N/A or okay	
C.		on control mats, riprap, gre ll allow the runoff water co		ions that descend down the steep s enches to move off of the landfill	ide
1.	Areal extent	Location shown on site r Depth		evidence of settlement	
2.	Material type	Location shown on site Areal extent		evidence of degradation	
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site : Depth		vidence of erosion	

4.	Undercutting Location shown on site map No evidence of undercutting Areal extent Depth Remarks	-
5.	Obstructions Type No obstructions Location shown on site map Areal extent Size Remarks	-
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth  No evidence of excessive growth  Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow  Location shown on site map  Remarks	-
D.	Cover Penetrations Applicable N/A	
1.	Gas Vents Active Passive Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks	-
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks	-
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks	
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells         Properly secured/locked Functioning Evidence of leakage at penetration       Routinely sampled Good condition         Evidence of leakage at penetration Remarks       Needs Maintenance N/A	<del>-</del>
5.	Settlement Monuments Located Routinely surveyed N/A Remarks	-

E.	Gas Collection and Treatment Applicable N/A	
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities  Flaring Thermal destruction Collection for reuse  Good condition Needs Maintenance  Remarks	
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks	
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (e.g., gas monitoring of adjacent homes or buildings)  Good condition Needs Maintenance N/A  Remarks	
F.	Cover Drainage Layer Applicable N/A	
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Functioning N/A Remarks	
G.	<b>Detention/Sedimentation Ponds</b> Applicable N/A	
1.	Siltation Areal extent Depth N/A Siltation not evident Remarks	
2.	Erosion Areal extent Depth Erosion not evident Remarks	
3.	Outlet Works Functioning N/A Remarks	_
4.	Dam Functioning N/A Remarks	

H.	Retaining Walls	Applicable	N/A		
1.	Deformations Horizontal displacement_ Rotational displacement_ Remarks			nent	
2.	<b>Degradation</b> Remarks	Location shown		Degradation not evident	
I. I	Perimeter Ditches/Off-Site Dis	charge	Applicable	N/A	
1.	Siltation Location Areal extent Remarks	on shown on site m Depth	nap Siltation no	t evident	
2.	Vegetative Growth Vegetation does not important Areal extent Remarks	ede flow Type		N/A	
3.	Erosion Areal extentRemarks			Erosion not evident	
4.	<b>Discharge Structure</b> Remarks	Functioning	N/A		
	VIII. VEI	RTICAL BARRIE	ER WALLS	Applicable N/A	
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks			Settlement not evident	
2.	Performance Monitoring Performance not monitor Frequency_ Head differential_ Remarks	red	Evidence of	breaching	

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable N/A
A. G	roundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment  Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided  Remarks
B. Su	urface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks

C.	Treatment System	Applicable	N/A	
1.	<b>Treatment Train</b> (Chec Metals removal Air stripping Filters	Oil/water separa Carbor	ation Bioremedi adsorbers	
	Additive ( <i>e.g.</i> , chelation Others	n agent, flocculent)		
	Sampling ports properly Sampling/maintenance Equipment properly ide Quantity of groundwate	log displayed and u entified er treated annually_	ional pp to date	
	Quantity of surface wat Remarks			
2.	N/A Good Remarks	condition Needs	Maintenance	
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage N/A Good Remarks	condition Proper		nt Needs Maintenance
4.		condition Needs		
5.	Chemicals and equipme		•	Needs repair
6.	Monitoring Wells (pum Properly secured/locked All required wells locat Remarks	d Functioning	Routinely sampled	Good condition N/A
<b>D.</b>	Monitoring Data			
1.	Monitoring Data  Is routinely submitted of	on time	Is of acceptable	e quality
2.	Monitoring data suggests Groundwater plume is o		d Contaminant co	oncentrations are declining

Monitored Natural Attenuation
Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
X. OTHER REMEDIES
If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.
XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS
Implementation of the Remedy
Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).  The remedy is intended to restrict reuse of the site to industrial/commercial land use, prevent exposure to contaminated soil left in place, and prohibit groundwater use on a base-wide level. The remedy is effective. Land use has not changed, the cover material is intact and continues to prevent exposure to contaminated soil, and no wells have been installed at this site.
Adequacy of O&M
Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.
	No observations or issues that may cause a higher frequency of repairs or maintenance noted.
D.	Opportunities for Optimization
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy. <u>None observed</u>

# **2013 Site Inspection Forms**



# LUC TRACKER REPORT LAND USE CONTROL INSPECTION SHEET

COMMAND: MIDWEST

Remedial Project Manager: Van Donsel, Terese

Event: LUC 11 - Site 22 Oct 2013

Site Information

Base: GREAT\_LAKES\_NSTC

NORM Site ID: SITE 00022 Installation / Activity: SITE 00022

Type of Site: ERN

Ownership: U.S. Navy

Inspection Date: Aug 15, 2013 10:18:51 AM

Inspector:

Remedial Action Objective	LUC	Implementation
A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Groundwater use restricted; Prohibits disturbance of surface or subsurface soil, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; GROUNDWATER; SOIL_DISTURBANCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL	ANNUAL CERTIFICA
Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	NON-RESIDENTIAL	EXPOSURE BARRIER

Prohibits disturbance of surface or subsurface soil, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Groundwater use restricted; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.	GROUNDWATER; NON- RESIDENTIAL; LNDFLL_COVER_MNT	MASTER PLAN
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Previous Inspection		Comments
Were any problems or deficiencies noted during the previous Inspections?	NO	

Property Use		Comments
What is the current property use within controlled area?		Parking lot and remains government owned
Does the property use comply with the applicable LUCs?	YES	Non-residential federally owned
Has the property use changed since last inspection?	NO	
Have any changes to ownership or occupancy changes since the last inspection?	NO	
If property has transferred to a new owner, does the new deed include the LUCs?		

Institutional Controls		Comments
Do the institutional controls contain appropriate language?	YES	
Does the installation have an adequate construction review process that identifies if the site has LUCs?	YES	
Have there been any known instances of LUC breaches?	NO	

<b>Current Inspection</b>		Comments
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Have any problems or deficiencies related to the restrictions and/or controls listed in Section A been identified since the last inspection and/or during this inspection? This includes the obtaining of proper permits and approvals for well installation, digging, etc., and the proper disposal of contaminated soil, groundwater or other media?		
Has emergency digging (or other emergency waiving of LUCs) been required in restricted areas since the last inspection? If so, were the required follow-up notifications made?	NO	A sewer replacement project was performed in 2013 and all required notifications and monitoring was done.
Are there any signs of general site deterioration that may lead to a potential deficiency in the future?	YES	Standard wear has been noted which may eventually lead to deterioration of the cover. Routine maintenance should mitigate.
Is adjacent property development activity occurring that could impact the LUC?	NO	_

Conclusion	Comments
Have all problems or deficiencies identified during this inspection been corrected?	



### LUC TRACKER REPORT

LAND USE CONTROL INSPECTION SHEET

**COMMAND: MIDWEST** 

Remedial Project Manager: Van Donsel, Terese

Event: LUC 13 - Site 2 Aug 2013

Site Information

Base: GREAT\_LAKES\_NSTC

NORM Site ID: SITE 00002 Installation / Activity: SITE 00002

Type of Site: ERN

Ownership: U.S. Navy

Inspection Date: Aug 15, 2013 9:50:06 AM

Inspector: Hickey, Howard

NAVFAC MW EV

8476882600

howard.hickey@navy.mil

Remedial Action Objective	LUC	Implementation
A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Groundwater use restricted; Prohibits disturbance of surface or subsurface soil, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; GROUNDWATER; SOIL_DISTURBANCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL	ANNUAL CERTIFICA
Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	NON-RESIDENTIAL	CAPPED

Groundwater use restricted; A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Prohibits disturbance of surface or subsurface soil, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; SOIL_DISTURBANCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL	MASTER PLAN
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Previous Inspection		Comments
Were any problems or deficiencies noted during the previous Inspections?	NO	

Property Use		Comments
What is the current property use within controlled area?		Industrial, Navy property; closed landfill
Does the property use comply with the applicable LUCs?	YES	Industrial, Navy property; closed landfill
Has the property use changed since last inspection?	NO	
Have any changes to ownership or occupancy changes since the last inspection?	NO	
If property has transferred to a new owner, does the new deed include the LUCs?	NO	

Institutional Controls		Comments
Do the institutional controls contain appropriate language?	YES	
Does the installation have an adequate construction review process that identifies if the site has LUCs?	YES	
Have there been any known instances of LUC breaches?	NO	

<b>Current Inspection</b>		Comments
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Have any problems or deficiencies related to the restrictions and/or controls listed in Section A been identified since the last inspection and/or during this inspection? This includes the obtaining of proper permits and approvals for well installation, digging, etc., and the proper disposal of contaminated soil, groundwater or other media?		
Has emergency digging (or other emergency waiving of LUCs) been required in restricted areas since the last inspection? If so, were the required follow-up notifications made?	NO	
Are there any signs of general site deterioration that may lead to a potential deficiency in the future?	NO	
Is adjacent property development activity occurring that could impact the LUC?	NO	

Conclusion	Comments
Have all problems or deficiencies identified during this inspection been corrected?	

### **Site 2 Annual LUC Compliance Certificate**

Forrestal Landfill EPA I.D. No. IL7170024577 Illinois EPA No. 0971255004

Property Owner: _	Dept.	of Navy	, NAVFA	C Midwest	EV
Property Address:	Naval	Statio	n Great	Lakes	
Is evaluation for all *If evaluating only a					_ on being evaluated.
This evaluation cov	ers the pe	riod from J	uly 2012 to	July 2013.	
•					

### **Certification Checklist**

	In Compliance	Non-Compliance	See Comment
1) Parcel not being used for residential use.	X		
2) No excavation or uncontrolled removal of Site soil (unless previously approved by Illinois EPA and the Navy).	Ä		
3) No groundwater being used for human consumption or other purposes.	<b>A</b>		
4) Landfill cover in good condition; no gullies, rills, or other erosion.	ĽX.		
5) No tampering with or damage to any Navy wells or remediation systems.	X		
6) Landfill properly vegetated.	¥		
7) Presence of invasive, deep rooted species.	<b>I</b>		
8) Gas vent rotary ventilator in working order and spinning freely.	X		
9)No damage to site fence or unauthorized access to the site.	X		

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am an authorized representative of the above-named property owner and that the above-described Land Use Controls have been complied with for the period noted. Alternately, any known deficiencies and owner's completed or planned actions to address such deficiencies are described in the attached Explanation of Deficiency(ies).

HICKEY.HOWARD.M.128798	DN: c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=DoD, ou=PKI,
1070	ou=USN, cn=HICKEY.HOWARD.M.1287981070 Date: 2013.08.15 09:50:49 -05'00'
Signature	Date

Mail completed form(s) to Illinois EPA.



# LUC TRACKER REPORT

LAND USE CONTROL INSPECTION SHEET

COMMAND: MIDWEST

Remedial Project Manager: Van Donsel, Terese

Event: LUC 12 - Site 3 Aug 2013

Site Information

Base: GREAT\_LAKES\_NSTC

NORM Site ID: SITE 00003 Installation / Activity: SITE 00003

Type of Site: ERN

Ownership: U.S. Navy

Inspection Date: Aug 15, 2013 9:37:59 AM

Inspector: Hickey, Howard

NAVFAC MW EV

8476882600

howard.hickey@navy.mil

Remedial Action Objective	LUC	Implementation
Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	NON-RESIDENTIAL	EXPOSURE BARRIER
A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Groundwater use restricted; Prohibits disturbance of surface or subsurface soil, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; GROUNDWATER; SOIL_DISTURBANCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL	MASTER PLAN

	Prohibits disturbance of surface or subsurface soil, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Groundwater use restricted	SOIL_DISTURBANCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL; LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; GROUNDWATER	ANNUAL CERTIFICA	
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Previous Inspection		Comments
Were any problems or deficiencies noted during the previous Inspections?	NO	

Property Use		Comments
What is the current property use within controlled area?		Industrial - Navy owned and controlled property. Fenced landfill no other activities.
Does the property use comply with the applicable LUCs?	YES	Industrial - Navy owned and controlled property. Fenced landfill no other activities.
Has the property use changed since last inspection?	NO	
Have any changes to ownership or occupancy changes since the last inspection?	NO	
If property has transferred to a new owner, does the new deed include the LUCs?	NO	

Institutional Controls		Comments
Do the institutional controls contain appropriate language?	YES	
Does the installation have an adequate construction review process that identifies if the site has LUCs?	YES	
Have there been any known instances of LUC breaches?	NO	

<b>Current Inspection</b>		Comments
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Have any problems or deficiencies related to the restrictions and/or controls listed in Section A been identified since the last inspection and/or during this inspection? This includes the obtaining of proper permits and approvals for well installation, digging, etc., and the proper disposal of contaminated soil, groundwater or other media?		
Has emergency digging (or other emergency waiving of LUCs) been required in restricted areas since the last inspection? If so, were the required follow-up notifications made?	NO	
Are there any signs of general site deterioration that may lead to a potential deficiency in the future?	NO	
Is adjacent property development activity occurring that could impact the LUC?	NO	

Conclusion	Comments
Have all problems or deficiencies identified during this inspection been corrected?	



# LUC TRACKER REPORT LAND USE CONTROL INSPECTION SHEET

COMMAND: MIDWEST

Remedial Project Manager: Van Donsel, Terese

Event: LUC 18 - Sites 1 and 4 Aug 2013

Site Information

Base: GREAT\_LAKES\_NSTC
NORM Site ID: SITE 00001, SITE 00004
Installation / Activity: SITE 00001, SITE 00004

Type of Site: ERN

Ownership: U.S. Navy

Inspection Date: Aug 15, 2013 10:08:40 AM

Inspector: Hickey, Howard

NAVFAC MW EV

8476882600

howard.hickey@navy.mil

Remedial Action Objective	LUC	Implementation
Prohibits invasive activities within the boundaries of landfills and/or disposal areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Groundwater use restricted; A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Prohibits construction and/or operations from interfering with ongoing monitoring and/or assessment and/or remediation being conducted by or for federal, state, or local regulatory agencies, unless specifically approved by the lead regulat; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	INVASIVE_ACTIVIT; GROUNDWATER; LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; NON- INTERFERENCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL	ANNUAL CERTIFICA

Prohibits invasive activities within the boundaries of landfills and/or disposal areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.	INVASIVE_ACTIVIT; LNDFLL_COVER_MNT	EXPOSURE BARRIER
A landfill cover at the site prevents exposure to contaminated soil and reduces infiltration of groundwater. This cover will be inspected and maintained.; Prohibits construction and/or operations from interfering with ongoing monitoring and/or assessment and/or remediation being conducted by or for federal, state, or local regulatory agencies, unless specifically approved by the lead regulat; Groundwater use restricted; Prohibits residential use in certain areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.; Prohibits invasive activities within the boundaries of landfills and/or disposal areas, unless prior written approval of the Navy and lead regulatory agency is obtained.	LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; NON-INTERFERENCE; GROUNDWATER; NON-RESIDENTIAL; INVASIVE_ACTIVIT	MASTER PLAN

within the boundaries of landfills and/or disposal areas, unless prior written approval of the	INVASIVE_ACTIVIT; LNDFLL_COVER_MNT; NON- INTERFERENCE; NON- RESIDENTIAL; GROUNDWATER	LOCAL PERMIT
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Previous Inspection		Comments
Were any problems or deficiencies noted during the previous Inspections?	NO	

Property Use		Comments
What is the current property use within controlled area?		Navy Golf Course and landfill
Does the property use comply with the applicable LUCs?	YES	Area still a Golf Course
Has the property use changed since last inspection?	NO	
Have any changes to ownership or occupancy changes since the last inspection?	NO	
If property has transferred to a new owner, does the new deed include the LUCs?	NO	

Institutional Controls		Comments
Do the institutional controls contain appropriate language?	YES	
Does the installation have an adequate construction review process that identifies if the site has LUCs?	YES	

Have there been any known instances of LUC breaches?	NO	
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Current Inspection		Comments
Have any problems or deficiencies related to the restrictions and/or controls listed in Section A been identified since the last inspection and/or during this inspection? This includes the obtaining of proper permits and approvals for well installation, digging, etc., and the proper disposal of contaminated soil, groundwater or other media?	NO	
Has emergency digging (or other emergency waiving of LUCs) been required in restricted areas since the last inspection? If so, were the required follow-up notifications made?	NO	
Are there any signs of general site deterioration that may lead to a potential deficiency in the future?	NO	
Is adjacent property development activity occurring that could impact the LUC?	NO	

Conclusion	Comments
Have all problems or deficiencies identified during this inspection been corrected?	

### **LUC Compliance Certificate**

Site 1 - Golf Course Landfill and Site 4 - Fire Fighting Training Unit EPA I.D. No. IL7170024577
Illinois EPA No. 0971255004

Property Owner: Navy, NAVFAC Midwest, Environmental

Property Address: Naval Station Great Lakes

Is evaluation for all or a portion of the Sites 1 and 4 property? Yes

This evaluation covers the period from July 2012 through July 2013. Form shall be submitted within 60 days following the reporting period.

### **Certification Checklist**

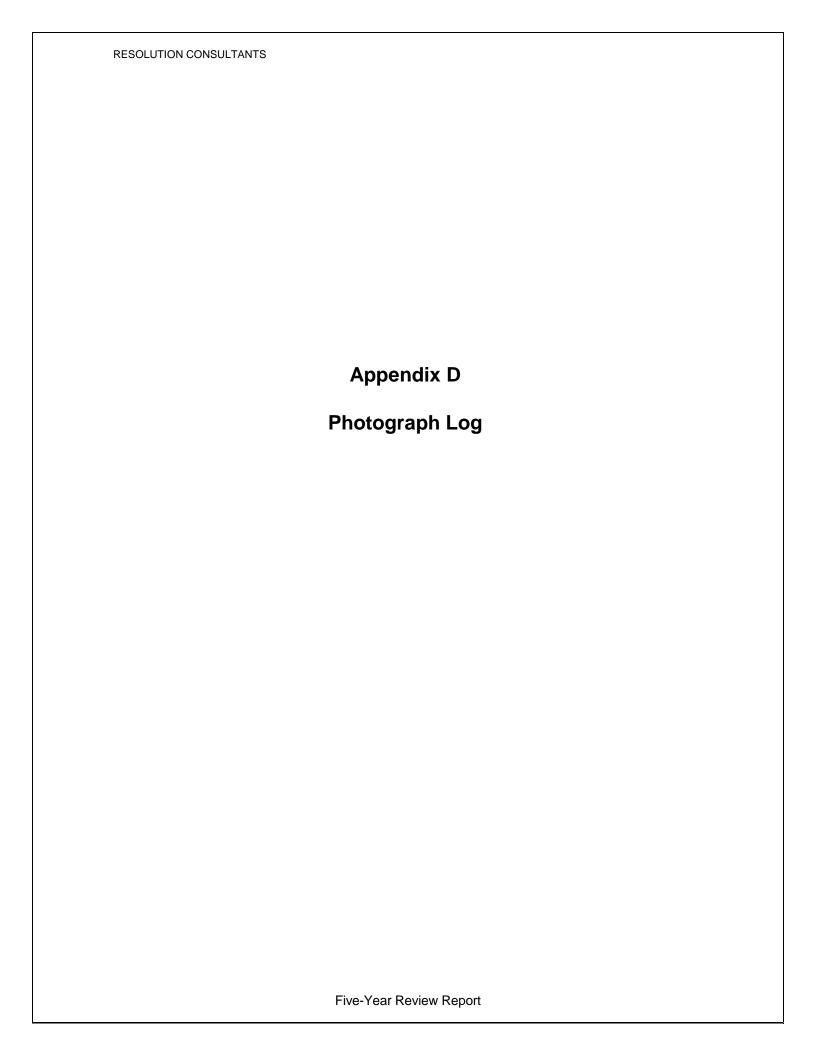
	In Compliance	Non-Compliance	See Comment
1) Parcel not being used for residential use.	$\square X$		
2) No excavation or uncontrolled removal/disturbance of Site soil greater than 18 inches in depth (unless previously approved by Illinois EPA and the Navy). No placement of fill material unless previously approved by the Navy.	₩		
3) No groundwater being used for human consumption or other purposes.	Tx.		
4) Cover in good condition; no gullies (6 inches in depth or greater), rills, or other erosion.	X		
5) No tampering with or damage to any Navy wells or remediation systems.	凶		
6) Landfill properly vegetated (no bare area greater than 100 square feet).	K		
7) Presence of invasive, deep rooted species.	X		
8) Rip rap in Skokie Ditch in good condition	Ø		
9) Grouted piping at a manhole in good condition.	X		
10) No unauthorized access to the site.			
11) Litter Control.	X		

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am an authorized representative of the above-named property owner and that the above-described Land Use Controls have been complied with for the period noted. Alternately, any known deficiencies and owner's completed or planned actions to address such deficiencies are described in the attached Explanation of Deficiency(ies).

HICKEY.HOWARD.M.1287981070	DN: c=US, o=U.S. Government, ou=DoD, ou=PKI, ou=USN, cn=HICKEY.HOWARD.M.1287981070 Date: 2013.08.15 10:01:58 -05'00'
Signature	Date

Mail completed form(s) to Illinois EPA.

<sup>\*</sup>If evaluating only a portion of the site, attach a figure identifying the portion being evaluated.





# **PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG**

**Client Name:** 

Department of the Navy

Site Location: **Naval Station Great Lakes**  **Project No.** 60274656

Photo No.

Date: 9/20/12 1

**Direction Photo** Taken:

South

Description:

Engineered barrier in LUC 11, former Bldg 105, Site 22



Photo No. 2

Date: 9/20/12

**Direction Photo** Taken:

North

### Description:

Cracks in engineered barrier near monitoring wells and abandoned ERH probe locations. LUC 11, former Bldg 105, Site 22



Photo No.

**Date:** 9/20/12

Direction Photo Taken:

South

# Description:

Landfill cover and passive vents in LUC 12, Supplyside Landfill, Site 3



Photo No.

**Date:** 9/20/12

Direction Photo Taken:

Facing down

# Description:

Area of LUC 12 Supplyside Landfill with sparse cover, estimated at over 100 ft<sup>2</sup> in area



Photo No. 5

**Date:** 9/20/12

Direction Photo Taken:

South

# Description:

Landfill cover on LUC 13, Forrestal Landfill, Site 2



Photo No.

**Date:** 9/20/12

Direction Photo Taken:

Facing down

# Description:

Bare patch on west side of LUC 13 Forrestal Landfill, estimated at over 100 ft<sup>2</sup> in area



Photo No.

**Date:** 9/20/12

Direction Photo Taken:

East

Description:

Vegetated cover and cart path in Site 1 Golf Course Landfill



Photo No.

**Date:** 9/20/12

Direction Photo Taken:

East

### Description:

Vegetated slope and maintenance area in Site 4 Fire Fighting Training Unit

